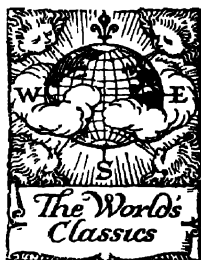


BACK TO METHUSELAH

A METABIOLOGICAL
PENTATEUCH

by

BERNARD SHAW



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PREFACE
THE INFIDEL HALF CENTURY
THE DAWN OF DARWINISM

ONE day early in the eighteen hundred and sixties, I, being then a small boy, was with my nurse, buying something in the shop of a petty newsagent, book-seller, and stationer in Camden Street, Dublin, when there entered an elderly man, weighty and solemn, who advanced to the counter, and said pompously, "Have you the works of the celebrated Buffoon?"

My own works were at that time unwritten, or it is possible that the shop assistant might have misunderstood him so far as to produce a copy of *Man and Superman*. As it was, she knew quite well what he wanted, for this was before the Education Act of 1870 had produced shop assistants who know how to read and know nothing else. The celebrated Buffoon was not a humorist, but the famous naturalist Buffon. Every literate child at that time knew Buffon's *Natural History* as well as Esop's *Fables*. And no living child had heard the name that has since obliterated Buffon's in the popular consciousness. the name of Darwin.

Ten years elapsed. The celebrated Buffoon was forgotten, I had doubled my years and my length; and I had discarded the religion of my forefathers. One day the richest and consequently most dogmatic of my uncles came into a restaurant where I was dining, and found himself, much against his will, in conversation with the most questionable of his nephews. By way of making myself agreeable, I spoke of modern thought and Darwin. He said, "Oh, that's the fellow who wants to make out that we all have tails like monkeys." I tried to explain that what Darwin had insisted on in this connection was that some

monkeys have no tails But my uncle was as impervious to what Darwin really said as any Neo-Darwinian nowadays He died impenitent, and did not mention me in his will

Twenty years elapsed If my uncle had been alive, he would have known all about Darwin, and known it all wrong In spite of the efforts of Grant Allen to set him right, he would have accepted Darwin as the discoverer of Evolution, of Heredity, and of modification of species by Selection For the pre-Darwinian age had come to be regarded as a Dark Age in which men still believed that the book of Genesis was a standard scientific treatise, and that the only additions to it were Galileo's demonstration of Leonardo da Vinci's simple remark that the earth is a moon of the sun, Newton's theory of gravitation, Sir Humphry Davy's invention of the safety-lamp, the discovery of electricity, the application of steam to industrial purposes, and the penny post It was just the same in other subjects Thus Nietzsche, by the two or three who had come across his writings, was supposed to have been the first man to whom it occurred that mere morality and legality and urbanity lead nowhere, as if Bunyan had never written *Badman* Schopenhauer was credited with inventing the distinction between the Covenant of Grace and the Covenant of Works which troubled Cromwell on his deathbed People talked as if there had been no dramatic or descriptive music before Wagner, no impressionist painting before Whistler, whilst as to myself, I was finding that the surest way to produce an effect of daring innovation and originality was to revive the ancient attraction of long rhetorical speeches, to stick closely to the methods of Molière, and to lift characters bodily out of the pages of Charles Dickens

THE ADVENT OF THE NEO-DARWINIANS

This particular sort of ignorance does not always or often matter. But in Darwin's case it did matter. If Darwin had really led the world at one bound from the book of Genesis to Heredity to Modification of Species by Selection, and to Evolution, he would have been a philosopher and a prophet as well as an eminent professional naturalist, with geology as a hobby. The delusion that he had actually achieved this feat did no harm at first, because if people's views are sound, about evolution or anything else, it does not make two straws difference whether they call the revealer of their views Tom or Dick. But later on such apparently negligible errors have awkward consequences. Darwin was given an imposing reputation as discoverer and founder of Evolution when he had really only sidetracked it by shewing that many of its developments can be accounted for by what he called Natural Selection, meaning that instead of being evolved to fulfil some vital purpose they were the aimless and promiscuous results of external material pressures and accidents leading to the survival of the fittest to survive under such circumstances. With, of course, the extinction of the unfit. Of this he gave many examples.

As the vogue of Evolution, begun by Goethe and maintained by Darwin's grandfather, faded out in 1830, neither Darwin nor his contemporaries seem to have been aware of it. The next generation accepted Natural Selection as the only method of biological development, and thereby came into conflict with the old Creative Evolutionists and with Darwin himself—a schism which obliged them to distinguish themselves as Neo-Darwinians.

Before ten more years had elapsed, the Neo-

Darwinians were dominating biological Science. It was 1906, I was fifty, I had published my own view of evolution in a play called *Man and Superman*, and I found that most people were unable to understand how I could be an Evolutionist and not a Neo-Darwinian, or why I derided Neo-Darwinism as a mischievous heresy, and would fall on its professors slaughterously in public discussions. It was in the hope of making me clear the matter up that the Fabian Society, which was then organizing a series of lectures on Prophets of the Nineteenth Century, asked me to deliver a lecture on the prophet Darwin. I did so, and scraps of that lecture, which was never published, variegated these pages.

POLITICAL INADEQUACY OF THE HUMAN ANIMAL

Ten more years elapsed. Neo-Darwinism in politics had produced a European catastrophe of a magnitude so appalling, and a scope so unpredictable, that as I write these lines in 1920, it is still far from certain whether our civilization will survive it. The circumstances of this catastrophe, the boyish cinema-fed romanticism which made it possible to impose it on the people as a crusade, and especially the ignorance and errors of the victors of Western Europe when its violent phase had passed and the time for reconstruction arrived, confirmed a doubt which had grown steadily in my mind during my forty years public work as a Socialist—namely, whether the human animal, as he exists at present, is capable of solving the social problems raised by his own aggregation, or, as he calls it, his civilization.

COWARDICE OF THE IRRELIGIOUS

Another observation I had made was that good-natured unambitious men are cowards when they have no religion. They are dominated and exploited not only by greedy and often half-witted and half-alive weaklings who will do anything for cigars, champagne, motor cars, and the more childish and selfish uses of money, but by able and sound administrators who can do nothing else with them than dominate and exploit them. Government and exploitation become synonymous under such circumstances, and the world is finally ruled by the childish, the brigands, and the blackguards. Those who refuse to stand in with them are persecuted and occasionally executed when they give any trouble to the exploiters. They fall into poverty when they lack lucrative specific talents. At the present moment one half of Europe, having knocked the other half down, is trying to kick it to death, and may succeed. a procedure which is, logically, sound Neo-Darwinism. And the good-natured majority are looking on in helpless horror, or allowing themselves to be persuaded by the newspapers of their exploiters that the kicking is not only a sound commercial investment, but an act of divine justice of which they are the ardent instruments.

But if Man is really incapable of organizing a big civilization, and cannot organize even a village or a tribe any too well, what is the use of giving him a religion? A religion may make him hunger and thirst for righteousness, but will it endow him with the practical capacity to satisfy that appetite? Good intentions do not carry with them a grain of political science, which is a very complicated one, quite beyond the normal parliament man to whom political science is as remote and distasteful as the differential

calculus, and to whom such an elementary but vital point as the law of economic rent is a *pons asinorum* never to be approached, much less crossed. As to the common voter, he is mostly so hard at work all day earning a living that he cannot keep awake for five minutes over a book.

IS THERE ANY HOPE IN EDUCATION ?

The usual answer is that we must educate our masters—that is, ourselves. We must teach citizenship and political science at school. But must we ? There is no must about it, the hard fact being that we must *not* teach political science or citizenship at school. The schoolmaster who attempted it would soon find himself penniless in the streets without pupils, if not in the dock pleading to a pompously worded indictment for sedition against the exploiters. Our schools teach the morality of feudalism corrupted by commercialism, and hold up the military conqueror, the robber baron, and the profiteer, as models of the illustrious and the successful. In vain do the prophets who see through this imposture preach and teach a better gospel—the individuals whom they convert are doomed to pass away in a few years, and the new generations are dragged back in the schools to the morality of the fifteenth century, and think themselves Liberal when they are defending the ideas of Henry VII, and gentlemanly when they are opposing to them the ideas of Richard III. Thus the educated man is a greater nuisance than the uneducated one. Indeed it is the inefficiency and sham of the educational side of our schools (to which, except under compulsion, children would not be sent by their parents at all if they did not act as prisons in which the immature are kept from worrying the mature) that save us from

being dashed on the rocks of false doctrine instead of drifting down the midstream of mere ignorance. There is no way out through our present public schools.

HOMEOPATHIC EDUCATION

Our education, however, is not all false. It must teach mathematics and grammar honestly, and this involves a training in logic. Why does not such training provoke our scholars to detect falsehood? The answer is that it sometimes does. Voltaire was a pupil of the Jesuits, Samuel Butler was a public schoolboy who had had his Latin grammar beaten into him by his father, a hopelessly conventional and erroneous country parson. But then Voltaire was Voltaire, and Butler was Butler: that is, their minds were so abnormally strong that they could throw off the doses of poison that paralyze ordinary minds. When the doctors inoculate you and the homeopaths drug you, they give you an infinitesimally attenuated dose. If they gave you the virus at full strength it would overcome your resistance and produce its direct effect. The doses of false doctrine given at public schools and universities are so big that they overwhelm the resistance that a tiny dose would provoke. The normal student is corrupted beyond redemption, and will drive the genius who resists out of the country if he can. Byron and Shelley had to fly to Italy, whilst Castlereagh and Eldon ruled the roost at home. Rousseau was hunted from frontier to frontier, Karl Marx starved in exile in a Soho lodging, Ruskin's articles were refused by the magazines (he was too rich to be otherwise persecuted), whilst mindless forgotten nonentities governed the land, sent men to the prison or the gallows for blasphemy and sedition (meaning the truth about Church and

State) , and sedulously stored up the social disease and corruption which explode from time to time in mechanized world wars that have neither the romance of chivalry nor the solid gains of conquest

Homeopathic education has not yet been officially tried, and would obviously be a delicate matter if it were. A body of schoolmasters inciting their pupils to infinitesimal peccadilloes with the object of provoking them to exclaim "Get thee behind me, Satan," or telling them white lies about history for the sake of being contradicted, insulted, and refuted, would certainly do less harm than our present educational allopaths do, but then nobody will advocate homeopathic education. Allopathy has produced the poisonous illusion that it enlightens instead of darkening. The suggestion may, however, explain why, whilst most people's minds succumb to inculcation and environment, a few react vigorously: honest and decent people coming from thievish slums, and sceptics and realists from country parsonages.

THE DIABOLICAL EFFICIENCY OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

But meanwhile—and here comes the horror of it—our technical instruction is honest and efficient. The public schoolboy who is carefully blinded, duped, and corrupted as to the nature of a society based on profiteering, and is taught to honor parasitic idleness and luxury, learns to shoot and ride and keep fit with all the assistance and guidance that can be procured for him by the most anxiously sincere desire that he may do these things well, and if possible superlatively well. In the army he learns to fly, to drop bombs, to use machine-guns to the utmost of his capacity. The discovery of high explosives is rewarded and

dignified instruction in the manufacture of the weapons, battleships, submarines, and land batteries by which they are applied destructively, is quite genuine the instructors know their business, and really mean the learners to succeed. The result is that powers of destruction that could hardly without uneasiness be entrusted to infinite wisdom and infinite benevolence are placed in the hands of romantic schoolboy patriots who, however generous by nature, are by education ignoramuses, dupes, snobs, and sportsmen to whom fighting is a religion and killing an accomplishment, whilst political power is left to militarist imperialists in chronic terror of invasion and subjugation, pompous tufthunting fools, commercial adventurers to whom the organization by the nation of its own industrial services would mean checkmate, financial parasites on the money market, stupid people who cling to the *status quo* merely because they are used to it, rich party Yesmen to whom the House of Commons is only a fashionable club, and Anarchist Bohemians and freebooters who want liberties without duties. Place and power are obtainable by heredity, by simple purchase, by keeping newspapers and pretending that they are organs of public opinion, by the wiles of seductive women, and by prostituting ambitious talent to the service of the profiteers, who call the tune because, having secured all the spare plunder, they alone can afford to pay the piper.

Under such circumstances neither the rulers nor the ruled can understand high politics. They do not even know that there is such a branch of knowledge as political science, but between them they can coerce and enslave with the deadliest efficiency, even to the wiping out of civilization, because their education as slayers has been honestly and thoroughly

carried out The commonplace sound people submit, and compel the rest to submit, because they have been taught to do so as an article of religion and a point of honor Those in whom natural enlightenment has reacted against artificial education submit because they are compelled , but they would resist, and finally resist effectively, if they were not cowards And they are cowards because they have neither an officially accredited and established religion nor a generally recognized point of honor, and are all at sixes and sevens with their various private speculations, sending their children perforce to the schools where they will be corrupted for want of any other schools The rulers are equally intimidated by the immense extension and cheapening of the means of slaughter and destruction The old British caution which maintained a balance of Power through command of the sea is intensified into a terror that sees security in nothing short of absolute military mastery of the entire globe that is, in an impossibility that will yet seem possible in detail to soldiers and to parochial and insular patriotic civilians

FLIMSINESS OF CIVILIZATION

This situation has occurred so often before, always with the same result of a collapse of civilization (Professor Flinders Petrie has let out the secret of previous collapses), that the rich are instinctively crying "Let us eat and drink , for tomorrow we die," and the poor, "How long, O Lord, how long ? " But the pitiless reply still is that God helps those who help themselves This does not mean that if Man cannot find the remedy no remedy will be found The power that produced Man when the monkey was not up to the mark, can produce a higher creature

than Man if Man does not come up to the mark. We must beware, for Man is not yet an ideal creature. At his present best many of his ways are so unpleasant that they are unmentionable in polite society, and so painful that he is compelled to pretend that pain is often a good. Nature, also called Providence, holds no brief for the human experiment: it must stand or fall by its results. If Man will not serve, Nature will try another experiment.

What hope is there then of human improvement? According to the Neo-Darwinists, to the Mechanists, no hope whatever, because improvement can come only through some senseless accident which must, on the statistical average of accidents, be presently wiped out by some other equally senseless accident.

CREATIVE EVOLUTION

But this dismal creed does not discourage those who believe that the impulse that produces evolution is creative. They have observed the simple fact that the will to do anything can and does, at a certain pitch of intensity set up by conviction of its necessity, create and organize new tissue to do it with. To them therefore mankind is by no means played out yet. If the weight lifter, under the trivial stimulus of an athletic competition, can "put up a muscle," it seems reasonable to believe that an equally earnest and convinced philosopher could "put up a brain." Both are directions of vitality to a certain end. Evolution shews us this direction of vitality doing all sorts of things: providing the centipede with a hundred legs, and ridding the fish of any legs at all, building lungs and arms for the land and gills and fins for the sea, enabling the mammal to gestate its young inside its body, and the fowl to incubate hers

outside it , offering us, we may say, our choice of any sort of bodily contrivance to maintain our activity and increase our resources

VOIUNTARY LONGEVITY

Among other matters apparently changeable at will is the duration of individual life Weismann, a very clever and suggestive biologist who was unhappily stultified by Neo-Darwinism, pointed out that as certain living organisms, though they multiply by splitting into living halves, never die, death is neither natural nor inevitable

Besides, life varies widely in duration Nobody can explain why a parrot should live ten times as long as a dog, and a turtle centuries longer than a wasp Even within the same species we find Man's average lifetime varying from generation to generation and from individual to individual Luigi Cornaro lived sixty years longer than Raphael or Mozart Even our oldest men do not live long enough they are, for all the purposes of high civilization, mere children when they die , and our Prime Ministers, though rated as mature, divide their time between the golf course and the Treasury Bench in parliament

Conceivably, however, the same power that has taken us thus far can take us farther If Man now fixes the term of his life at three score and ten years he can fix it at three hundred or three thousand, or even until a sooner-or-later-inevitable accident makes an end Surely our ruinous world-wars should convince him of the necessity for at least outliving his taste for golf and cigars if the race is to be saved

This is not fantastic speculation it is deductive biology, if there is such a science as biology.

Here, then, is an alternative to the scrapping of our species as a political failure, and its replacement by a new experiment in creative evolution. And so, to make the suggestion more entertaining than it would be to most people in the form of a biological treatise, I have written *Back to Methuselah* as a contribution to the modern Bible.

Many people, however, can read treatises and cannot read Bibles. Darwin could not read Shakespeare. Some who can read both, like to learn the history of their ideas. Some are so entangled in the current confusion of Creative Evolution with Circumstantial Selection by their historical ignorance that they are puzzled by any distinction between the two. For all their sakes I must give here a little history of the conflict between the view of Evolution taken by the Darwinians (though not altogether by Darwin himself) and called Natural Selection, and that which is emerging, under the title of Creative Evolution, as the genuinely scientific religion for which all wise men are now anxiously looking.

THE EARLY EVOLUTIONISTS

Empedocles, in the fifth century B.C., was an Evolutionist, and there is no reason to assume that he was the first. Our contemporary Joseph Needham will certainly not be the last. Erasmus Darwin, the grandfather of Charles, wrote, as his declaration of faith, "The world has been evolved, not created: it has arisen little by little from a small beginning, and has increased through the activity of the elemental forces embodied in itself and so has rather grown than come into being at an almighty word. What a sublime idea of the infinite might of the great Architect, the Cause of all causes, the Father of all fathers, the

Ens Entium ' For if we would compare the Infinite, it would surely require a greater Infinite to cause the causes of effects than to produce the effects themselves " In this, published in the year 1794, you have nineteenth-century Evolution precisely defined And Erasmus Darwin was by no means its only apostle It was in the air then A German biologist named Treviranus, whose book was published in 1802, wrote, " In every living being there exists a capacity for endless diversity of form Each possesses the power of adapting its organization to the variations of the external world , and it is this power, called into activity by cosmic changes, which has enabled the simple zoophytes of the primitive world to climb to higher and higher stages of organization, and has brought endless variety into nature " There you have your evolution of Man from the amœba all complete whilst Nelson was still alive on the seas And in 1809, before the battle of Waterloo, a French soldier named Lamarck, who had beaten his musket into a microscope and turned zoologist, declared that species were an illusion produced by the shortness of our individual lives, and that they were constantly changing and melting into one another and into new forms as surely as the hand of a clock is continually moving, though it moves so slowly that it looks stationary to us We have since come to think that its industry is less continuous that the clock stops for a long time, and then is suddenly " put on " by a mysterious finger But never mind that just at present.

THE ADVENT OF THE NEO-LAMARCKIANS

I call special attention to Lamarck, who, whilst making many ingenious suggestions as to the reaction of external causes on life and habit, such as changes

of climate, food supply, geological upheavals and so forth, really held as his fundamental proposition that living organisms change because they want to. If you have no eyes, and want to see, and keep trying to see, you will finally get eyes. If, like a mole or a subterranean fish, you have eyes and don't want to see, you will lose your eyes. If you like eating the tender tops of trees enough to make you concentrate all your energies on the stretching of your neck, you will finally get a long neck, like the giraffe. This seems absurd to inconsiderate people at the first blush ; but it is within the personal experience of all of us that it is just by this process that a child tumbling about on the floor becomes an adult walking erect , and that a man sprawling on the road with a bruised chin, or supine on the ice with a bashed occiput, becomes a bicyclist and a skater. The process is not continuous, as it would be if mere practice had anything to do with it , for though you may improve at each bicycling lesson *during* the lesson, when you begin your next lesson you do not begin at the point at which you left off you relapse apparently to the beginning. Finally, you succeed quite suddenly, and never relapse again. More miraculous still, you at once exercise the new power unconsciously. Although you are adapting your front wheel to your balance so elaborately and actively that the accidental locking of your handle bars for a second will throw you off , though five minutes before you could not do it at all, yet now you do it as unconsciously as you grow your finger nails. You have a new faculty, and must have created some new bodily tissue as its organ. And you have done it solely by willing. For here there can be no question of Circumstantial Selection, or of the survival of the fittest. The man who is learning how to ride a bicycle

has no advantage over the non-cyclist in the struggle for existence quite the contrary. He has acquired a new habit, an automatic unconscious habit, solely because he wanted to, and kept trying until it was added unto him

HOW ACQUIREMENTS ARE INHERITED

But when your son tries to skate or bicycle in his turn, he does not pick up the accomplishment where you left it, any more than he is born six feet high with a beard and a tall hat. The set-back that occurred between your lessons occurs again. The race learns exactly as the individual learns. Your son relapses, not to the very beginning, but to a point which no mortal method of measurement can distinguish from the beginning. Now this is odd, for certain other habits of yours, equally acquired (to the Evolutionist, of course, all habits are acquired), equally unconscious, equally automatic, are transmitted without any perceptible relapse. For instance, the very first act of your son when he enters the world as a separate individual is to yell with indignation that yell which Shakespear thought the most tragic and pitcous of all sounds. In the act of yelling he begins to breathe another habit, and not even a necessary one, as the object of breathing can be achieved in other ways, as by deep sea fishes. He circulates his blood by pumping it with his heart. He demands a meal, and proceeds at once to perform the most elaborate chemical operations on the food he swallows. He manufactures teeth, discards them, and replaces them with fresh ones. Compared to these habitual feats, walking, standing upright, and bicycling are the merest trifles, yet it is only by going through the wanting, trying process that he

can stand, walk, or cycle, whereas in the other and far more difficult and complex habits he not only does not consciously want nor consciously try, but actually consciously objects very strongly. Take that early habit of cutting the teeth: would he do that if he could help it? Take that later habit of decaying and eliminating himself by death—equally an acquired habit, remember—how his consciousness abhors it! Yet it has become so automatic that he does it in spite of himself, even to his own destruction.

We have here a routine which, given time enough for it to operate, will finally produce the most elaborate forms of organized life on Lamarckian lines without the intervention of Circumstantial Selection at all. If you can turn a pedestrian into a cyclist, and a cyclist into a pianist or violinist, without the intervention of Circumstantial Selection, you can turn an amoeba into a man, or a man into a superman, without it. All of which is rank heresy to the Neo-Darwinian, who imagines that if you stop Circumstantial Selection, you not only stop development but inaugurate a rapid and disastrous degeneration.

Let us fix the Lamarckian evolutionary process well in our minds. You are alive, and you want to be more alive. You want an extension of consciousness and of power. You want, consequently, additional organs, or additional uses of your existing organs—that is, additional habits. You get them because you want them badly enough to keep trying for them until they come. Nobody knows how—nobody knows why—all we know is that the thing actually takes place. We relapse miserably from effort to effort until the old organ is modified or the new one created, when suddenly the impossible becomes possible and the habit is formed. The moment we form it we want to get rid of the consciousness of it so as to economize

our consciousness for fresh conquests of life, for all consciousness means preoccupation and obstruction. If we had to think about breathing or digesting or circulating our blood we should have no attention to spare for anything else, as we find to our cost when anything goes wrong with these operations. We want to be unconscious of them just as we wanted to acquire them, and we finally win what we want. But we win unconsciousness of our habits at the cost of losing our control of them, and we also build one habit and its corresponding functional modification of our organs on another, and so become dependent on our old habits. Consequently we have to persist in them even when they hurt us. We cannot stop breathing to avoid an attack of asthma, nor to escape drowning. We can lose a habit and discard an organ when we no longer need them, just as we acquired them, but this process is slow and broken by relapses, and relics of the organ and the habit long survive their utility. And if other and still indispensable habits and modifications have been built on the ones we wish to discard, we must provide a new foundation for them before we demolish the old ones. This is also a slow process and a very curious one.

THE MIRACLE OF CONDENSED RECAPITULATION

The relapses between the efforts to acquire a habit are important because, as we have seen, they recur not only from effort to effort in the case of the individual, but from generation to generation in the case of the race. This relapsing from generation to generation is an invariable characteristic of the evolutionary process. For instance, Raphael, though descended from eight uninterrupted generations of painters, had to learn to paint apparently as if no

Sanzio had ever handled a brush before. But he had also to learn to breathe, and digest, and circulate his blood. Although his father and mother were fully grown adults when he was conceived, he was not conceived or even born fully grown. He had to go back and begin as a speck of protoplasm, and to struggle through an embryonic lifetime, during part of which he was indistinguishable from an embryonic dog, and had neither a skull nor a backbone. When he at last acquired these articles, he was for some time doubtful whether he was a bird or a fish. He had to compress untold centuries of development into nine months before he was human enough to break loose as an independent being. And even then he was still so incomplete that his parents might well have exclaimed "Good Heavens! have you learnt nothing from our experience that you come into the world in this ridiculously elementary state?" Why can't you talk and walk and paint and behave decently?" To that question Baby Raphael had no answer. All he could have said was that this is how evolution or transformation happens. The time may come when the same force that compressed the development of millions of years into nine months may pack many more millions into even a shorter space, so that Raphaels may be born painters as they are now born breathers and blood circulators. But they will still begin as specks of protoplasm, and acquire the faculty of painting in their mother's womb at quite a late stage of their embryonic life. They must recapitulate the history of mankind in their own persons, however briefly they may condense it.

Nothing was so astonishing and significant in the discoveries of the embryologists, nor anything so absurdly little appreciated, as this recapitulation, as it is now called. This power of hurrying up into

months a process which was once so long and tedious that the mere contemplation of it is unendurable by men whose span of life is three-score-and-ten. It widened human possibilities to the extent of enabling us to hope that the most prolonged and difficult operations of our minds may yet become instantaneous, or, as we call it, instinctive. It also directed our attention to examples of this packing up of centuries into seconds which were staring us in the face in all directions. As I write these lines the newspapers are occupied by the exploits of a child of eight, who has just defeated twenty adult chess players in twenty games played simultaneously, and has been able afterwards to reconstruct all the twenty games without any apparent effort of memory. Most people, including myself, play chess (when they play it at all) from hand to mouth, and can hardly recall the last move but one, or foresee the next but two. Also, when I have to make an arithmetical calculation, I have to do it step by step with pencil and paper, slowly, reluctantly, and with so little confidence in the result that I dare not act on it without "proving" the sum by a further calculation involving more ciphering. But there are men who can neither read, write, nor cipher, to whom the answer to such sums as I can do is instantly obvious without any conscious calculation at all, and the result is infallible. Yet some of these natural arithmeticians have but a small vocabulary, are at a loss when they have to find words for any but the simplest everyday occasions; and cannot for the life of them describe mechanical operations which they perform daily in the course of their trade, whereas to me the whole vocabulary of English literature, from Shakespear to the latest edition of the Encyclopædia Britannica, is so completely and instantaneously at my call that I have

never had to consult even a thesaurus except once or twice when for some reason I wanted a third or fourth synonym. Again, though I have tried and failed to draw recognizable portraits of persons I have seen every day for years, Sir Bernard Partridge, having seen a man once, will, without more strain than is involved in eating a sandwich, draw him to the life. The keyboard of a piano is a device I have never been able to master, yet Mr Cyril Scott uses it as easily as I use a knife and fork, and to Sir Edward Elgar an orchestral score was as instantaneously intelligible at sight as a page of Shakespear is to me. One man cannot, after trying for years, finger the flute fluently. Another will take up a flute with a newly invented arrangement of keys on it, and play it at once with hardly a mistake. We find people to whom writing is so difficult that they prefer to sign their name with a mark, and beside them men who master systems of shorthand and improvise new systems of their own as easily as they learnt the alphabet. These contrasts are to be seen on all hands, and have nothing to do with variations in general intelligence, nor even in the specialized intelligence proper to the faculty in question. For example, no composer or dramatic poet has ever pretended to be able to perform all the parts he writes for the singers, actors, and players who are his executants. One might as well expect Napoleon to be a fencer, or the Astronomer Royal to know how many beans make five any better than his bookkeeper. Even exceptional command of language does not imply the possession of ideas to express. Mezzofanti, the master of fifty-eight languages, had less to say in them than Shakespear with his little Latin and less Greek; and public life is the paradise of voluble windbags.

All these are cases in which a long, laborious, con-

scious, detailed process of acquirement has been condensed into an instinctive and unconscious inborn one. Factors which formerly had to be considered one by one in succession are integrated into what seems a single simple factor. Chains of hardly soluble problems have coalesced in one problem which solves itself the moment it is raised. What is more, they have been pushed back (or forward, if you like) from post-natal to pre-natal ones. The child in the womb may take some time over them, but it is a miraculously shortened time.

The time phenomena involved are curious, and suggest that we are either wrong about our history or else that we enormously exaggerate the periods required for the pre-natal acquirement of habits. In the nineteenth century we talked very glibly about geological periods, and flung millions of years about in the most lordly manner in our reaction against Archbishop Ussher's chronology. We had a craze for big figures, and positively liked to believe that the progress made by the child in the womb in a month was represented in prehistoric time by ages and ages. We insisted that Evolution advanced more slowly than any snail ever crawled, and that Nature does not proceed by leaps and bounds. This was all very well as long as we were dealing with such acquired habits as breathing or digestion. It was possible to believe that dozens of epochs had gone to the slow building up of these habits. But when we have to consider the case of a man born not only as an accomplished metabolist, but with such aptitudes that he is a stenographer or pianist at least five sixths ready-made as soon as he can control his hands intelligently, or a playwright, painter, sculptor, poet or philosopher while still adolescent, we are forced to suspect that acquirements can be assimilated and

stored as congenital qualifications in a shorter time than we think , so that, as between Lyell and Archbishop Ussher, the laugh may not be with Lyell quite so uproariously as it seemed fifty years ago

HEREDITY AN OLD STORY

It is evident that the evolutionary process is a hereditary one, or, to put it less drily, that human life is continuous and immortal. The Evolutionists took heredity for granted. So did everybody. The human mind has been soaked in heredity as long back as we can trace its thought. Hereditary peers, hereditary monarchs, hereditary castes and trades and classes were the best known of social institutions, and in some cases of public nuisances. Pedigree men counted pedigree dogs and pedigree horses among their most cherished possessions. Far from being unconscious of heredity, or sceptical, men were insanely credulous about it. They not only believed in the transmission of qualities and habits from generation to generation, but expected the son to begin mentally where the father left off.

This belief in heredity led naturally to the practice of Intentional Selection. Good blood and breeding were eagerly sought after in human marriage. In dealing with plants and animals, selection with a view to the production of new varieties and the improvement and modification of species has been practised ever since men began to cultivate them. My pre-Darwinian uncle knew as well as Darwin that the race-horse and the dray-horse are not separate creations from the Garden of Eden, but adaptations by deliberate human selection of the medieval war-horse to modern racing and industrial haulage. He knew that there are nearly two hundred different

sorts of dogs, all capable of breeding with one another and of producing cross varieties unknown to Adam. He knew that the same thing is true of pigeons. He knew that gardeners had spent their lives trying to breed black tulips and green carnations and unheard-of orchids, and had actually produced flowers just as strange to Eve. His quarrel with the Evolutionists was not a quarrel with the evidence for Evolution. He had accepted enough of it to prove Evolution ten times over before he ever heard of it. What he repudiated was cousinship with the ape, and the implied suspicion of a rudimentary tail, because it was offensive to his sense of his own dignity, and because he thought that apes were ridiculous, and tails diabolical when associated with the erect posture. Also he believed that Evolution was a heresy which involved the destruction of Christianity, of which, as a member of the Protestant Episcopal Irish Church, he conceived himself a pillar. But this was only his ignorance, for a man may deny his descent from an ape and be eligible as a churchwarden without being any the less a convinced Evolutionist.

DISCOVERY ANTICIPATED BY DIVINATION

What is more, the religious folk can claim to be among the pioneers of Evolutionism. Weismann, Neo-Darwinist though he was, devoted a long passage in his *History of Evolution* to the *Nature Philosophy of Lorenz Oken*, published in 1809. Oken defined natural science as "the science of the everlasting transmutations of the Holy Ghost in the world." His religion had started him on the right track, and not only led him to think out a whole scheme of Evolution in abstract terms, but guided his aim in a significantly good scientific shot which

brought him within the scope of Weismann. He not only defined the original substance from which all forms of life have developed as protoplasm, or, as he called it, primitive slime (*Urschleim*), but actually declared that this slime took the form of vesicles out of which the universe was built. Here was the modern cell morphology guessed by a religious thinker long before the microscope and the scalpel forced it on the vision of mere laboratory workers who could not think and had no religion. Lorenz Oken *thought* very hard to find out what was happening to the Holy Ghost, and thereby made a contribution of extraordinary biological importance. The man who was scientific enough to see that the Holy Ghost is a scientific fact got easily in front of the laboratory researchers who sinned against it.

The metaphysical side of Evolution was thus no novelty when Darwin arrived. Had Oken never lived, there would still have been millions of persons trained from their childhood to believe that we are continually urged upwards by a force called the Will of God. In 1819 Schopenhauer published his treatise on *The World as Will*, which is the metaphysical complement to Lamarck's natural history, as it demonstrates that the driving force behind Evolution is a will-to-live, and to live, as Christ said long before, more abundantly. And the earlier philosophers, from Plato to Leibniz, had kept the human mind open for the thought of the universe as one idea behind all its physically apprehensible transformations.

CORRECTED DAILS FOR THE DISCOVERY OF EVOLUTION

All this, remember, is the state of things in the pre-Darwin period, which so many of us still think of

as a pre-evolutionary period. Evolutionism was the rage before Queen Victoria came to the throne. To fix this chronology, let me repeat the story told by Weismann of the July revolution in Paris in 1830, when the French got rid of Charles the Tenth. Goethe was then still living, and a French friend of his called on him and found him wildly excited. "What do you think of the great event?" said Goethe. "The volcano is in eruption, and all is in flames. There can no longer be discussion with closed doors." The Frenchman replied that no doubt it was a terrible business, but what could they expect with such a ministry and such a king? "Stuff!" said Goethe. "I am not thinking of these people at all, but of the open rupture in the French Academy between Cuvier and St Hilaire. It is of the utmost importance to science." The rupture Goethe meant was about Evolution, Cuvier contending that there were four species, and St Hilaire that there was only one.

From 1830 to 1859, when Darwin published his *Origin of Species*, there was a slump in Evolutionism. Nobody who knew the theory was adding anything to it. This slump not only heightened the general impression of entire novelty when Darwin brought the subject to the front again but prevented him from realizing how much had been done before, even by his own grandfather, to whom he was accused of being unjust. His insistence on the godless part played in organic development by circumstances delighted the sceptical intelligentsia. Nowadays, when we are turning in weary disgust and disillusion from Neo-Darwinism and Mechanism to Vitalism and Creative Evolution, it is difficult to credit this. Let me therefore try to bring back something of the atmosphere of that time by describing a scene, very

characteristic of its superstitions, in which I took what was then considered an unspeakably shocking part

DEFYING THE LIGHTNING A FRUSTRATED EXPERIMENT

One evening in 1878 or thereabouts, I, being then in my earliest twenties, was at a bachelor party of young men of the professional class in the house of a rising young London physician. We fell to talking about religious revivals, and an anecdote was related of an "infidel" who, having incautiously scoffed at the mission of Messrs Moody and Sankey, a then famous firm of American evangelists, was subsequently carried home on a shutter, slain by divine vengeance as a blasphemer. A timid minority, without quite venturing to question the truth of the incident—for they naturally did not care to run the risk of going home on shutters themselves—nevertheless shewed a certain disposition to cavil at those who exulted in it, and something approaching to an argument began. At last it was alleged by the most evangelical of the disputants that Charles Bradlaugh, the most formidable atheist on the Secularist platform, had taken out his watch publicly and challenged the Almighty to strike him dead in five minutes if he really existed and disapproved of atheism. The leader of the cavillers, with great heat, repudiated this as a gross calumny, declaring that Bradlaugh had repeatedly and indignantly contradicted it, and implying that the atheist champion was far too pious a man to commit such a blasphemy. This exquisite confusion of ideas roused my sense of comedy. It was clear to me that the challenge attributed to Charles Bradlaugh was a scientific experiment of a quite

simple, straightforward, and proper kind to ascertain whether the expression of atheistic opinions really did involve any personal risk. It was certainly the method taught in the Bible, Elijah having confuted the prophets of Baal in precisely that way, with every circumstance of bitter mockery of their god when he failed to send down fire from heaven. Accordingly I said that if the question at issue were whether the penalty of questioning the theology of Messrs Moody and Sankey was to be struck dead on the spot by an incensed deity, nothing could effect a more convincing settlement of it than the very obvious experiment attributed to Mr Bradlaugh, and that consequently if he had not tried it, he ought to have tried it. The omission, I added, was one which could easily be remedied there and then, as I happened to share Mr Bradlaugh's views as to the absurdity of the belief in these violent interferences with the order of nature by a short-tempered and thin-skinned supernatural deity. Therefore—and at that point I took out my watch

The effect was electrical. Neither sceptics nor devotees were prepared to abide the result of the experiment. In vain did I urge the pious to trust in the accuracy of their deity's aim with a thunderbolt, and the justice of his discrimination between the innocent and the guilty. In vain did I appeal to the sceptics to accept the logical outcome of their scepticism. It soon appeared that when thunderbolts were in question there were no sceptics. Our host, seeing that his guests would vanish precipitately if the impious challenge were uttered, leaving him alone with a solitary infidel under sentence of extermination in five minutes, interposed and forbade the experiment, pleading at the same time for a change of subject. I of course complied, but could not refrain

from remarking that though the dreadful words had not been uttered, yet, as the thought had been formulated in my mind, it was very doubtful whether the consequences could be averted by sealing my lips. However, the rest appeared to feel that the game would be played according to the rules, and that it mattered very little what I thought so long as I said nothing. Only the leader of the evangelical party, I thought, was a little preoccupied until five minutes had elapsed and the weather was still calm.

IN QUEST OF THE FIRST CAUSE

Another reminiscence. In those days we thought in terms of time and space, of cause and effect, as we still do, but we do not now demand from a religion that it shall explain the universe completely in terms of cause and effect, and present the world to us as a manufactured article and as the private property of its Manufacturer. We did then. We were invited to pity the delusion of certain heathens who held that the world is supported by an elephant who is supported by a tortoise. Mahomet decided that the mountains are great weights to keep the world from being blown away into space. But we refuted these orientals by asking triumphantly what the tortoise stands on? Freethinkers asked which came first—the owl or the egg. Nobody thought of saying that the ultimate problem of existence, being clearly insoluble and even unthinkable on causation lines, could not be a causation problem. To pious people this would have been flat atheism, because they assumed that God must be a Cause, and sometimes called him The Great First Cause. To the Rationalists it would have been a renunciation of reason. Here and there a man would confess that

he stood as with a dim lantern in a dense fog, and could see but a little way in any direction into infinity. But he did not really believe that infinity was infinite or that the eternal was also sempiternal. he assumed that all things, known and unknown, were caused

Hence it was that I found myself one day towards the end of the eighteen-seventies in a cell in the old Brompton Oratory arguing with Father Addis, who had been called by one of his flock to attempt my conversion to Roman Catholicism. The universe exists, said the father. somebody must have made it. If that somebody exists, said I, somebody must have made him. I grant that for the sake of argument, said the Oratorian. I grant you a maker of God. I grant you a maker of the maker of God. I grant you as long a line of makers as you please, but an infinity of makers is unthinkable and extravagant. it is no harder to believe in number one than in number fifty thousand or fifty million, so why not accept number one and stop there, since no attempt to get behind him will remove your logical difficulty? By your leave, said I, it is as easy for me to believe that the universe made itself as that a maker of the universe made himself. in fact much easier, for the universe visibly exists and makes itself as it goes along, whereas a maker for it is a hypothesis

Of course we two could get no further on these lines. He rose, very sensible and friendly, and said that we were like two men working a saw, he pushing it forward and I pushing it back, and cutting nothing. But when we had dropped the subject and were walking through the refectory, he returned to it for a moment to say that he should go mad if he lost his belief. I, glorying in the robust callousness of youth and the comedic spirit, felt quite comfortable and

said so , though I was touched, too, by his evident sincerity

These two anecdotes are superficially trivial and even comic , but there is an abyss of horror beneath them They reveal a condition so utterly irreligious that religion means nothing but belief in a nursery bogey, and its inadequacy is demonstrated by a toy logical dilemma, neither the bogey nor the dilemma having anything to do with religion, or being serious enough to impose on or confuse any properly educated child over the age of six One hardly knows which is the more appalling the abjectness of the credulity or the flippancy of the scepticism The result was inevitable All who were strongminded enough not to be terrified by the bogey were left stranded in empty contemptuous negation, and argued, when they argued at all, as I argued with Father Addis. But their position was not intellectually comfortable A member of parliament expressed their discomfort when, objecting to the admission of Charles Bradlaugh into parliament, he said " Hang it all, a man should believe in something or somebody " It was easy to throw the bogey into the dustbin , but none the less the world, our corner of the universe, did not look like a pure accident . it presented evidences of design in every direction There was mind and purpose behind it As the anti-Bradlaugh member would have put it, there must be somebody behind the something no atheist could get over that.

PALEY'S WATCH

Paley had put the argument in an apparently unanswerable form If you found a watch, full of mechanism exquisitely adapted to produce a series of operations all leading to the fulfilment of one central

purpose of measuring for mankind the march of the day and night, could you believe that it was not the work of a cunning artificer who had designed and contrived it all to that end? And here was a far more wonderful thing than a watch, a man with all his organs ingeniously contrived, cords and levers, girders and kingposts, circulating systems of pipes and valves, dialysing membranes, retorts, carburettors, pumps, glands, ventilators, inlets and outlets, telephone transmitters in his ears, light recorders and lenses in his eyes — was it conceivable that this was the work of chance? that no artificer had wrought here? that there was no purpose in this, no design, no guiding intelligence? The thing was incredible. In vain did Helmholtz declare that “the eye has every possible defect that can be found in an optical instrument, and even some peculiar to itself,” and that “if an optician tried to sell me an instrument which had all these defects I should think myself quite justified in blaming his carelessness in the strongest terms, and sending him back his instrument.” To discredit the optician’s skill was not to get rid of the optician. The eye might not be so cleverly made as Paley thought, but it was made somehow, by somebody.

And then my argument with Father Addis began all over again. It was easy enough to say that every man makes his own eyes — indeed the embryologists had actually caught him doing it. But what about the very evident purpose that prompted him to do it? Why did he want to see, if not to extend his consciousness and his knowledge and his power? That purpose was at work everywhere, and must be something bigger than the individual eye-making man. Only the stupidest muckrakers could fail to see this, and even to know it as part of their own consciousness. Yet to admit it seemed to involve letting

the bogey come back, so inextricably had we managed to mix up belief in the bogey's existence with belief in the existence of design in the universe

THE IRRESISTIBLE CRY OF ORDER, ORDER !

Our scornful young scientific and philosophic lions of today must not blame the Church of England for this confusion of thought. In 1562 the Church, in convocation in London "for the avoiding of diversities of opinions and for the establishment of consent touching true religion," proclaimed in their first utterance, and as an Article of Religion, that God is "without body, parts, or passions," or, as we say, an *Élan Vital* or Life Force. Unfortunately neither parents, parsons, nor pedagogues could be induced to adopt that article. St John might say that "God is spirit" as pointedly as he pleased, our Sovereign Lady Elizabeth might ratify the Article again and again, serious divines might feel as deeply as they could that a God with body, parts, and passions could be nothing but an anthropomorphic idol no matter : people at large could not conceive a God who was not anthropomorphic. They stood by the Old Testament legends of a God whose parts had been seen by one of the patriarchs, and finally set up as against the Church a God who, far from being without body, parts, or passions, was composed of nothing else, and of very evil passions too. They imposed this idol in practice on the Church itself, in spite of the First Article, and thereby homeopathically produced the atheist, whose denial of God was simply a denial of the idol and a demonstration against an unbearable and most unchristian idolatry. The idol was, as Shelley had been expelled from Oxford for pointing out, an almighty fiend, with a petty character and

unlimited power, spiteful, cruel, jealous, vindictive, and physically violent. The most sadistic schoolmasters, the most tyrannical parents, fell far short in their attempts to imitate it. But it was not its social vices that brought it low. What made it scientifically intolerable was that it was ready at a moment's notice to upset the whole order of the universe on the most trumpety provocation, whether by stopping the sun in the valley of Ajalon or sending an atheist home dead on a shutter (the shutter was indispensable because it marked the utter unpreparedness of the atheist, who, unable to save himself by a deathbed repentance, was subsequently roasted through all eternity in blazing brimstone). It was this disorderliness, this refusal to obey its own laws of nature, that created a scientific need for its destruction. Science could stand a cruel and unjust god, for nature was full of suffering and injustice. But a disorderly god was impossible. In the Middle Ages a compromise had been made by which two different orders of truth, religious and scientific, had been recognized, in order that a schoolman might say that two and two make four without being burnt for heresy. But the nineteenth century, steeped in a meddling, presumptuous, reading-and-writing, socially and politically powerful ignorance inconceivable by Thomas Aquinas or even Roger Bacon, was incapable of so convenient an arrangement, and science was strangled by bigoted ignoramuses claiming infallibility for their interpretation of the Bible, which was regarded, not as a literature nor even as a book, but partly as an oracle which answered and settled all questions, and partly as a talisman to be carried by soldiers in their breast pockets or placed under the pillows of persons who were afraid of ghosts. The tract shops exhibited in their windows bullet-dinted testaments, mothers' gifts

to their soldier sons whose lives had been saved by it , for the muzzle-loaders of those days could not drive a projectile through so many pages

THE MOMENT AND THE MAN

This superstition of a continual capricious disorder in nature, of a lawgiver who was also a lawbreaker, made atheists in all directions among clever and light-minded people. But atheism did not account for Paley's watch. Atheism accounted for nothing , and it was the business of science to account for everything that was plainly accountable. Science had no use for mere negation. What was desired by it above all things just then was a demonstration that the evidences of design could be explained without resort to the hypothesis of a personal designer. If only some genius, whilst admitting Paley's facts, could knock the brains out of Paley by the discovery of a method whereby watches could happen without watchmakers, that genius was assured of such a welcome from the thought of his day as no natural philosopher had ever enjoyed before.

The time being thus ripe, the genius appeared ; and his name was Charles Darwin. And now, what did Darwin really discover ?

Here, I am afraid, I shall require once more the assistance of the giraffe, or, as he was called in the days of the celebrated Buffon, the camelopard (by children, cammyleopard). I do not remember how this animal imposed himself illustratively on the Evolution controversy , but there was no getting away from him then , and I am old-fashioned enough to be unable to get away from him now. How did he come by his long neck ? Lamarck would have said, by wanting to get at the tender leaves high up on the

tree, and trying until he succeeded in wishing the necessary length of neck into existence. Another answer was also possible—namely, that some prehistoric stockbreeder, wishing to produce a natural curiosity, selected the longest-necked animals he could find, and bred from them until at last an animal with an abnormally long neck was evolved by intentional selection, just as the race-horse or the fantail pigeon has been evolved. Both these explanations, you will observe, involve consciousness, will, design, purpose, either on the part of the animal itself or on the part of a superior intelligence controlling its destiny. Darwin pointed out that a third explanation, involving neither will nor purpose nor design either in the animal or anyone else, was on the cards. If your neck is too short to reach your food, you die. That may be the simple explanation of the fact that all the surviving animals that feed on foliage have necks or trunks long enough to reach it. So bang goes your belief that the necks must have been designed to reach the food. But Lamarck did not believe that the necks were so designed in the beginning—he believed that the long necks were evolved by wanting and trying. Not necessarily, said Darwin. Consider the effect on the giraffes of the natural multiplication of their numbers, as insisted on by Malthus. Suppose the average height of the foliage-eating animals is four feet, and that they increase in numbers until a time comes when all the trees are eaten away to within four feet of the ground. Then the animals who happen to be an inch or two short of the average will die of starvation. All the animals who happen to be an inch or so above the average will be better fed and stronger than the others. They will secure the strongest and tallest mates, and their progeny will survive whilst the average ones and the

sub-average ones will die out This process, by which the species gains, say, an inch in reach, will repeat itself until the giraffe's neck is so long that he can always find food enough within his reach, at which point, of course, the selective process stops and the length of the giraffe's neck stops with it Otherwise, he would grow until he could browse off the trees in the moon And this, mark you, without the intervention of any stock-breeder, human or divine, and without will, purpose, design, or even consciousness beyond the blind will to satisfy hunger It is true that this blind will, being in effect a will to live, gives away the whole case, but still, as compared to the open-eyed intelligent wanting and trying of Lamarck, the Darwinian process may be described as a chapter of accidents As such, it seems simple, because you do not at first realize all that it involves But when its whole significance dawns on you, your heart sinks into a heap of sand within you There is a hideous fatalism about it, a ghastly and damnable reduction of beauty and intelligence, of strength and purpose, of honor and aspiration, to such casually picturesque changes as an avalanche may make in a mountain landscape, or a railway accident in a human figure To call this Natural Selection is a blasphemy, possible to many for whom Nature is nothing but a casual aggregation of inert and dead matter, but eternally impossible to the spirits and souls of the righteous. If it be no blasphemy, but a truth of science, then the stars of heaven, the showers and dew, the winter and summer, the fire and heat, the mountains and hills, may no longer be called to exalt the Lord with us by praise their work is to modify all things by blindly starving and murdering everything that is not lucky enough to survive in the universal struggle for hog-wash.

THE BRINK OF THE BOTTOMLESS PIT

Thus did the neck of the giraffe reach out across the whole heavens and make men believe that what they saw there was a gloaming of the gods. For if this sort of selection could turn an antelope into a giraffe, it could conceivably turn a pond full of amoebas into the French Academy. Though Lamarck's way, the way of life, will, aspiration, and achievement, remained still possible, this newly shewn way of hunger, death, stupidity, delusion, chance, and bare survival was also possible. was indeed most certainly the way in which many apparently intelligently designed transformations had actually come to pass. Had I not preluded with the apparently idle story of my revival of the controversial methods of Elijah, I should be asked how it was that the explorer who opened up this gulf of despair, far from being stoned or crucified as the destroyer of the honor of the race and the purpose of the world, was hailed as Deliverer, Savior, Prophet, Redeemer, Enlightener, Rescuer, Hope Giver, and Epoch Maker, whilst poor Lamarck was swept aside as a crude and exploded guesser hardly worthy to be named as his erroneous forerunner. In the light of my anecdote, the explanation is obvious. The first thing the gulf did was to swallow up Paley, and the Disorderly Designer, and Shelley's Almighty Fiend, and all the rest of the pseudo-religious rubbish that had blocked every upward and onward path since the hopes of men had turned to Science as their true Savior. It seemed such a convenient grave that nobody at first noticed that it was nothing less than the bottomless pit, now become a very real terror. For though Darwin left a path round it for his soul, his followers presently dug it right into the crater.

Yet for the moment, there was nothing but wild rejoicing. We had been so oppressed by the notion that everything that happened in the world was the arbitrary personal act of an arbitrary personal god of dangerously jealous and cruel personal character, so that even the relief of the pains of childbed and the operating table by chloroform was objected to as an interference with his arrangements which he would probably resent, that we just jumped at Darwin. When Napoleon was asked what would happen when he died, he said that Europe would express its intense relief with a great "Ouf!" Well, when Darwin killed the god who objected to chloroform, everybody who had ever thought about it said "Ouf!" Paley was buried fathoms deep with his watch, now fully accounted for without any divine artificer at all. We were so glad to be rid of both that we never gave a thought to the consequences. When a prisoner sees the door of his dungeon open, he dashes for it without stopping to think where he shall get his dinner outside. The moment we found that we could do without Shelley's almighty fiend intellectually, he went into the gulf that seemed only a dustbin with a suddenness that made our own lives one of the most astonishing periods in history. If I had told that uncle of mine that within thirty years from the date of our conversation I should be exposing myself to suspicions of the grossest superstition by questioning the sufficiency of Darwin, maintaining the reality of the Holy Ghost, and declaring that the phenomenon of the Thought becoming Flesh was occurring daily, he would have regarded me as the most extravagant madman our family had ever produced. Yet it was so. In 1906 I might have vituperated Jehovah more heartily than ever Shelley did without eliciting a protest in any circle of thinkers, or shocking any public audience.

accustomed to modern discussion, but when I described Darwin as "an intelligent and industrious pigeon fancier," that blasphemous levity, as it seemed, was received with horror and indignation. The tide has now turned; and every puny whipster may say what he likes about Darwin, but anyone who wants to know what it was to be a Lamarckian during the last quarter of the nineteenth century has only to read Mr Festing Jones's memoir of Samuel Butler to learn how completely even a man of genius could isolate himself by antagonizing Darwin on the one hand and the Church on the other.

WHY DARWIN CONVERTED THE CROWD

I am well aware that in describing the effect of Darwin's discovery on naturalists and on persons capable of serious reflection on the nature and attributes of God, I am leaving the vast mass of the British public out of account. I have pointed out elsewhere that the British nation does not consist of atheists and Plymouth Brothers, and I am not now going to pretend that it ever consisted of Darwinians and Lamarckians. The average citizen is unreligious and unscientific: you talk to him about cricket and golf, market prices and party politics, not about evolution and relativity, transubstantiation and predestination. Nothing will knock into his head the fateful distinction between Evolution as promulgated by Erasmus Darwin, and Circumstantial (so-called Natural) Selection as revealed by his grandson. Yet the doctrine of Charles reached him, though the doctrine of Erasmus had passed over his head. Why did not Erasmus Darwin popularize the word Evolution as effectively as Charles?

The reason was, I think, that Circumstantial Selec-

tion is easier to understand, more visible and concrete, than Lamarckian evolution. Evolution as a philosophy and physiology of the will is a mystical process, which can be apprehended only by a trained, apt, and comprehensive thinker. Though the phenomena of use and disuse, of wanting and trying, of the manufacture of weight lifters and wrestlers from men of ordinary strength, are familiar enough as facts, they are extremely puzzling as subjects of thought, and lead you into metaphysics the moment you try to account for them. But pigeon fanciers, dog fanciers, gardeners, stock breeders, or stud groomers, can understand Circumstantial Selection, because it is their business to produce transformation by imposing on flowers and animals a Selection From Without. All that Darwin had to say to them was that the mere chapter of accidents is always doing on a huge scale what they themselves are doing on a very small scale. There is hardly a laborer attached to an English country house who has not taken a litter of kittens or puppies to the bucket, and drowned all of them except the one he thinks the most promising. Such a man has nothing to learn about the survival of the fittest except that it acts in more ways than he has yet noticed, for he knows quite well, as you will find if you are not too proud to talk to him, that this sort of selection occurs naturally (in Darwin's sense) too. That, for instance, a hard winter will kill off a weakly child as the bucket kills off a weakly puppy. Then there is the farm laborer. Shakespear's Touchstone, a court-bred fool, was shocked to find in the shepherd a natural philosopher, and opined that he would be damned for the part he took in the sexual selection of sheep. As to the production of new species by the selection of variations, that is no news to your gardener. Now if you are familiar with these three

processes . the survival of the fittest, sexual selection, and variation leading to new kinds, there is nothing to puzzle you in Darwinism

That was the secret of Darwin's popularity. He never puzzled anybody . If very few of us have read *The Origin of Species* from end to end, it is not because it overtaxes our mind, but because we take in the whole case and are prepared to accept it long before we have come to the end of the innumerable instances and illustrations of which the book mainly consists . Darwin becomes tedious in the manner of a man who insists on continuing to prove his innocence after he has been acquitted . You assure him that there is not a stain on his character, and beg him to leave the court , but he will not be content with enough evidence to acquit him . he will have you listen to all the evidence that exists in the world . Darwin's industry was enormous . His patience, his perseverance, his conscientiousness reached the human limit . But he never got deeper beneath or higher above his facts than an ordinary man could follow him . He was not conscious of having raised a stupendous issue, because, though it arose instantly, it was not his business . He was conscious of having discovered a process of transformation and modification which accounted for a great deal of natural history . But he did not put it forward as accounting for the whole of natural history . He included it under the heading of Evolution, though it was only pseudo-evolution at best , but he revealed it as *a* method of evolution, not as *the* method of evolution . He did not pretend that it excluded other methods, or that it was the chief method . Though he demonstrated that many transformations which had been taken as functional adaptations (the current phrase for Lamarckian evolution) either certainly were or conceivably might be due to Circumstantial

Selection, he was careful not to claim that he had superseded Lamarck or disproved Functional Adaptation. In short, he was not a Darwinian, but an honest naturalist working away at his job with so little pre-occupation with theological speculation that he never quarrelled with the theistic Unitarianism into which he was born, and remained to the end the engagingly simple and socially easy-going soul he had been in his boyhood, when his elders doubted whether he would ever be of much use in the world

HOW WE RUSHED DOWN A STEEP PLACE

Not so the rest of us intellectuals. We all began going to the devil with the utmost cheerfulness. Everyone who had a mind to change, changed it. Only Samuel Butler, on whom Darwin had acted homeopathically, reacted against him furiously, ran up the Lamarckian flag to the top-gallant peak; declared with penetrating accuracy that Darwin had "banished mind from the universe", and even attacked Darwin's personal character, unable to bear the fact that the author of so abhorrent a doctrine was an amiable and upright man. Nobody would listen to him. He was so completely submerged by the flowing tide of Darwinism that when Darwin wanted to clear up the misunderstanding on which Butler was basing his personal attacks, Darwin's friends, very foolishly and snobbishly, persuaded him that Butler was too ill-conditioned and negligible to be answered. That they could not recognize in Butler a man of genius mattered little. What did matter was that they could not understand the provocation under which he was raging. They actually regarded the banishment of mind from the universe as a glorious enlightenment and emancipation for which he was

ignorantly ungrateful Even now, when Butler's eminence is unchallenged, and his biographer, Mr Festing Jones, is enjoying a vogue like that of Boswell or Lockhart, his memoirs shew him rather as a shocking example of the bad controversial manners of our country parsonages than as a prophet who tried to head us back when we were gaily dancing to our damnation across the rainbow bridge which Darwinism had thrown over the gulf which separates life and hope from death and despair We were intellectually intoxicated with the idea that the world could make itself without design, purpose, skill, or intelligence in short, without life We completely overlooked the difference between the modification of species by adaptation to their environment and the appearance of new species we just threw in the word "variations" or the word "sports" (fancy a man of science talking of an unknown factor as a sport instead of as a!) and left them to "accumulate" and account for the difference between a cockatoo and a hippopotamus Such phrases set us free to revel in demonstrating to the Vitalists and Bible worshippers that if we once admit the existence of any kind of force, however unintelligent, and stretch out the past to unlimited time for such force to operate accidentally in, that force may conceivably, by the action of Circumstantial Selection, produce a world in which every function has an organ perfectly adapted to perform it, and therefore presents every appearance of having been designed, like Paley's watch, by a conscious and intelligent artificer for the purpose We took a perverse pleasure in arguing, without the least suspicion that we were reducing ourselves to absurdity, that all the books in the British Museum library might have been written word for word as they stand on the shelves if no human being had ever been conscious,

just as the trees stand in the forest doing wonderful things without consciousness.

And the Darwinians went far beyond denying consciousness to trees. Weismann insisted that the chick breaks out of its eggshell automatically, that the butterfly, springing into the air to avoid the pounce of the lizard, "does not wish to avoid death, knows nothing about death," what has happened being simply that a flight instinct evolved by Circumstantial Selection reacts promptly to a visual impression produced by the lizard's movement. His proof is that the butterfly immediately settles again on the flower, and repeats the performance every time the lizard springs, thus shewing that it learns nothing from experience, and—Weismann concludes—is not conscious of what it does.

It should hardly have escaped so curious an observer that when the cat jumps up on the dinner table, and you put it down, it instantly jumps up again, and finally establishes its right to a place on the cloth by convincing you that if you put it down a hundred times it will jump up a hundred and one times, so that if you desire its company at dinner you can have it only on its own terms. If Weismann really thought that cats act thus without any consciousness or any purpose, immediate or ulterior, he must have known very little about cats. But a thoroughgoing Weismannite, if any such still survive from those mad days, would contend that I am not at present necessarily conscious of what I am doing; that my writing of these lines, and your reading of them, are effects of Circumstantial Selection, that I need know no more about Darwinism than a butterfly knows of a lizard's appetite, and that the proof that I actually am doing it unconsciously is that as I have spent forty years in writing in this fashion without, as far as I can see,

producing any visible effect on public opinion, I must be incapable of learning from experience, and am therefore a mere automaton. And the Weismannite demonstration of this would of course be an equally unconscious effect of Circumstantial Selection.

DARWINISM NOT FINALLY REFUTABLE

Do not too hastily say that this is inconceivable. To Circumstantial Selection all mechanical and chemical reactions are possible, provided you accept the geologists' estimates of the great age of the earth, and therefore allow time enough for the circumstances to operate. It is true that mere survival of the fittest in the struggle for existence plus sexual selection fail as hopelessly to account for Darwin's own life work as for my conquest of the bicycle, but who can prove that there are not other soulless factors, unnoticed or undiscovered, which only require imagination enough to fit them to the evolution of an automatic Jesus or Shakespear? When a man tells you that you are a product of Circumstantial Selection solely, you cannot finally disprove it. You can only tell him out of the depths of your inner conviction that he is a fool and a liar. But as this, though British, is uncivil, it is wiser to offer him the counter-assurance that you are the product of Lamarckian evolution, formerly called Functional Adaptation and now Creative Evolution, and challenge him to disprove *that*, which he can no more do than you can disprove Circumstantial Selection, both forces being conceivably able to produce anything if you only give them rope enough. You may also defy him to act for a single hour on the assumption that he may safely cross Oxford Street in a state of unconsciousness, trusting to his dodging reflexes to react automatically and promptly enough

to the visual impression produced by a motor bus, and the audible impression produced by its hooter. But if you allow yourself to defy him to explain any particular action of yours by Circumstantial Selection, he should always be able to find some explanation that will fit the case if only he is ingenious enough and goes far enough to find it. Darwin found several such explanations in his controversies. Anybody who really wants to believe that the universe has been produced by Circumstantial Selection co-operating with a force as inhuman as we conceive magnetism to be can find a logical excuse for his belief if he tries hard enough.

TRAUMATIC SELECTION

The stultification and damnation which ensued are illustrated by a comparison of the ease and certainty with which Butler's mind moved to humane and inspiring conclusions with the grotesque stupidities and cruelties of the idle and silly controversy which arose among the Darwinians as to whether acquired habits can be transmitted from parents to offspring. Consider, for example, how Weismann set to work on that subject. An Evolutionist with a live mind would first have dropped the popular expression "acquired habits," because to an Evolutionist there are no other habits and can be no others, a man being only an amoeba with acquirements. He would then have considered carefully the process by which he himself had acquired his habits. He would have assumed that the habits with which he was born must have been acquired by a similar process. He would have known what a habit is. that is, an action voluntarily attempted until it has become more or less automatic and involuntary, and it would never have occurred to him that injuries or accidents coming from external

sources against the will of the victim could possibly establish a habit ; that, for instance, a family could acquire a habit of being killed in railway accidents.

And yet Weismann began to investigate the point by behaving like the farmer's wife in the old catch He got a colony of mice, and cut off their tails Then he waited to see whether their children would be born without tails They were not, as Butler could have told him beforehand He then cut off the children's tails, and waited to see whether the grandchildren would be born with at least rather short tails They were not, as I could have told him beforehand So with the patience and industry on which men of science pride themselves, he cut off the grandchildren's tails too, and waited, full of hope, for the birth of curtailed great-grandchildren But their tails were quite up to the mark, as any fool could have told him beforehand Weismann then gravely drew the inference that acquired habits cannot be transmitted. And yet Weismann was not a born imbecile He was an exceptionally clever and studious man, not without roots of imagination and philosophy in him which Darwinism killed as weeds How was it that he did not see that he was not experimenting with habits or characteristics at all ? How had he overlooked the glaring fact that his experiment had been tried for many generations in China on the feet of Chinese women without producing the smallest tendency on their part to be born with abnormally small feet ? He must have known about the bound feet even if he knew nothing of the mutilations, the clipped ears and docked tails, practised by dog fanciers and horse breeders on many generations of the unfortunate animals they deal in Such amazing blindness and stupidity on the part of a man who was naturally neither blind nor stupid is a telling illustration of what

Darwin unintentionally did to the minds of his disciples by turning their attention so exclusively towards the part played in Evolution by accident and violence operating with entire callousness to suffering and sentiment

A vital conception of Evolution would have taught Weismann that biological problems are not to be solved by assaults on mice. The scientific form of his experiment would have been something like this. First, he should have procured a colony of mice highly susceptible to hypnotic suggestion. He should then have hypnotized them into an urgent conviction that the fate of the musque world depends on the disappearance of its tail, just as some ancient and forgotten experimenter seems to have convinced the cats of the Isle of Man. Having thus made the mice desire to lose their tails with a life-or-death intensity, he would very soon have seen a few mice born with little or no tail. These would be recognized by the other mice as superior beings, and privileged in the division of food and in sexual selection. Ultimately the tailed mice would be put to death as monsters by their fellows, and the miracle of the tailless mouse completely achieved.

The objection to this experiment is not that it seems too funny to be taken seriously, and is not cruel enough to overawe the mob, but simply that it is impossible because the human experimenter cannot get at the mouse's mind. And that is what is wrong with all the barren cruelties of the laboratories. Darwin's followers did not think of this. Their only idea of investigation was to imitate "Nature" by perpetrating violent and senseless cruelties, and watch the effect of them with a paralyzing fatalism which forbade the smallest effort to use their minds instead of their knives and eyes, and established an abomin-

able tradition that the man who hesitates to be as cruel as Circumstantial Selection itself is a traitor to science. For Weismann's experiment upon the mice was a mere joke compared to the atrocities committed by other Darwinians in their attempts to prove that mutilations could not be transmitted. Granted that the worst of these experiments may not have been experiments at all, but cruelties committed by cruel men attracted to the laboratory as a secret refuge left by law and public superstition for the amateur of passionate torture. But there is no reason to suspect Weismann of Sadism. Cutting off the tails of several generations of mice is not voluptuous enough to tempt a scientific Nero. It was a mere piece of one-eyedness, and it was Darwin who put out Weismann's humane and sensible eye. He blinded many another eye and paralyzed many another will also. Ever since he set up Circumstantial Selection as the creator and ruler of the universe, the scientific world has been the very citadel of stupidity and cruelty. Fearful as the tribal god of the Hebrews was, nobody ever shuddered as they passed even his meanest and narrowest little Bethel or his proudest war-consecrating cathedral as we shudder now when we pass a physiological laboratory. If we dreaded and mistrusted the priest, we could at least keep him out of the house, but what of the modern Darwinist surgeon whom we dread and mistrust ten times more, but into whose hands we must all give ourselves from time to time? Miserably as religion had been debased, it did at least still proclaim that our relation to one another was that of a fellowship in which we were all equal and members one of another before the judgment-seat of our common father. Darwinism proclaimed that our true relation is that of competitors and combatants in a struggle for mere survival, and

that every act of pity or loyalty to the old fellowship is a vain and mischievous attempt to lessen the severity of the struggle and preserve inferior varieties from the efforts of Nature to weed them out. Even in Socialist Societies which existed solely to substitute the law of fellowship for the law of competition, and the method of providence and wisdom for the method of rushing violently down a steep place into the sea, I found myself regarded as a blasphemer and an ignorant sentimentalist because whenever the Neo-Darwinian doctrine was preached there I made no attempt to conceal my intellectual contempt for its blind coarseness and shallow logic, or my natural abhorrence of its sickening inhumanity

THE GREATEST OF THESE IS SELF-CONTROL

As there is no place in Darwinism for free will, or any other sort of will, the Neo-Darwinists held that there is no such thing as self-control. Yet self-control is just the one quality of survival value which Circumstantial Selection must invariably and inevitably develop in the long run. Uncontrolled qualities may be selected for survival and development for certain periods and under certain circumstances. For instance, since it is the ungovernable gluttons who strive the hardest to get food and drink, their efforts would develop their strength and cunning in a period of such scarcity that the utmost they could do would not enable them to over-eat themselves. But a change of circumstances involving a plentiful supply of food would destroy them. We see this very thing happening often enough in the case of the healthy and vigorous poor man who becomes a millionaire by one of the accidents of our competitive commerce, and immediately proceeds to dig his grave with his teeth.

But the self-controlled man survives all such changes of circumstance, because he adapts himself to them, and eats neither as much as he can hold nor as little as he can scrape along on, but as much as is good for him. What is self-control? It is nothing but a highly developed vital sense, dominating and regulating the mere appetites. To overlook the very existence of this supreme sense, to miss the obvious inference that it is the quality that distinguishes the fittest to survive, to omit, in short, the highest moral claim of Evolutionary Selection - all this, which the Neo-Darwinians did in the name of Natural Selection, shewed the most pitiable want of mastery of their own subject, the dullest lack of observation of the forces upon which Natural Selection works.

THE HUMANITARIANS AND THE PROBLEM OF EVIL

The humanitarians were as delighted as anybody with Darwinism at first. They had been perplexed by the Problem of Evil and the Cruelty of Nature. They were Shelleyists, but not atheists. Those who believed in God were at a terrible disadvantage with the atheist. They could not deny the existence of natural facts so cruel that to attribute them to the will of a god is to make that god a demon. Belief in Jehovah was hard for any thoughtful person without belief in the Devil as well. The painted Devil, with his horns, his barbed tail, and his abode of burning brimstone, was an incredible bogey, but the evil attributed to him was real enough, and the atheists argued that the author of evil, if he exists, must be strong enough to overcome God, else God is morally responsible for everything he permits the Devil to do. Neither conclusion delivered us from the horror of attributing the cruelty of nature to the

workings of an evil will, or could reconcile it with our impulses towards justice, mercy, and a higher life

A complete deliverance was offered by the discovery of Circumstantial Selection—that is to say, of a method by which horrors having every appearance of being elaborately planned by some intelligent contriver are only accidents without any moral significance at all. Suppose a watcher from the stairs saw a frightful accident produced by two crowded trains at full speed crashing into one another! How could he conceive that a catastrophe brought about by such elaborate machinery, such ingenious preparation, such skilled direction, such vigilant industry, was quite unintentional? Would he not conclude that the signal-men were devils?

Well, Circumstantial Selection is largely a theory of collisions—that is, a theory of the innocence of much apparently designed devilry. In this way Darwin brought intense relief as well as an enlarged knowledge of facts to the humanitarians. He destroyed the omnipotence of God for them, but he also exonerated God from a hideous charge of cruelty. Granted that the comfort was shallow, and that deeper reflection was bound to shew that worse than an conceivable devil-deities is a blind, deaf, dumb, heartless, senseless mob of forces that strike as a tree does when it is blown down by the wind, or as the tree itself is struck by lightning. This did not occur to the humanitarians at the moment. People do not reflect deeply when they are in the first happiness of escape from an intolerably oppressive situation.

Happily for our uneasy souls the problem of evil yields easily to Creative Evolution. If the driving power behind Evolution is omnipotent only in the sense that there seems no limit to its final achievement, and if it must meanwhile struggle with matter and

circumstance by the method of trial and error, then the world must be full of its unsuccessful experiments. Christ may meet a tiger, or a High Priest arm-in-arm with a Roman Governor, and be the unfittest to survive under the circumstances. Mozart may have a genius that prevails against Emperors and Archbishops, and a lung that succumbs to some obscure and noxious property of foul air. If all our calamities are either accidents or sincerely repented mistakes, there is no malice in the Cruelty of Nature and no Problem of Evil in the Victorian sense at all. The theology of the women who told us that they became atheists when they sat by the cradles of their children and saw them strangled by the hand of God is succeeded by the theology of Blanco Posnet, with his "It was early days when He made the croup, I guess. It was the best He could think of then, but when it turned out wrong on His hands He made you and me to fight the croup for Him."

WHY DARWIN PLEASED THE SOCIALISTS

The Humanitarians were not alone among the agitators in their welcome to Darwin. He had the luck to please everybody who had an axe to grind. The Militantists were as enthusiastic as the Humanitarians, the Socialists as the Capitalists. The Socialists were specially encouraged by Darwin's insistence on the influence of environment. Perhaps the strongest moral bulwark of Capitalism is the belief in the efficacy of individual righteousness. Robert Owen made desperate efforts to convince England that her criminals, her drunkards, her ignorant and stupid masses, were the victims of circumstance: that if we would only establish his new moral world we should find that the masses born into an educated

and moralized community would be themselves educated and moralized. The stock reply to this is to be found in Lewes's *Life of Goethe*. Lewes scorned the notion that circumstances govern character. He pointed to the variety of character in the governing rich class to prove the contrary. Similarity of circumstance can hardly be carried to a more desolating dead level than in the case of the individuals who are born and bred in English country houses, and sent first to Eton or Harrow, and then to Oxford or Cambridge, to have their minds and habits formed. Such a routine would destroy individuality if anything could. Yet individuals come out from it as different as Pitt from Fox. There was no more effective retort to the Socialist than to tell him to reform himself before he pretends to reform society. If you were rich, how pleasant it was to feel that you owed your riches to the superiority of your own character! The industrial revolution had turned numbers of greedy dullards into monstrously rich men. Nothing could be more humiliating and threatening to them than the view that the falling of a shower of gold into their pockets was as pure an accident as the falling of a shower of hail on their umbrellas, and happened alike to the just and unjust. Nothing could be more flattering and fortifying to them than the assumption that they were rich because they were virtuous.

Now Darwinism made a clean sweep of all such self-righteousness. It more than justified Robert Owen by discovering in the environment of an organism an influence on it more potent than Owen had ever claimed. It implied that street arabs are produced by slums and not by original sin—that prostitutes are produced by starvation wages and not by feminine concupiscence. It threw the authority of science on the side of the Socialist who said that he who would

reform himself must first reform society. It suggested that if we want healthy and wealthy citizens we must have healthy and wealthy towns, and that these can exist only in healthy and wealthy countries. It led straight to the conclusion that the type of character which remains indifferent to the welfare of its neighbors as long as its own personal appetites are satisfied is the disastrous type, and the type which is deeply concerned about its environment the only possible type for a permanently prosperous community. It shewed that the surprising changes which Robert Owen had produced in factory children by a change in their circumstances which does not seem any too generous to us nowadays were as nothing to the changes—changes not only of habits but of species, not only of species but of orders—which might conceivably be the work of environment acting on individuals without any character or intellectual consciousness whatever. No wonder the Socialists received Darwin with open arms.

DARWIN AND KARL MARX

Besides, the Socialists had an evolutionary prophet of their own, Karl Marx, who discredited Manchester as Darwin discredited the Garden of Eden. To him civilization was an organism evolving irresistibly by circumstantial selection, and he published the first volume of his *Das Kapital* in 1867. The revolt against anthropomorphic idolatry, which was, as we have seen, the secret of Darwin's success, had been accompanied by a revolt against the conventional respectability which covered not only the brigandage and piracy of feudal robber barons, but the hypocrisy, inhumanity, snobbery, and greed of the bourgeoisie, who were deeply corrupted by an essentially diabolical

identification of success in life with big profits. The moment Marx shewed that the relation of the bourgeoisie to society was grossly immoral and disastrous, and that the whited wall of starched shirt fronts concealed and defended the most infamous of all tyrannies and the basest of all robberies, he became an inspired prophet in the mind of every generous soul whom his book reached. He had said and proved what they wanted to have proved, and they would hear nothing against him. Now Marx was by no means infallible. His economics, half borrowed, and half home-made by a literary amateur, were not, when strictly followed up, even favorable to Socialism. His theory of civilization had been promulgated already in Buckle's *History of Civilization*, a book as epoch-making in the minds of its readers as *Das Kapital*. There was nothing about Socialism in the widely read first volume of *Das Kapital*. Every reference it made to workers and capitalists shewed that Marx had never breathed industrial air, and had dug his case out of bluebooks in the British Museum. Compared to Darwin, he seemed to have no power of observation. There was not a fact in *Das Kapital* that had not been taken out of a book, nor a discussion that had not been opened by somebody else's pamphlet. No matter. He exposed the bourgeoisie and made an end of its moral prestige. That was enough. Like Darwin he had for the moment the World Will by the ear. Marx had, too, what Darwin had not: implacability and a fine Jewish literary gift, with terrible powers of hatred, invective, irony, and all the bitter qualities bred, first in the oppression of a rather pampered young genius (Marx was the spoilt child of a well-to-do family) by a social system utterly uncongenial to him, and later on by exile and poverty. Thus Marx and Darwin between them toppled over

two closely related idols, and became the prophets of two new creeds

WHY DARWIN PLEASSED THE PROFITEERS ALSO

But how, at this rate, did Darwin succeed with the profiteers too? It is not easy to make the best of both worlds when the two are at war, as the proletariat and the proprietors were and are over their shares in the national income. But Darwin kept a foot in each camp easily. He got his main postulate, the pressure of population on the available means of subsistence, from the treatise of Malthus on Population, just as he got his other postulate of a practically unlimited time for that pressure to operate from the geologist Lyell, who made an end of Archbishop Ussher's Biblical estimate of the age of the earth as 4004 B C plus A D. The treatise of Ricardo on the Law of Diminishing Return presented profit and rent as natural perquisites for which no man was responsible nor could avert. Long before Darwin published a line, the disciples of Malthus and Ricardo were preaching the fatalistic Wages Fund doctrine, and assuring the workers that Trade Unionism is a vain defiance of the inexorable laws of political economy. The Neo-Darwinians were presently assuring us that temperance legislation is a vain defiance of Natural Selection, and that the right way to deal with drunkenness is to flood the country with cheap gin and let the fittest survive. Cobdenism is, after all, nothing but the abandonment of trade to Circumstantial Selection.

It is hardly possible to exaggerate the importance of this preparation for Darwinism by a vast political and clerical propaganda of its moral atmosphere. Never in history, as far as we know, had there been such a determined, richly subsidized, politically

organized attempt to persuade the human race that all progress, all prosperity, all salvation, individual and social, depend on an unrestrained conflict for food and money, on the suppression and elimination of the weak by the strong, on Free Trade, Free Contract, Free Competition, Natural Liberty, *Laissez-faire* in short, on "doing the other fellow down" with impunity. Even the proletariat sympathized, though to them Capitalist liberty meant only wage slavery without the legal safeguards of chattel slavery. People were tired of governments and kings and priests and providences, and wanted to find out how Nature would arrange matters if she were let alone. And they found it out to their cost in the days when Lancashire used up nine generations of wage slaves in one generation of their masters, who, becoming richer and richer, had their uneasy consciences soothed when Bastiat proved convincingly that Nature had arranged Economic Harmonies which would settle social questions far better than theocracies or aristocracies or mobocracies, the real *deus ex machina* being unrestrained plutocracy

THE POETRY AND PURITY OF MATERIALISM

Thus the stars in their courses fought for Darwin. Every faction drew a moral from him; every catholic hater of faction founded a hope on him, every blackguard felt justified by him, and every saint felt encouraged by him. The notion that any harm could come of so splendid an enlightenment seemed as silly as the notion that the atheists would steal all our spoons. The physicists went further than the Darwinians. Tyndall declared that he saw in Matter the promise and potency of all forms of life, and with his Irish graphic lucidity made a picture of a world

of magnetic atoms, each atom with a positive and a negative pole, arranging itself by attraction and repulsion in orderly crystalline structure. Such a picture is dangerously fascinating to thinkers oppressed by the bloody disorders of the living world. Craving for purer subjects of thought, they find in the contemplation of crystals and magnets a happiness more dramatic and less childish than the happiness found by the mathematicians in abstract numbers, because they see in the crystals beauty and movement without the corrupting appetites of fleshly vitality. In such Materialism as that of Lucretius and Tyndall there is a nobility which produces poetry. the poet Davidson found his highest inspiration in it. Even its pessimism as it faces the cooling of the sun and the return of the ice-caps does not degrade the pessimist. for example, the Quincy Adamses, with their insistence on modern democratic degradation as an inevitable result of solar shrinkage, are not dehumanized as the vivisectionists are. Perhaps nobody is at heart fool enough to believe that life is at the mercy of temperature. Dante was not troubled by the objection that Brunetto could not have lived in the fire nor Ugolino in the ice.

But the physicists found their intellectual vision of the world incommunicable to those who were not born with it. It came to the public simply as Materialism, and Materialism lost its peculiar purity and dignity when it entered into the Darwinian reaction against Bible fetichism. Between the two of them religion was knocked to pieces; and where there had been God, a cause, a faith that the universe was ordered, and therefore a sense of moral responsibility as part of that order, there was now an utter void. Chaos had come again.

The first effect was exhilarating. we had the runaway child's sense of freedom before it gets hungry

and lonely and frightened. Not that we desired God back again. We printed the verses in which William Blake, the most religious of our great poets, called the anthropomorphic idol Old Nobodaddy, and gibed at him in terms which the printer had to leave us to guess from dashes and asterisks. It did not occur to us that Old Nobodaddy, instead of being a ridiculous fiction, might be a real impostor, and that he could not have impersonated anybody if there had not been Somebodaddy to impersonate. We did not see the significance of the fact that on the last occasion on which God had been "expelled with a pitchfork," men so different as Voltaire and Robespierre had said, the one that if God did not exist it would be necessary to invent him, and the other that after an honest attempt to dispense with a Supreme Being in practical politics, some such hypothesis had been found quite indispensable, and could not be replaced by a sham Goddess of Reason. If these two opinions were quoted at all, they were quoted as jokes at the expense of Nobodaddy. We were quite sure for the moment that whatever lingering superstition might have daunted these men of the eighteenth century, we Darwinians could do without God, and had made a good riddance of Him.

THE VICEROYS OF THE KING OF KINGS

Now in politics it is much easier to do without God than to do without his viceroys and vicars and lieutenants; and we begin to miss the lieutenants long before we begin to miss their principal. Roman Catholics do what their confessors advise without troubling God; and Royalists are content to worship the King and ask the policeman. But God's trustiest lieutenants often lack official credentials. They may

be professed atheists who are also men of honor and high public spirit. The old belief that it matters dreadfully to God whether a man thinks himself an atheist or not, and that the extent to which it matters can be stated with exactness as one single damn, was an error ; for the divinity is in the honor and public spirit, not in the mouthed *credo* or *non credo*. The consequences of this error became grave when the fitness of a man for public trust was tested, not by his honor and public spirit, but by asking him whether he belonged to the Church of England. Darwin destroyed this test , but when it was dropped, there remained no test at all , and the door to public trust was open to the man who had no sense of God because he had no sense of anything beyond his own business interests and personal appetites and ambitions. As a result, the people who did not feel in the least inconvenienced by being no longer governed by Nobodaddy soon found themselves very acutely inconvenienced by being governed by fools and commercial adventurers. They had forgotten not only God but Goldsmith, who had warned them that " honor sinks where commerce long prevails "

The lieutenants of God are not always persons some of them are legal and parliamentary fictions. One of them is Public Opinion. The pre-Darwinian statesmen and publicists were not restrained directly by God ; but they restrained themselves by setting up an image of a Public Opinion which would not tolerate any attempt to tamper with British liberties. Their favorite way of putting it was that any Government which proposed such and such an infringement of such and such a British liberty would be hurled from office in a week. Compulsory military service was the stock instance of this in England.

All this had no foundation on the facts. There

was no limit to what the British people would put up with. It was this very helplessness of the people that forced their rulers to pretend that they were not helpless, and that the certainty of a sturdy and unconquerable popular resistance forbade any trifling with Magna Carta or the Petition of Rights or the authority of parliament. Now the reality behind this fiction was the divine sense that liberty is a need vital to human growth. Accordingly, though it was difficult enough to effect a political reform, yet, once parliament had passed it, its wildest opponent had no hope that the Government would cancel it, or shelve it, or be bought off from executing it. From Walpole to Campbell-Bannerman there was no Prime Minister to whom such renaguing or trafficking would ever have occurred, though there were plenty who employed corruption unsparingly to procure the votes of members of parliament for their policy.

POLITICAL OPPORTUNISM IN EXCESS

The moment Nobodaddy was slain by Darwin, Public Opinion, as divine deputy, lost its sanctity. Politicians no longer told themselves that the British public would never suffer this or that—they allowed themselves to know that for their own personal purposes, which are limited to their ten or twenty years on the front benches in parliament, the British Public can be humbugged and coerced into believing and suffering everything that it pays their rulers to impose on them, and that any excuse for an unpopular step will serve if it can be kept in countenance for three days—that is, until the terms of the excuse are forgotten. With its last ideal gone, policy died and was succeeded by unprincipled opportunism. All Governments became like the tramp who walks

always with the wind and ends as a pauper, or the stone that rolls down the hill and ends as an avalanche : their way was the way to destruction

THE BETRAYAL OF WESTERN CIVILIZATION

Within sixty years from the publication of Darwin's *Origin of Species* political opportunism had brought parliaments into contempt, created a popular demand for direct action by the organized industries ("Syndicalism"), and wrecked the centre of Europe in a paroxysm of that chronic terror of one another, that cowardice of the irreligious, which, masked in the bravado of militarist patriotism, had ridden the Powers like a nightmare since the Franco-Prussian war of 1870-71. The sturdy old cosmopolitan Liberalism evaporated. Ordinances for the government of our Crown Colonies contain, as a matter of course, prohibitions of all criticism, spoken or written, of their ruling officials, which would have scandalized George III and elicited Liberal pamphlets from Catherine II. Statesmen are afraid of the suburbs, of the newspapers, of the profiteers, of the diplomatists, of the militarists, of the country houses, of the trade unions, of everything ephemeral on earth except the revolutions they are provoking, and they would be afraid of these if they were not too ignorant of society and history to appreciate the risk, and to know that a revolution always seems hopeless and impossible the day before it breaks out, and indeed never does break out until it seems hopeless and impossible, for rulers who think it possible take care to insure the risk by ruling reasonably. This brings about a condition fatal to all political stability : namely, that you never know where to have the politicians. If the fear of God was in them it might be possible to come to some general

understanding as to what God disapproves of , and Europe might pull together on that basis . But the present panic, in which Prime Ministers drift from election to election, either fighting or running away from everybody who shakes a fist at them, makes a European civilization impossible , for peace and prosperity depend on the loyalty of States to civilization. Every meaner consideration should have given way to this loyalty. What actually happened was that France and England made an alliance with Russia to defend themselves against Germany , Germany made an alliance with Turkey to defend herself against the three , whilst the United States held aloof as long as they could, and the other States either did the same or joined in the fray through compulsion, bribery, or their judgment as to which side their bread was buttered

In 1918 the surrender of Germany on terms which the victors never dreamt of observing did not change the situation . If the Western Powers had selected their allies in the Lamarckian manner intelligently, purposely, and vitally, *ad majorem Dei gloriam*, as good Europeans, there would have been a durable League of Nations and no war . But because the selection relied on was purely circumstantial opportunist selection, so that the alliances were mere marriages of convenience, they have turned out, not merely as badly as might have been expected, but far worse than the blackest pessimist had ever imagined possible . How it will all end we do not yet know . When wolves combine to kill a horse, the death of the horse only sets them fighting one another for the choicest morsels

THE HOMEOPATHIC REACTION AGAINST DARWINISM

Throughout all this godless welter of the infidel century, Darwinism has been acting not only directly but homeopathically, its poison rallying our vital forces not only to resist it and cast it out, but to achieve a new Reformation and put a credible and healthy religion in its place. Samuel Butler was the pioneer of the reaction as far as the casting out was concerned, but the issue was confused by the physiologists, who were divided on the question into Mechanists and Vitalists. The Mechanists said that life is nothing but physical and chemical action, that they have demonstrated this in many cases of so-called vital phenomena, and that there is no reason to doubt that with improved methods they will presently be able to demonstrate it in all of them. The Vitalists said that a dead body and a live one are physically and chemically identical, and that the difference can be accounted for only by the existence of a Vital Force. This seems simple, but the Anti-Mechanists objected to be called Vitalists (obviously the right name for them) on two contradictory grounds. First, that vitality is scientifically inadmissible, because it cannot be isolated and experimented with in the laboratory. Second, that force, being by definition anything that can alter the speed or direction of matter in motion (briefly, that can overcome inertia), is essentially a mechanistic conception. Here we had the new Vitalism only half extricated from the upstart Mechanism, objecting to be called either, and unable to give a clear lead to the new direction.

These professional faction fights are ephemeral, and need not trouble us here. The old Vitalist, who was essentially a Materialist, has evolved into the Neo-

Vitalist, who is, as every genuine scientist must be, finally a metaphysician. And as the Neo-Vitalist turns from the disputes of his youth to the future of his science, he will cease to boggle at the name Vitalist, or at the inevitable, ancient, popular, and quite correct use of the term Force to denote metaphysical as well as physical overcomers of inertia.

Since the discovery of Evolution as the method of the Life Force, the religion of metaphysical Vitalism has been gaining the definiteness and concreteness needed to make it assimilable by the educated critical man. But it has always been with us. The popular religions, disgraced by their Opportunist cardinals and bishops, have been kept in credit by canonized saints whose secret was their conception of themselves as the instruments and vehicles of divine power and aspiration—a conception which at moments becomes an actual experience of ecstatic possession by that power. And above and below all have been millions of humble and obscure persons, sometimes totally illiterate, sometimes unconscious of having any religion at all, sometimes believing in their simplicity that the gods and temples and priests of their district stood for their instinctive righteousness, who have kept sweet the tradition that good people follow a light that shines within and above and ahead of them, that bad people care only for themselves, and that the good are saved and blessed and the bad damned and miserable. Protestantism was a movement towards the pursuit of a light called an inner light because every man must see it with his own eyes and not take any priest's word for it or any Church's account of it. In short, there is no question of a new religion, but rather of redistilling the eternal spirit of religion and thus extricating it from the sludgy residue of temporalities and legends that are making belief

impossible, though they are the stock-in-trade of all the Churches and all the Schools.

RELIGION AND ROMANCE

It is the adulteration of religion by the romance of miracles and paradises and torture chambers that makes it reel at the impact of every advance in science, instead of being clarified by it. If you take an English village lad, and teach him that religion means believing that the stories of Noah's Ark and the Garden of Eden are literally true on the authority of God himself, and if that boy becomes an artisan and goes into the town among the sceptical city proletariat, then, when the jibes of his mates set him thinking, and he sees that these stories cannot be literally true, and learns that no candid prelate now pretends to believe them, he does not make any fine distinctions: he declares at once that religion is a fraud, and parsons and teachers hypocrites and liars. He becomes indifferent to religion if he has little intellectual conscience, and indignantly hostile to it if he has a good deal.

The same revolt against wantonly false teaching is happening daily in the professional classes whose recreation is reading and whose intellectual sport is controversy. They banish the Bible from their houses, and sometimes put into the hands of their unfortunate children Ethical and Rationalist tracts of the deadliest dullness, compelling these wretched infants to sit out the discourses of Secularist lecturers (I have delivered some of them myself), who wearied them at a length now abandoned in the Church of England. Our minds have reacted so violently towards provable logical theorems and demonstrable mechanical or chemical facts that we have become incapable of

metaphysical truth, and try to cast out incredible and silly lies by credible and clever ones, calling in Satan to cast out Satan, and getting more into his clutches than ever in the process. Thus the world is kept sane less by the saints than by the vast mass of the indifferent, who neither act nor react in the matter. Butler's preaching of the gospel of Laodicea was a piece of common sense founded on his observation of this.

But indifference will not guide nations through civilization to the establishment of the perfect city of God. An indifferent statesman is a contradiction in terms, and a statesman who is indifferent on principle, a *Laisser-faire* or *Muddle-Through* doctrinaire, plays the deuce with us in the long run. Our statesmen must get a religion by hook or crook; and while we are ruled by Adult Suffrage it must be a religion capable of vulgarization. The thought first put into words by the Mills when they said "There is no God, but this is a family secret," and long held unspoken by aristocratic statesmen and diplomatists, will not serve now; for the revival of civilization after the war cannot be effected by artificial breathing, the driving force of an undeluded popular consent is indispensable, and will be impossible until the statesman can appeal to the vital instincts of the people in terms of a common religion.

THE DANGER OF REACTION

And here arises the danger that when we realize this we shall run back in terror to our old superstitions. We jumped out of the frying-pan into the fire, and we are just as likely to jump back again, now that we feel hotter than ever. History records very little in the way of mental activity on the part of the mass of

mankind except a series of stampedes from affirmative errors into negative ones and back again. It must therefore be said very precisely and clearly that the bankruptcy of Darwinism does not mean that Nobodaddy was Somebody with "body, parts, and passions" after all, that the world was made in the year 4004 B C, that damnation means an eternity of blazing brimstone, that the Immaculate Conception means that sex is sinful and that Christ was parthenogenetically brought forth by a virgin descended in like manner from a line of virgins right back to Eve, that the Trinity is an anthropomorphic monster with three heads which are yet only one head; that in Rome the bread and wine on the altar become flesh and blood, and in England, in a still more mystical manner, they do and they do not, that the Bible is an infallible scientific manual, an accurate historical chronicle, and a complete guide to conduct, that we may lie and cheat and murder and then wash ourselves innocent in the blood of the Lamb on Sunday at the cost of a *credo* and a penny in the plate, and so on and so forth. Civilization cannot be saved by people not only crude enough to believe these things, but irreligious enough to believe that such belief constitutes a religion. The education of children cannot safely be left in their hands. If dwindling sects like the Church of England, the Church of Rome, the Greek Church, and the rest, persist in trying to cramp the human mind within the limits of these grotesque perversions of natural truths and poetic metaphors, then they must be ruthlessly banished from the schools to free the soul that is hidden in every dogma. The real Class War will be a war of intellectual classes, and its conquest will be the souls of the children.

A TOUCHSTONE FOR DOGMA

The test of a dogma is its universality. Any doctrine that the British churchgoer, the Brahman, the Jainist, the Buddhist, the Mussulman cannot hold in common, however varied their rituals, is an obstruction to the fellowship of the Holy Ghost. The only frontier to the currency of a sound dogma as such is the frontier of capacity for understanding it.

This does not mean that we should throw away legend and parable and drama. they are the natural vehicles of dogma, but woe to the Churches and rulers who substitute the legend for the dogma, the parable for the history, the drama for the religion! Better by far declare the throne of God empty than set a liar and a fool on it. What are called wars of religion are always wars to destroy religion by affirming the historical truth or material substantiality of some legend, and killing those who refuse to accept it as historical or substantial. But who has ever refused to accept a good legend with delight as a legend? The legends, the parables, the dramas, are among the choicest treasures of mankind. No one is ever tired of stories of miracles. In vain did Mahomet repudiate the miracles ascribed to him: in vain did Christ furiously scold those who asked him to give them an exhibition as a conjurer: in vain did the saints declare that God chose them not for their powers but for their weaknesses; that the humble might be exalted, and the proud rebuked. People will have their miracles, their stories, their heroes and heroines and saints and martyrs and divinities to exercise their gifts of affection, admiration, wonder, and worship, and their Judases and devils to enable them to be angry and yet feel that they do well to be angry. Every one of these legends is the common

heritage of the human race, and there is only one inexorable condition attached to their healthy enjoyment, which is that no one shall believe them literally. The reading of stories and delighting in them made Don Quixote a gentleman—the believing them literally made him a madman who slew lambs instead of feeding them. In England today good books of Eastern religious legends are read eagerly; and Protestants and Atheists read legends of the saints with pleasure. Sceptical Freethinkers read the Bible indeed they seem to be its only readers now except the parsons at the Church lecterns. This is because the imposition of the legends as literal truths at once changes them from legends into falsehoods. The feeling against the Bible has become so strong at last that educated people will not tolerate even the chronicles of King David, which may be historical, and are certainly more candid than the official biographies of our contemporary monarchs.

WHAT TO DO WITH THE LEGENDS

What we should do, then, is to pool our legends and make a delightful stock of religious folk-lore on an honest basis for all children. With our minds freed from pretence and falsehood we could enter into the heritage of all the faiths. China would share her sagas with Spain, and Spain her saints with China. The Belfast Orangeman who gives his son a thrashing if the boy is so tactless as to ask how the evening and the morning could be the first day before the sun was created, or to betray an innocent calf-love for the Virgin Mary, would buy him a bookful of legends of the creation and of mothers of God from all parts of the world, and be very glad to find his laddie as interested in such things as in marbles or

Police and Robbers. That would be better than beating all good feeling towards religion out of the child, and blackening his mind by teaching him that the worshippers of the holy virgins, whether of the Parthenon or St Peter's, are fire-doomed heathens and idolaters. All the sweetness of religion is conveyed to children by the hands of storytellers and image-makers. Without their fictions the truths of religion would for the multitude be neither intelligible nor even apprehensible, and the prophets would prophesy and the philosophers cerebrate in vain. And nothing stands between the people and the fictions except the silly falsehood that the fictions are literal truths, and that there is nothing in religion but fiction.

A LESSON FROM SCIENCE TO THE CHURCHES

Let the Churches ask themselves why there is no revolt against the dogmas of mathematics though there is one against the dogmas of religion. It is not that the mathematical dogmas are more comprehensible. The law of inverse squares is as incomprehensible to the common man as the Athanasian creed. It is not that science is free from legends, witchcraft, miracles, biographic boostings of quacks as heroes and saints, and of barren scoundrels as explorers and discoverers. On the contrary, the iconography and hagiology of Scientism are as copious as they are mostly squalid. But no student of science has yet been taught that specific gravity consists in the belief that Archimedes jumped out of his bath and ran naked through the streets of Syracuse shouting Eureka, Eureka, or that the law of inverse squares must be discarded if anyone can prove that Newton was never in an orchard in his life. When some unusually conscientious or enterprising bacteriologist reads the

pamphlets of Jenner, and discovers that they might have been written by an ignorant but curious and observant nurserymaid, and could not possibly have been written by any person with a scientifically trained mind, he does not feel that the whole edifice of science has collapsed and crumbled, and that there is no such thing as smallpox. It may come to that yet ; for hygiene, as it forces its way into our schools, is being taught as falsely as religion is taught there ; but in mathematics and physics the faith is still kept pure, and you may take the law and leave the legends without suspicion of heresy. Accordingly, the tower of the mathematician stands unshaken whilst the temple of the priest rocks to its foundation.

THE RELIGIOUS ART OF THE TWENTIETH CENTURY

Creative Evolution is already a religion, and is indeed now unmistakably the religion of the twentieth century, newly arisen from the ashes of pseudo-Christianity, of mere scepticism, and of the soulless affirmations and blind negations of the Mechanists and Neo-Darwinians. But it cannot become a popular religion until it has its legends, its parables, its miracles. And when I say popular I do not mean apprehensible by villagers only. I mean apprehensible by Cabinet Ministers as well. It is unreasonable to look to the professional politician and administrator for light and leading in religion. He is neither a philosopher nor a prophet. If he were, he would be philosophizing and prophesying, and not neglecting both for the drudgery of practical government. Not being an expert, he must take religion as he finds it ; and before he can take it, he must have been told stories about it in his childhood and had before him all his life an elaborate iconography

of it produced by writers, painters, sculptors, temple architects, and artists of all the higher sorts. Even if, as sometimes happens, he is a bit of an amateur in metaphysics as well as a professional politician, he must still govern according to the popular iconography, and not according to his own interpretations if these happen to be heterodox.

It will be seen then that the revival of religion on a scientific basis does not mean the death of art, but a glorious rebirth of it. Indeed art has never been great when it was not providing an iconography for a live religion. And it has never been quite contemptible except when imitating the iconography after the religion had become a superstition. Italian painting from Giotto to Carpaccio is all religious painting, and it moves us deeply and has real greatness. Compare with it the attempts of our painters a century ago to achieve the effects of the old masters by imitation when they should have been illustrating a faith of their own. Contemplate, if you can bear it, the dull daubs of Hilton and Haydon, who knew so much more about drawing and scumbling and glazing and perspective and anatomy and "marvellous foreshortening" than Giotto, the latchet of whose shoe they were nevertheless not worthy to unloose. Compare Mozart's *Magic Flute*, Beethoven's *Ninth Symphony*, and Wagner's *Ring cycle*, all of them reachings-forward to the new Vitalist art, with the dreary pseudo-sacred oratorios and cantatas produced for no better reason than that Handel made splendid thunder in that way. Compare Flaxman and Thorwaldsen and Gibson with Phidias and Praxiteles, Stevens with Michael Angelo, Bouguereau's *Virgin* with Cimabue's, or the best operatic Christs of Scheffer and Muller with the worst Christs that the worst painters could paint before the end of the fifteenth

century, and you must feel that until we have a great religious movement we cannot hope for a great artistic one. The disillusioned Raphael could paint a mother and child, but not a queen of Heaven as much less skilful men had done in the days of his great-grandfathers, yet he could reach forward to the twentieth century and paint a Transfiguration of the Son of Man as they could not. Also, please note, he could decorate a house of pleasure for a plutocrat very beautifully with voluptuous pictures of Cupid and Psyche, for this simple sort of Vitalism is always with us, and, like portrait painting, keeps the artist supplied with subject matter in the intervals between the ages of faith, so that your sceptical Rembrandts and Velasquezs are at least not compelled to paint shop fronts for want of anything else to paint in which they can really believe.

THE ARTIST-PROPHETS

And there are always great anticipations. Michael Angelo painted the Superman three hundred years before Nietzsche wrote Thus Spake Zoroaster. As a painter of prophets and sibyls he is greatest among the very greatest in his craft, because we aspire to a world of prophets and sibyls. Beethoven never heard of radio-activity nor of electrons dancing in vortices of inconceivable energy, but pray can anyone explain the last movement of his Hammerklavier Sonata, Opus 106, otherwise than as a musical picture of these whirling electrons? His contemporaries said he was mad, partly perhaps because the movement was so hard to play; but we, who can make a pianola play it to us over and over until it is as familiar as Pop Goes the Weasel, know that it is sane and methodical. As such, it must represent something;

and as all Beethoven's serious compositions represent some process within himself, some nerve storm or soul storm, and the storm here is clearly one of physical movement, I should much like to know what other storm than the atomic storm could have driven him to this oddest of all those many expressions of cyclonic energy which have given him the same distinction among musicians that Michael Angelo has among draughtsmen

In Beethoven's day the business of art was held to be "the sublime and beautiful." In our day it has fallen to be the imitative and voluptuous. In both periods the word passionate has been freely employed; but in the eighteenth century passion meant irresistible impulse of the loftiest kind: for example, a passion for astronomy or for truth. For us it has come to mean concupiscence and nothing else. One might say to the art of Europe what Antony said to the corpse of Cæsar: "Are all thy conquests, glories, triumphs, spoils, shrunk to this little measure?" But in fact it is the mind of Europe that has shrunk, being, as we have seen, wholly preoccupied with a busy spring-cleaning to get rid of its superstitions before readjusting itself to the creative conception of Evolution

EVOLUTION IN THE THEATRE

On the stage (and here I come at last to my own particular function in the matter), Comedy, as a destructive, derisory, critical, negative art, kept the theatre open when sublime tragedy perished. From Molière to Oscar Wilde we had a line of comedic playwrights who, if they had nothing fundamentally positive to say, were at least in revolt against falsehood and imposture, and were not only, as they claimed, "chastening morals by ridicule," but, in Johnson's

phrase, clearing our minds of cant, and thereby shewing an uneasiness in the presence of error which is the surest symptom of intellectual vitality. Meanwhile the name of Tragedy was assumed by plays in which everyone was killed in the last act, just as, in spite of Molière, plays in which everyone was married in the last act called themselves comedies. Now neither tragedies nor comedies can be produced according to a prescription which gives only the last moments of the last act .

Ever since Shakespear, playwrights have been struggling with their lack of positive religion. Many of them were forced to become mere pandars and sensation-mongers because, though they had higher ambitions, they could find no better subject matter. From Congreve to Sheridan they were so sterile in spite of their wit that they did not achieve between them the output of Molière's single lifetime, and they were all (not without reason) ashamed of their profession, and preferred to be regarded as mere men of fashion with a rakish hobby. Goldsmith's was the only saved soul in that pandemonium. Consider the great exception of Goethe. He is Olympian. the other giants are infernal in everything but their veracity and their repudiation of the irreligion of their time: that is, they are bitter and hopeless. It is not a question of mere dates. Goethe was an Evolutionist in 1830: many modern playwrights, even young ones, are still untouched by Creative Evolution. Even Ibsen was Darwinized to the extent of exploiting heredity on the stage much as the ancient Athenian playwrights exploited the Eumenides. Evolution as a poetic aspiration is plain enough in his Emperor or Galilean, but it is one of Ibsen's distinctions that nothing was valid for him but science, and he left that vision of the future which his Roman seer calls "the third

Empire " behind him when he settled down to his serious grapple with realities in those plays of nineteenth century life with which he overcame Europe, and broke the dusty windows of every dry-rotten theatre in it from Moscow to Manchester

MY OWN PART IN THE MATTER

In my own activities as a playwright I found this state of things intolerable. The fashionable theatre prescribed one serious subject—clandestine adultery—the dulllest of all subjects for a serious author, whatever it may be for audiences who read the police intelligence and skip the reviews and leading articles. I tried slum-landlordism, doctrinaire Free Love (pseudo-Ibsenism), prostitution, militarism, marriage, history, current politics, natural Christianity, national and individual character, paradoxes of conventional society, husband-hunting, questions of conscience, professional delusions and impostures, all worked into a series of comedies of manners in the classic fashion, which was then very much out of fashion, the mechanical tricks of Parisian "construction" being held obligatory in the theatre. But this, though it occupied me and established me professionally, did not constitute me an iconographer of the religion of my time, fulfilling my natural function as an artist. I knew that civilization needs a religion as a matter of life or death, and as the conception of Creative Evolution developed I saw that we were at last within reach of a faith which complied with the first condition of all the religions that have ever taken hold of humanity—namely, that it must be, first and fundamentally, a science of metabiology. This was a crucial point with me, for I had seen Bible fetichism, after standing up to all the rationalistic batteries of Hume, Voltaire,

and the rest, collapse before the onslaught of much less gifted Evolutionists, solely because they discredited it as a biological document ; so that from that moment it lost its hold, and left literate Christendom faithless. My own Irish eighteenth-centuryism made it impossible for me to believe anything until I could conceive it as a scientific hypothesis, even though the abominations, quackeries, impostures, venalities, credulities, and delusions of the camp followers of science, and the brazen lies and priestly pretensions of the pseudo-scientific cure-mongers, all sedulously inculcated by modern "secondary education," were so monstrous that I was sometimes forced to make a verbal distinction between science and knowledge lest I should mislead my readers. But I never forgot that without knowledge even wisdom is more dangerous than mere opportunist ignorance, and that somebody must take the Garden of Eden in hand and weed it properly.

Accordingly, in 1901, I took the legend of Don Juan in its Mozartian form and made it a dramatic parable of Creative Evolution. But being then at the height of my invention and comedic talent, I decorated it too brilliantly and lavishly I surrounded it with a comedy of which it formed only one act, and that act was so completely episodic (it was a dream which did not affect the action of the piece) that the comedy could be detached and played by itself Also I supplied the published work with an imposing framework consisting of a preface, an appendix called *The Revolutionist's Handbook*, and a final display of aphoristic fireworks. The effect was so vertiginous, apparently, that nobody noticed the new religion in the centre of the intellectual whirlpool Now I protest I did not cut these cerebral capers in mere inconsiderate exuberance. I did it because the worst convention of

the criticism of the theatre current at that time was that intellectual seriousness is out of place on the stage, that the theatre is a place of shallow amusement, that people go there to be soothed after the enormous intellectual strain of a day in the city: in short, that a playwright is a person whose business it is to make unwholesome confectionery out of cheap emotions. My answer to this was to put all my intellectual goods in the shop window under the sign of Man and Superman. That part of my design succeeded. By good luck and acting, the comedy triumphed on the stage, and the book was a good deal discussed. But as its tale of a husband huntress obscured its evolutionary doctrine I try again with this cycle of plays that keep to the point all through. I abandon the legend of Don Juan with its erotic associations, and go back to the legend of the Garden of Eden. I exploit the eternal interest of the philosopher's stone which enables men to live for ever. I am not, I hope, under more illusion than is humanly inevitable as to my contribution to the scriptures of Creative Evolution. It is my hope that a hundred parables by younger hands will soon leave mine as far behind as the religious pictures of the fifteenth century left behind the first attempts of the early Christians at iconography. In that hope I withdraw and ring up the curtain.

AYOT SAINT LAWRENCE, 1921

PART I
IN THE BEGINNING

ACT I

The Garden of Eden Afternoon An immense serpent is sleeping with her head buried in a thick bed of Johnswort, and her body coiled in apparently endless rings through the branches of a tree, which is already well grown, for the days of creation have been longer than our reckoning She is not yet visible to anyone unaware of her presence, as her colors of green and brown make a perfect camouflage Near her head a low rock shews above the Johnswort

The rock and tree are on the border of a glade in which lies a dead fawn all awry, its neck being broken. Adam, crouching with one hand on the rock, is staring in consternation at the dead body He has not noticed the serpent on his left hand He turns his face to his right and calls excitedly

ADAM Eve ! Eve !

EVE'S VOICE What is it, Adam ?

ADAM Come here Quick. Something has happened

EVE [*running in*] What ? Where ? [*Adam points to the fawn*] Oh ! [*She goes to it, and he is emboldened to go with her*] What is the matter with its eyes ?

ADAM It is not only its eyes Look [*He kicks it*]

EVE. Oh dont ! Why doesnt it wake ?

ADAM I dont know. It is not asleep

EVE Not asleep ?

ADAM. Try.

EVE [*trying to shake it and roll it over*] It is stiff and cold

ADAM Nothing will wake it

EVE. It has a queer smell Pah ! [*She dusts her hands, and draws away from it*] Did you find it like that ?

ADAM. No It was playing about , and it tripped and went head over heels It never stirred again. Its neck is wrong [*he stoops to lift the neck and shew her*]

EVE Dont touch it Come away from it.

They both retreat, and contemplate it from a few steps' distance with growing repulsion.

EVE. Adam

ADAM Yes ?

EVE Suppose you were to trip and fall, would you go like that ?

ADAM Ugh ! [*He shudders and sits down on the rock*]

EVE [*throwing herself on the ground beside him, and grasping his knee*] You must be careful Promise me you will be careful

ADAM. What is the good of being careful ? We have to live here for ever Think of what for ever means ! Sooner or later I shall trip and fall It may be tomorrow , it may be after as many days as there are leaves in the garden and grains of sand by the river No matter · some day I shall forget and stumble

EVE I too

ADAM [*horrified*] Oh no, no I should be alone Alone for ever You must never put yourself in danger of stumbling You must not move about. You must sit still I will take care of you and bring you what you want

EVE [*turning away from him with a shrug, and hugging her ankles*] I should soon get tired of that. Besides, if it happened to you, I should be alone. I could not sit still then And at last it would happen to me too

ADAM And then ?

EVE Then we should be no more There would be only the things on all fours, and the birds, and the snakes

ADAM. That must not be.

EVE. Yes : that must not be But it might be

ADAM No. I tell you it must not be I know that it must not be.

EVE We both know it How do we know it ?

ADAM. There is a voice in the garden that tells me things

EVE. The garden is full of voices sometimes They put all sorts of thoughts into my head.

ADAM. To me there is only one voice It is very low , but it is so near that it is like a whisper from within myself There is no mistaking it for any voice of the birds or beasts, nor for your voice

EVE. It is strange that I should hear voices from all sides and you only one from within But I have some thoughts that come from within me and not from the voices. The thought that we must not cease to be comes from within

ADAM [*despairingly*] But we shall cease to be We shall fall like the fawn and be broken [*Rising and moving about in his agitation*] I cannot bear this knowledge I will not have it. It must not be, I tell you. Yet I do not know how to prevent it

EVE That is just what I feel , but it is very strange that you should say so there is no pleasing you You change your mind so often

ADAM [*scolding her*] Why do you say that ? How have I changed my mind ?

EVE You say we must not cease to exist But you used to complain of having to exist always and for ever. You sometimes sit for hours brooding and silent, hating me in your heart When I ask you what I have done to you, you say you are not thinking of me, but of the horror of having to be here for ever. But I know very well that what you mean is the horror of having to be here with me for ever

ADAM Oh ! That is what you think, is it ? Well,

you are wrong. [*He sits down again, sulkily*] It is the horror of having to be wrth myself for ever I like you ; but I do not like myself I want to be different , to be better ; to begin again and again ; to shed myself as a snake sheds its skin I am tired of myself And yet I must endure myself, not for a day or for many days, but for ever. That is a dreadful thought. That is what makes me sit brooding and silent and hateful Do you never think of that ?

EVE No . I do not think about myself what is the use ? I am what I am nothing can alter that I think about you

ADAM You should not You are always spying on me. I can never be alone. You always want to know what I have been doing It is a burden You should try to have an existence of your own, instead of occupying yourself with my existence

EVE I have to think about you. You are lazy you are dirty you neglect yourself you are always dreaming : you would eat bad food and become disgusting if I did not watch you and occupy myself with you And now some day, in spite of all my care, you will fall on your head and become dead

ADAM Dead ? What word is that ?

EVE [*pointing to the fawn*] Like that I call it dead.

ADAM [*rising and approaching it slowly*] There is something uncanny about it

EVE [*joining him*] Oh ! It is changing into little white worms.

ADAM Throw it into the river It is unbearable

EVE I dare not touch it.

ADAM. Then I must, though I loathe it. It is poisoning the air. [*He gathers its hooves in his hand and carries it away in the direction from which Eve came, holding it as far from him as possible*]

Eve looks after them for a moment ; then, with a shiver

of disgust, sits down on the rock, brooding The body of the serpent becomes visible, glowing with wonderful new colors She rears her head slowly from the bed of Johnswort, and speaks into Eve's ear in a strange seductively musical whisper

THE SERPENT Eve

EVE [*startled*] Who is that ?

THE SERPENT It is I I have come to shew you my beautiful new hood See [*she spreads a magnificent amethystine hood*] !

EVE [*admiring it*] Oh ! But who taught you to speak ?

THE SERPENT You and Adam I have crept through the grass, and hidden, and listened to you

EVE That was wonderfully clever of you

THE SERPENT I am the most subtle of all the creatures of the field

EVE Your hood is most lovely [*She strokes it and pets the serpent*] Pretty thing ! Do you love your godmother Eve ?

THE SERPENT I adore her [*She licks Eve's neck with her double tongue*]

EVE [*petting her*] Eve's wonderful darling snake Eve will never be lonely now that her snake can talk to her

THE SERPENT I can talk of many things I am very wise It was I who whispered the word to you that you did not know Dead Death Die.

EVE [*shuddering*] Why do you remind me of it ? I forgot it when I saw your beautiful hood You must not remind me of unhappy things

THE SERPENT Death is not an unhappy thing when you have learnt how to conquer it

EVE. How can I conquer it ?

THE SERPENT By another thing, called birth

EVE What ? [*Trying to pronounce it*] B-birth ?

THE SERPENT Yes, birth

EVE. What is birth ?

THE SERPENT. The serpent never dies Some day you shall see me come out of this beautiful skin, a new snake with a new and lovelier skin That is birth

EVE. I have seen that. It is wonderful

THE SERPENT If I can do that, what can I not do ? I tell you I am very subtle When you and Adam talk, I hear you say " Why ? " Always " Why ? " You see things , and you say " Why ? " But I dream things that never were , and I say " Why not ? " I made the word dead to describe my old skin that I cast when I am renewed. I call that renewal being born

EVE Born is a beautiful word

THE SERPENT Why not be born again and again as I am, new and beautiful every time ?

EVE I ! It does not happen that is why

THE SERPENT That is how , but it is not why Why not ?

EVE But I should not like it It would be nice to be new again , but my old skin would lie on the ground looking just like me , and Adam would see it shivel up and—

THE SERPENT No He need not There is a second birth

EVE A second birth ?

THE SERPENT Listen I will tell you a great secret. I am very subtle , and I have thought and thought and thought And I am very wilful, and must have what I want , and I have willed and willed and willed And I have eaten strange things . stones and apples that you are afraid to eat.

EVE. You dared !

THE SERPENT I dared everything . And at last I

found a way of gathering together a part of the life in my body—

EVE. What is the life ?

THE SERPENT. That which makes the difference between the dead fawn and the live one

EVE. What a beautiful word ! And what a wonderful thing ! Life is the loveliest of all the new words

THE SERPENT Yes . it was by meditating on Life that I gained the power to do miracles

EVE Miracles ? Another new word

THE SERPENT A miracle is an impossible thing that is nevertheless possible Something that never could happen, and yet does happen.

EVE Tell me some miracle that you have done

THE SERPENT. I gathered a part of the life in my body, and shut it into a tiny white case made of the stones I had eaten

EVE And what good was that ?

THE SERPENT I shewed the little case to the sun, and left it in its warmth And it burst , and a little snake came out , and it became bigger and bigger from day to day until it was as big as I That was the second birth

EVE Oh ! That is too wonderful It stirs inside me It hurts

THE SERPENT It nearly tore me asunder Yet I am alive, and can burst my skin and renew myself as before. Soon there will be as many snakes in Eden as there are scales on my body. Then death will not matter . this snake and that snake will die , but the snakes will live

EVE But the rest of us will die sooner or later, like the fawn. And then there will be nothing but snakes, snakes, snakes everywhere.

THE SERPENT That must not be I worship you,

Eve I must have something to worship Something quite different to myself, like you There must be something greater than the snake

EVE Yes . it must not be. Adam must not perish You are very subtle . tell me what to do.

THE SERPENT Think Will Eat the dust Lick the white stone · bite the apple you dread The sun will give life

EVE. I do not trust the sun I will give life myself I will tear another Adam from my body if I tear my body to pieces in the act

THE SERPENT Do Dare it Everything is possible. everything Listen I am old I am the old serpent, older than Adam, older than Eve. I remember Lilith, who came before Adam and Eve I was her darling as I am yours. She was alone there was no man with her She saw death as you saw it when the fawn fell , and she knew then that she must find out how to renew herself and cast the skin like me. She had a mighty will . she strove and strove and willed and willed for more moons than there are leaves on all the trees of the garden Her pangs were terrible : her groans drove sleep from Eden She said it must never be again that the burden of renewing life was past bearing . that it was too much for one. And when she cast the skin, lo ! there was not one new Lilith but two · one like herself, the other like Adam. You were the one . Adam was the other.

EVE. But why did she divide into two. and make us different ?

THE SERPENT I tell you the labor is too much for one Two must share it.

EVE Do you mean that Adam must share it with me ? He will not He cannot bear pain, nor take trouble with his body.

THE SERPENT He need not. There will be no pain

for him He will implore you to let him do his share.
He will be in your power through his desire

EVE Then I will do it. But how? How did Lilith work this miracle?

THE SERPENT She imagined it.

EVE What is imagined?

THE SERPENT She told it to me as a marvellous story of something that never happened to a Lilith that never was She did not know then that imagination is the beginning of creation You imagine what you desire, you will what you imagine, and at last you create what you will

EVE How can I create out of nothing?

THE SERPENT Everything must have been created out of nothing Look at that thick roll of hard flesh on your strong arm! That was not always there you could not climb a tree when I first saw you But you willed and tried and willed and tried; and your will created out of nothing the roll on your arm until you had your desire, and could draw yourself up with one hand and seat yourself on the bough that was above your head

EVE That was practice

THE SERPENT Things wear out by practice: they do not grow by it Your hair streams in the wind as if it were trying to stretch itself further and further But it does not grow longer for all its practice in streaming, because you have not willed it so When Lilith told me what she had imagined in our silent language (for there were no words then) I bade her desire it and will it, and then, to our great wonder, the thing she had desired and willed created itself in her under the urging of her will Then I too willed to renew myself as two instead of one, and after many days the miracle happened, and I burst from my skin with another snake interlaced with me, and

now there are two imaginations, two desires, two wills to create with.

EVE To desire, to imagine, to will, to create That is too long a story Find me one word for it all . you, who are so clever at words.

THE SERPENT In one word, to conceive That is the word that means both the beginning in imagination and the end in creation

EVE Find me a word for the story Lilith imagined and told you in your silent language . the story that was too wonderful to be true, and yet came true.

THE SERPENT A poem

EVE Find me another word for what Lilith was to me

THE SERPENT She was your mother.

EVE And Adam's mother ?

THE SERPENT Yes

EVE [*about to rise*] I will go and tell Adam to conceive

THE SERPENT [*laughs*] ' ' ' .

EVE [*jarred and startled*] What a hateful noise ! What is the matter with you ? No one has ever uttered such a sound before

THE SERPENT Adam cannot conceive

EVE Why ?

THE SERPENT Lilith did not imagine him so He can imagine he can will he can desire he can gather his life together for a great spring towards creation he can create all things except one , and that one is his own kind

EVE. Why did Lilith keep this from him ?

THE SERPENT Because if he could do it he could do without Eve

EVE. That is true. It is I who must conceive

THE SERPENT. Yes By that he is tied to you

EVE. And I to him ?

THE SERPENT Yes, until you create another Adam.

EVE I had not thought of that You are very subtle But if I create another Eve he may turn to her and do without me I will not create any Evcs, only Adams

THE SERPENT They cannot renew themselves without Evcs Sooner or later you will die like the fawn, and the new Adams will be unable to create without new Evcs You can imagine such an end ; but you cannot desire it, therefore cannot will it, therefore cannot create Adams only

EVE If I am to die like the fawn, why should not the rest die too ? What do I care ?

THE SERPENT Life must not cease That comes before everything It is silly to say you do not care You do care It is that care that will prompt your imagination, inflame your desires, make your will irresistible, and create out of nothing

EVE [*thoughtfully*] There can be no such thing as nothing The garden is full, not empty

THE SERPENT That is true Darling Eve · this is a great thought Yes · there is no such thing as nothing, only things we cannot see The chameleon eats the air

EVE I have another thought I must tell it to Adam [*Calling*] Adam ! Adam ! Coo-ee !

ADAM'S VOICE Coo-ee !

EVE This will please him, and cure his fits of melancholy

THE SERPENT Do not tell him yet I have not told you the great secret

EVE What more is there to tell ? It is I who have to do the miracle

THE SERPENT No he, too, must desire and will. But he must give his desire and his will to you

EVE How ?

THE SERPENT That is the great secret Hush ! he is coming.

ADAM [*returning*] Is there another voice in the garden besides our voices and the Voice ? I heard a new voice

EVE [*rising and running to him*] Only think, Adam ! Our snake has learnt to speak by listening to us

ADAM [*delighted*] Is it so ? [*He goes past her to the stone, and fondles the serpent*]

THE SERPENT [*responding affectionately*] It is so, dear Adam

EVE But I have more wonderful news than that Adam we need not live for ever

ADAM [*dropping the snake's head in his excitement*] What ! Eve do not play with me about this If only there may be an end some day, and yet no end ! If only I can be relieved of the horror of having to endure myself for ever ! If only the care of this terrible garden may pass on to some other gardener ! If only the sentinel set by the Voice can be relieved ! If only the rest and sleep that enable me to bear it from day to day could grow after many days into an eternal rest, an eternal sleep, then I could face my days, however long they may last Only, there must be some end, some end I am not strong enough to bear eternity

THE SERPENT You need not live to see another summer , and yet there shall be no end

ADAM That cannot be

THE SERPENT. It can be

EVE It shall be

THE SERPENT It is Kill me , and you will find another snake in the garden tomorrow. You will find more snakes than there are fingers on your hands

EVE I will make other Adams, other Eves

ADAM I tell you you must not make up stories about this. It cannot happen.

THE SERPENT I can remember when you were yourself a thing that could not happen. Yet you are.

ADAM [*struck*] That must be true [*He sits down on the stone*]

THE SERPENT I will tell Eve the secret ; and she
will tell it to you

ADAM 'The secret !' [*He turns quickly towards the serpent, and in doing so puts his foot on something sharp*].
Oh !

EVE What is it ?

ADAM [*rubbing his foot*] A thistle And there, next to
it, a briar And nettles, too ! I am tired of pulling
these things up to keep the garden pleasant for us
for ever

THE SERPENT They do not grow very fast They will not overrun the whole garden for a long time : not until you have laid down your burden and gone to sleep for ever. Why should you trouble yourself? Let the new Adams clear a place for themselves

ADAM That is very true. You must tell us your secret. You see, Eve, what a splendid thing it is not to have to live for ever.

EVE [*throwing herself down discontentedly and plucking at the grass*] That is so like a man. 'The moment you find we need not last for ever, you talk as if we were going to end today. You must clear away some of those horrid things, or we shall be scratched and stung whenever we forget to look where we are stepping.

ADAM Oh yes, some of them, of course But only some I will clear them away tomorrow.

THE SERPENT [*laughs*] !!!

ADAM That is a funny noise to make I like it.

EVE I do not. Why do you make it again?

THE SERPENT Adam has invented something new
He has invented tomorrow You will invent things
every day now that the burden of immortality is
lifted from you

EVE Immortality ? What is that ?

THE SERPENT My new word for having to live for
ever

EVE. The serpent has made a beautiful word for
being Living

ADAM Make me a beautiful word for doing things
tomorrow , for that surely is a great and blessed
invention

THE SERPENT Procrastination

EVE That is a sweet word I wish I had a serpent's
tongue

THE SERPENT That may come too Everything is
possible

ADAM [*springing up in sudden terror*] Oh !

EVE What is the matter now ?

ADAM My rest ! My escape from life !

THE SERPENT Death That is the word

ADAM There is a terrible danger in this pro-
crastination

EVE. What danger ?

ADAM If I put off death until tomorrow, I shall
never die There is no such day as tomorrow, and
never can be

THE SERPENT. I am very very subtle , but Man is
deeper in his thought than I am. The woman knows
that there is no such thing as nothing the man
knows that there is no such day as tomorrow I do
well to worship them.

ADAM If I am to overtake death, I must appoint a
real day, not a tomorrow When shall I die ?

EVE You may die when I have made another
Adam. Not before But then, as soon as you like.

[*She rises, and passing behind him, strolls off carelessly to the tree and leans against it, stroking a ring of the snake.*]

ADAM There need be no hurry even then.

EVE I see you will put it off until tomorrow

ADAM And you? Will you die the moment you have made a new Eve?

EVE Why should I? Are you eager to be rid of me? Only just now you wanted me to sit still and never move lest I should stumble and die like the fawn. Now you no longer care

ADAM It does not matter so much now

EVE [*angrily to the snake*] This death that you have brought into the garden is an evil thing. He wants me to die.

THE SERPENT [*to Adam*] Do you want her to die?

ADAM No. It is I who am to die. Eve must not die before me. I should be lonely.

EVE You could get one of the new Eves.

ADAM That is true. But they might not be quite the same. They could not. I feel sure of that. They would not have the same memories. They would be—I want a word for them.

THE SERPENT Strangers.

ADAM Yes. that is a good hard word. Strangers.

EVE When there are new Adams and new Eves we shall live in a garden of strangers. We shall need each other. [*She comes quickly behind him and turns up his face to her*] Do not forget that, Adam. Never forget it.

ADAM. Why should I forget it? It is I who have thought of it.

EVE I, too, have thought of something. The fawn stumbled and fell and died. But you could come softly up behind me and [*she suddenly pounces on his shoulders and throws him forward on his face*] throw me down so that I should die. I should not dare to sleep

if there were no reason why you should not make me die

ADAM [*scrambling up in horror*] Make you die!!!
What a frightful thought!

THE SERPENT. Kill, kill, kill, kill That is the word.

EVE The new Adams and Eves might kill us I shall not make them [*She sits on the rock and pulls him down beside her, clasping him to her with her right arm*]

THE SERPENT You must For if you do not there will be an end

ADAM No. they will not kill us: they will feel as I do There is something against it The Voice in the garden will tell them that they must not kill, as it tells me

THE SERPENT. The voice in the garden is your own voice

ADAM It is, and it is not It is something greater than me I am only a part of it

EVE The Voice does not tell me not to kill you Yet I do not want you to die before me No voice is needed to make me feel that

ADAM [*throwing his arm round her shoulder with an expression of anguish*] Oh no that is plain without any voice There is something that holds us together, something that has no word—

THE SERPENT Love Love Love

ADAM That is too short a word for so long a thing

THE SERPENT [*laughs*]!!!

EVE [*turning impatiently to the snake*] That heart-biting sound again! Do not do it Why do you do it?

THE SERPENT Love may soon be too long a word for so short a thing But when it is short it will be very sweet

ADAM [*ruminating*] You puzzle me My old trouble was heavy; but it was simple These wonders that

you promise to do may tangle up my being before they bring me the gift of death I was troubled with the burden of eternal being , but I was not confused in my mind If I did not know that I loved Eve, at least I did not know that she might cease to love me, and come to love some other Adam and desire my death Can you find a name for that knowledge ?

THE SERPENT Jealousy Jealousy Jealousy.

ADAM A hideous word

EVE. [*shaking him*] Adam you must not brood You think too much

ADAM [*angrily*] How can I help brooding when the future has become uncertain ? Anything is better than uncertainty. Life has become uncertain Love is uncertain. Have you a word for this new misery ?

THE SERPENT Fear Fear Fear

ADAM Have you a remedy for it ?

THE SERPENT Yes Hope Hope Hope.

ADAM What is hope ?

THE SERPENT As long as you do not know the future you do not know that it will not be happier than the past That is hope

ADAM It does not console me Fear is stronger in me than hope I must have certainty [*He rises threateningly*] Give it to me , or I will kill you when next I catch you asleep

EVE [*throwing her arms round the serpent*] My beautiful snake Oh no How can you even think such a horror ?

ADAM Fear will drive me to anything The serpent gave me fear. Let it now give me certainty or go in fear of me

THE SERPENT Bind the future by your will Make a vow.

ADAM What is a vow ?

THE SERPENT Choose a day for your death ; and

ADAM Chance ? What does that mean ?

THE SERPENT It means that I fear certainty as you fear uncertainty. It means that nothing is certain but uncertainty. If I bind the future I bind my will. If I bind my will I strangle creation.

EVE Creation must not be strangled. I tell you I will create, though I tear myself to pieces in the act.

ADAM Be silent, both of you. I will bind the future. I will be delivered from fear. [*To Eve*] We have made our vows, and if you must create, you shall create within the bounds of those vows. You shall not listen to that snake any more. Come [*he seizes her by the hair to drag her away*].

EVE Let me go, you fool. It has not yet told me the secret.

ADAM [*releasing her*] That is true. What is a fool ?

EVE I do not know. The word came to me. It is what you are when you forget and brood and are filled with fear. Let us listen to the snake.

ADAM No. I am afraid of it. I feel as if the ground were giving way under my feet when it speaks. Do you stay and listen to it.

THE SERPENT [*laughs*] ! ! !

ADAM [*brightening*] That noise takes away fear. Funny. The snake and the woman are going to whisper secrets. [*He chuckles and goes away slowly, laughing his first laugh*].

EVE. Now the secret. The secret. [*She sits on the rock and throws her arms round the serpent, who begins whispering to her*].

Eve's face lights up with intense interest, which increases until an expression of overwhelming repugnance takes its place. She buries her face in her hands.

ACT II

A few centuries later Morning An oasis in Mesopotamia Close at hand the end of a log house abuts on a kitchen garden Adam is digging in the middle of the garden On his right, Eve sits on a stool in the shadow of a tree by the doorway, spinning flax Her wheel, which she turns by hand, is a large disc of heavy wood, practically a fly-wheel At the opposite side of the garden is a thorn brake with a passage through it barred by a hurdle

The two are scantily and carelessly dressed in rough linen and leaves They have lost their youth and attractive grace, and Adam has an unkempt beard and jaggedly cut hair; but they are strong and in the prime of life Adam looks worried, like a farmer Eve, better humored (having given up worrying), sits and spins and thinks

A MAN'S VOICE Hallo, mother !

EVE [*looking across the garden towards the hurdle*] Here is Cain

ADAM [*uttering a grunt of disgust*] ' ' ' [*He goes on digging without raising his head*]

Cain kicks the hurdle out of his way, and strides into the garden. In pose, voice, and dress he is insistently warlike. He is equipped with huge spear and broad brass-bound leather shield; his casque is a tiger's head with bull's horns; he wears a scarlet cloak with gold brooch over a lion's skin with the claws dangling, his feet are in sandals with brass ornaments; his shins are in brass greaves, and his bristling military moustache glistens with oil To his parents he has the self-assertive, not-quite-at-ease manner of a revolted son who knows that he is not forgiven nor approved of

CAIN [*to Adam*] Still digging ? Always dig, dig, dig Sticking in the old furrow No progress ! no advanced ideas ! no adventures ! What should I be if I had stuck to the digging you taught me ?

ADAM What are you now, with your shield and spear, and your brother's blood crying from the ground against you ?

CAIN I am the first murderer you are only the first man Anybody could be the first man . it is as easy as to be the first cabbage To be the first murderer one must be a man of spirit

ADAM Begone Leave us in peace The world is wide enough to keep us apart.

EVE , Why do you want to drive him away ? He is mine I made him out of my own body. I want to see my work sometimes

ADAM You made Abel also He killed Abel Can you bear to look at him after that ?

CAIN Whose fault was it that I killed Abel ? Who invented killing ? Did I ? No he invented it himself I followed your teaching I dug and dug and dug. I cleared away the thistles and briars I ate the fruits of the earth I lived in the sweat of my brow, as you do I was a fool But Abel was a discoverer, a man of ideas, of spirit a true Progressive He was the discoverer of blood. He was the inventor of killing He found out that the fire of the sun could be brought down by a dewdrop He invented the altar to keep the fire alive He changed the beasts he killed into meat by the fire on the altar. He kept himself alive by eating meat His meal cost him a day's glorious health-giving sport and an hour's amusing play with the fire You learnt nothing from him you drudged and drudged and drudged, and dug and dug and dug, and made me do the same. I envied his happiness, his freedom. I despised myself for not doing as he did instead of what you did He became so happy that he shared his meal with the Voice that had whispered all his inventions to him He said that the Voice was the voice of the fire that

cooked his food, and that the fire that could cook could also eat. It was true. I saw the fire consume the food on his altar. Then I, too, made an altar, and offered my food on it, my grains, my roots, my fruit. Useless: nothing happened. He laughed at me, and then came my great idea: why not kill him as he killed the beasts? I struck, and he died, just as they did. Then I gave up your old silly drudging ways, and lived as he had lived, by the chase, by the killing, and by the fire. Am I not better than you? stronger, happier, freer?

ADAM. You are not stronger. you are shorter in the wind. you cannot endure. You have made the beasts afraid of us, and the snake has invented poison to protect herself against you. I fear you myself. If you take a step towards your mother with that spear of yours I will strike you with my spade as you struck Abel.

EVE. He will not strike me. He loves me.

ADAM. He loved his brother. But he killed him.

CAIN. I do not want to kill women. I do not want to kill my mother. And for her sake I will not kill you, though I could send this spear through you without coming within reach of your spade. But for her, I could not resist the sport of trying to kill you, in spite of my fear that you would kill me. I have striven with a boar and with a lion as to which of us should kill the other. I have striven with a man: spear to spear and shield to shield. It is terrible; but there is no joy like it. I call it fighting. He who has never fought has never lived. That is what has brought me to my mother today.

ADAM. What have you to do with one another now? She is the creator, you the destroyer.

CAIN. How can I destroy unless she creates? I want her to create more and more men. aye, and more and

more women, that they may in turn create more men. I have imagined a glorious poem of many men, of more men than there are leaves on a thousand trees I will divide them into two great hosts One of them I will lead , and the other will be led by the man I fear most and desire to fight and kill most And each host shall try to kill the other host Think of that ! all those multitudes of men fighting, fighting, killing, killing ! The four rivers running with blood ! The shouts of triumph ! the howls of rage ! the curses of despair ! the shrieks of torment ! That will be life indeed life lived to the very marrow burning, overwhelming life Every man who has not seen it, heard it, felt it, risked it, will feel a humbled fool in the presence of the man who has

EVE And I ! I am to be a mere convenience to make men for you to kill !

ADAM Or to kill you, you fool

CAIN Mother the making of men is your right, your risk, your agony, your glory, your triumph You make my father here your mere convenience, as you call it, for that He has to dig for you, sweat for you, plod for you, like the ox who helps him to tear up the ground or the ass who carries his burdens for him No woman shall make me live my father's life. I will hunt I will fight and strive to the very bursting of my sinews When I have slain the boar at the risk of my life I will throw it to my woman to cook, and give her a morsel of it for her pains She shall have no other food , and that will make her my slave And the man that slays me shall have her for his booty. Man shall be the master of Woman, not her baby and her drudge

Adam throws down his spade, and stands looking darkly at Eve

EVE. Are you tempted, Adam ? Does this seem a

better thing to you than love between us ?

CAIN What does he know of love ? Only when he has fought, when he has faced terror and death, when he has striven to the spending of the last rally of his strength, can he know what it is to rest in love in the arms of a woman. Ask that woman whom you made, who is also my wife, whether she would have me as I was in the days when I followed the ways of Adam, and was a digger and a drudge ?

EVE [*angrily throwing down her distaff*] What ! You dare come here boasting about that good-for-nothing Lua, the worst of daughters and the worst of wives ! You her master ! You are more her slave than Adam's ox or your own sheepdog Forsooth, when you have slain the boar at the risk of your life, you will throw her a morsel of it for her pains ! Ha ! Poor wretch : do you think I do not know her, and know you, better than that ? Do you risk your life when you trap the ermine and the sable and the blue fox to hang on her lazy shoulders and make her look inore like an animal than a woman ? When you have to snare the little tender birds because it is too much trouble for her to chew honest food, how much of a great warrior do you feel then ? You slay the tiger at the risk of your life , but who gets the striped skin you have run that risk for ? She takes it to lie on, and flings you the carrion flesh you cannot eat. You fight because you think that your fighting makes her admire and desire you Fool she makes you fight because you bring her the ornaments and the treasures of those you have slain, and because she is courted and propitiated with power and gold by the people who fear you You say that *I* make a mere convenience of Adam . I who spin and keep the house, and bear and rear children, and am a woman and not a pet animal to please men and prey on them ! What are

you, you poor slave of a painted face and a bundle of skunk's fur? You were a man-child when I bore you. Lua was a woman-child when I bore her. What have you made of yourselves?

CAIN [*letting his spear fall into the crook of his shield arm, and twirling his moustache*] There is something higher than man. There is hero and superman.

EVE Superman! You are no superman. you are Anti-Man. you are to other men what the stoat is to the rabbit, and she is to you what the leech is to the stoat. You despise your father; but when he dies the world will be the richer because he lived. When you die, men will say, "He was a great warrior, but it would have been better for the world if he had never been born." And of Lua they will say nothing, but when they think of her they will spit.

CAIN She is a better sort of woman to live with than you. If Lua nagged at me as you are nagging, and as you nag at Adam, I would beat her black and blue from head to foot. I have done it too, slave as you say I am.

EVE Yes, because she looked at another man. And then you grovelled at her feet, and cried, and begged her to forgive you, and were ten times more her slave than ever, and she, when she had finished screaming and the pain went off a little, she forgave you, did she not?

CAIN. She loved me more than ever. That is the true nature of woman.

EVE [*now pitying him maternally*] Love! You call that love! You call that the nature of woman! My boy. this is neither man nor woman nor love nor life. You have no real strength in your bones nor sap in your flesh.

CAIN Ha! [*he seizes his spear and swings it muscularly*].

EVE Yes. you have to twirl a stick to feel your

strength · you cannot taste life without making it bitter and boiling hot · you cannot love Lua until her face is painted, nor feel the natural warmth of her flesh until you have stuck a squirrel's fur on it · You can feel nothing but a torment, and believe nothing but a lie · You will not raise your head to look at all the miracles of life that surround you , but you will run ten miles to see a fight or a death

ADAM Enough said · Let the boy alone

CAIN Boy ! Ha ! ha !

EVE [*to Adam*] You think, perhaps, that his way of life may be better than yours after all · You are still tempted · Well, will you pamper me as he pampers his woman ? Will you kill tigers and bears until I have a heap of their skins to lounge on ? Shall I paint my face and let my arms waste into pretty softness, and eat partridges and doves, and the flesh of kids whose milk you will steal for me ?

ADAM You are hard enough to bear with as you are · Stay as you are , and I will stay as I am ·

CAIN You neither of you know anything about life · You are simple country folk · You are the nurses and valets of the oxen and dogs and asses you have tamed to work for you · I can raise you out of that · I have a plan · Why not tame men and women to work for us ? Why not bring them up from childhood never to know any other lot, so that they may believe that we are gods, and that they are here only to make life glorious for us ?

ADAM [*impressed*] That is a great thought, certainly.

EVE [*contemptuously*] Great thought !

ADAM. Well, as the serpent used to say, why not ?

EVE Because I would not have such wretches in my house. Because I hate creatures with two heads, or with withered limbs, or that are distorted and perverted and unnatural · I have told Cain already

that he is not a man and that Lua is not a woman : they are monsters And now you want to make still more unnatural monsters, so that you may be utterly lazy and worthless, and that your tamed human animals may find work a blasting curse A fine dream, truly ! [*To Cain*] Your father is a fool skin deep , but you are a fool to your very marrow ; and your baggage of a wife is worse

ADAM Why am I a fool ? How am I a greater fool than you ?

EVE You said there would be no killing because the Voice would tell our children that they must not kill Why did it not tell Cain that ?

CAIN It did , but I am not a child to be afraid of a Voice The Voice thought I was nothing but my brother's keeper It found that I was myself, and that it was for Abel to be himself also, and look to himself He was not my keeper any more than I was his why did he not kill me ? There was no more to prevent him than there was to prevent me : it was man to man , and I won I was the first conqueror

ADAM What did the Voice say to you when you thought all that ?

CAIN. Why, it gave me right. It said that my deed was as a mark on me, a burnt-in mark such as Abel put on his sheep, that no man should slay me And here I stand unslain, whilst the cowards who have never slain, the men who are content to be their brothers' keepers instead of their masters, are despised and rejected, and slain like rabbits He who bears the brand of Cain shall rule the earth. When he falls, he shall be avenged sevenfold : the Voice has said it ; so beware how you plot against me, you and all the rest.

ADAM Cease your boasting and bullying, and tell

the truth Does not the Voice tell you that as no man dare slay you for murdering your brother, you ought to slay yourself ?

CAIN No

ADAM Then there is no such thing as divine justice, unless you are lying

CAIN I am not lying I dare all truths There is divine justice For the Voice tells me that I must offer myself to every man to be killed if he can kill me Without danger I cannot be great That is how I pay for Abel's blood Danger and fear follow my steps everywhere Without them courage would have no sense And it is courage, courage, courage, that raises the blood of life to crimson splendor.

ADAM [*picking up his spade and preparing to dig again*] Take yourself off then This splendid life of yours does not last for a thousand years , and I must last for a thousand years When you fighters do not get killed in fighting one another or fighting the beasts, you die from mere evil in yourselves Your flesh ceases to grow like man's flesh it grows like a fungus on a tree. Instead of breathing, you sneeze, or cough up your insides, and wither and perish Your bowels become rotten , your hair falls from you , your teeth blacken and drop out , and you die before your time, not because you will, but because you must I will dig, and live

CAIN. And pray, what use is this thousand years of life to you, you old vegetable ? Do you dig any better because you have been digging for hundreds of years ? I have not lived as long as you , but I know all there is to be known of the craft of digging By quitting it I have set myself free to learn nobler crafts of which you know nothing I know the craft of fighting and of hunting in a word, the craft of killing. What certainty have you of your thousand years ? I could

kill both of you ; and you could no more defend yourselves than a couple of sheep I spare you , but others may kill you Why not live bravely, and die early and make room for others ? Why, I—I ' that know many more crafts than either of you, am tired of myself when I am not fighting or hunting. Sooner than face a thousand years of it I should kill myself, as the Voice sometimes tempts me to do already.

ADAM Liar you denied just now that it called on you to pay for Abel's life with your own

CAIN The Voice does not speak to me as it does to you I am a man you are only a grown-up child One does not speak to a child as to a man And a man does not listen and tremble in silence He replies he makes the Voice respect him . in the end he dictates what the Voice shall say

ADAM May your tongue be accurst for such blasphemy !

EVE Keep a guard on your own tongue , and do not curse my son It was Lilith who did wrong when she shared the labor of creation so unequally between man and wife If you, Cain, had had the trouble of making Abel, or had had to make another man to replace him when he was gone, you would not have killed him you would have risked your own life to save his. That is why all this empty talk of yours, which tempted Adam just now when he threw down his spade and listened to you for a while, went by me like foul wind that has passed over a dead body That is why there is enmity between Woman the creator and Man the destroyer I know you I am your mother You are idle : you are selfish It is long and hard and painful to create life it is short and easy to steal the life others have made When you dug, you made the earth live and bring forth as I live and bring forth. It was for that that Lilith set

you free from the travail of women, not for theft and murder

CAIN The Devil thank her for it ! I can make better use of my time than to play the husband to the clay beneath my feet

ADAM Devil ? What new word is that ?

CAIN Hearken to me, old fool I have never in my soul listened willingly when you have told me of the Voice that whispers to you There must be two Voices . one that gulls and despises you, and another that trusts and respects me I call yours the Devil. Mine I call the Voice of God

ADAM Mine is the Voice of Life yours the Voice of Death

CAIN Be it so For it whispers to me that death is not really death that it is the gate of another life a life infinitely splendid and intense a life of the soul alone a life without clods or spades, hunger or fatigue—

EVE Selfish and idle, Cain I know

CAIN Selfish, yes a life in which no man is his brother's keeper, because his brother can keep himself. But am I idle ? In rejecting your drudgery, have I not embraced evils and agonies of which you know nothing ? The arrow is lighter in the hand than the spade, but the energy that drives it through the breast of a fighter is as fire to water compared with the strength that drives the spade into the harmless dirty clay My strength is as the strength of ten because my heart is pure

ADAM What is that word ? What is pure ?

CAIN Turned from the clay Turned upward to the sun, to the clear clean heavens

ADAM The heavens are empty, child The earth is fruitful The earth feeds us It gives us the strength by which we made you and all mankind.

Cut off from the clay which you despise, you would perish miserably

CAIN I revolt against the clay I revolt against the food You say it gives us strength . does it not also turn into filth and smute us with diseases ? I revolt against these births that you and mother are so proud of. They drag us down to the level of the beasts If that is to be the last thing as it has been the first, let mankind perish If I am to eat like a bear, if Lua is to bring forth cubs like a bear, then I had rather be a bear than a man , for the bear is not ashamed he knows no better If you are content, like the bear, I am not Stay with the woman who gives you children I will go to the woman who gives me dreams Grope in the ground for your food I will bring it from the skies with my arrows, or strike it down as it roams the earth in the pride of its life If I must have food or die, I will at least have it at as far a remove from the earth as I can The ox shall make it something nobler than grass before it comes to me And as the man is nobler than the ox, I shall some day let my enemy eat the ox , and then I will slay and eat him

ADAM Monster ! You hear this, Eve ?

EVE So that is what comes of turning your face to the clean clear heavens ! Man-eating ! Child-eating ! For that is what it would come to, just as it came to lambs and kids when Abel began with sheep and goats. You are a poor silly creature after all. Do you think I never have these thoughts I ! who have the labor of the child-bearing I ! who have the drudgery of preparing the food ? I thought for a moment that perhaps this strong brave son of mine, who could imagine something better, and could desire what he imagined, might also be able to will what he desired until he created it And all that

comes of it is that he wants to be a bear and eat children. Even a bear would not eat a man if it could get honey instead.

CAIN I do not want to be a bear I do not want to eat children I do not know what I want, except that I want to be something higher and nobler than this stupid old digger whom Lilith made to help you to bring me into the world, and whom you despise now that he has served your turn

ADAM [*in sullen rage*] I have half a mind to shew you that my spade can split your undutiful head open, in spite of your spear

CAIN. Undutiful ! Ha ! ha ! [*Flourishing his spear*]
Try it, old everybody's father Try a taste of fighting

EVE Peace, peace, you two fools Sit down and be quiet and listen to me [*Adam, with a weary shrug, throws down his spade Cain, with a laughing one, throws down his shield and spear Both sit on the ground*] I hardly know which of you satisfies me least, you with your dirty digging, or he with his dirty killing I cannot think it was for either of these cheap ways of life that Lilith set you free [*To Adam*] You dig roots and coax grains out of the earth why do you not draw down a divine sustenance from the skies ? He steals and kills for his food , and makes up idle poems of life after death , and dresses up his terror-ridden life with fine words and his disease-ridden body with fine clothes, so that men may glorify and honor him instead of cursing him as murderer and thief All you men, except only Adam, are my sons, or my sons' sons, or my sons' sons' sons you all come to see me . you all shew off before me all your little wisdoms and accomplishments are trotted out before mother Eve The diggers come the fighters and killers come they are both very dull , for they either complain to me of the last harvest, or boast to me of the last fight ,

and one harvest is just like another, and the last fight only a repetition of the first Oh, I have heard it all a thousand times They tell me too of their last-born the clever thing the darling child said yesterday, and how much more wonderful or witty or quaint it is than any child that ever was born before. And I have to pretend to be surprised, delighted, interested ; though the last child is like the first, and has said and done nothing that did not delight Adam and me when you and Abel said it For you were the first children in the world, and filled us with such wonder and delight as no couple can ever again feel while the world lasts When I can bear no more, I go to our old garden, that is now a mass of nettles and thistles, in the hope of finding the serpent to talk to But you have made the serpent our enemy she has left the garden, or is dead I never see her now So I have to come back and listen to Adam saying the same thing for the ten-thousandth time, or to receive a visit from the last great-great-grandson who has grown up and wants to impress me with his importance Oh, it is dreary, dreary ! And there is yet nearly seven hundred years of it to endure

CAIN Poor mother ! You see, life is too long One tires of everything There is nothing new under the sun

ADAM [*to Eve, grumpily*] Why do you live on, if you can find nothing better to do than complain ?

EVE Because there is still hope

CAIN Of what ?

EVE Of the coming true of your dreams and mine Of newly created things Of better things My sons and my sons' sons are not all diggers and fighters Some of them will neither dig nor fight . they are more useless than either of you : they are weaklings and cowards . they are vain , yet they are dirty and

will not take the trouble to cut their hair. They borrow and never pay ; but one gives them what they want, because they tell beautiful lies in beautiful words. They can remember their dreams. They can dream without sleeping. They have not will enough to create instead of dreaming, but the serpent said that every dream could be willed into creation by those strong enough to believe in it. There are others who cut reeds of different lengths and blow through them, making lovely patterns of sound in the air, and some of them can weave the patterns together, sounding three reeds at the same time, and raising my soul to things for which I have no words. And others make little mammoths out of clay, or make faces appear on flat stones, and ask me to create women for them with such faces. I have watched those faces and willed ; and then I have made a woman-child that has grown up quite like them. And others think of numbers without having to count on their fingers, and watch the sky at night, and give names to the stars, and can foretell when the sun will be covered with a black saucepan lid. And there is Tubal, who made this wheel for me which has saved me so much labor. And there is Enoch, who walks on the hills, and hears the Voice continually, and has given up his will to do the will of the Voice, and has some of the Voice's greatness. When they come, there is always some new wonder, or some new hope, something to live for. They never want to die, because they are always learning and always creating either things or wisdom, or at least dreaming of them. And then you, Cain, come to me with your stupid fighting and destroying, and your foolish boasting, and you want me to tell you that it is all splendid, and that you are heroic, and that nothing but death or the dread of death makes life worth

living. Away with you, naughty child, and do you, Adam, go on with your work and not waste your time listening to him

CAIN I am not, perhaps, very clever, but—

EVE [*interrupting him*] Perhaps not, but do not begin to boast of that. It is no credit to you

CAIN For all that, mother, I have an instinct which tells me that death plays its part in life. Tell me this who invented death?

Adam springs to his feet. Eve drops her distaff. Both shew the greatest consternation.

CAIN. What is the matter with you both?

ADAM Boy: you have asked us a terrible question

EVE You invented murder. Let that be enough for you

CAIN. Murder is not death. You know what I mean. Those whom I slay would die if I spared them. If I am not slain, yet I shall die. Who put this upon me? I say, who invented death?

ADAM Be reasonable, boy. Could you bear to live for ever? You think you could, because you know that you will never have to make your thought good. But I have known what it is to sit and brood under the terror of eternity, of immortality. Think of it, man, to have no escape! to be Adam, Adam, Adam through more days than there are grains of sand by the two rivers, and then be as far from the end as ever! I, who have so much in me that I hate and long to cast off! Be thankful to your parents, who enabled you to hand on your burden to new and better men, and won for you an eternal rest, for it was we who invented death

CAIN [*rising*] You did well. I, too, do not want to live for ever. But if you invented death, why do you blame me, who am a minister of death?

ADAM I do not blame you. Go in peace. Leave

me to my digging, and your mother to her spinning.

CAIN Well, I will leave you to it, though I have shewn you a better way. [*He picks up his shield and spear*] I will go back to my brave warrior friends and their splendid women [*He strides to the thorn brake*]. When Adam dived and Eve span, who was then the gentle man? [*He goes away roaring with laughter, which ceases as he cries from the distance*] Goodbye, mother

ADAM [*grumbling*] He might have put the hurdle back, lazy hound! [*He replaces the hurdle across the passage*]

EVE Through him and his like, death is gaining on life. Already most of our grandchildren die before they have sense enough to know how to live

ADAM No matter [*He spits on his hands, and takes up the spade again*] Life is still long enough to learn to dig, short as they are making it

EVE [*musng*] Yes, to dig And to fight But is it long enough for the other things, the great things? Will they live long enough to eat manna?

ADAM What is manna?

EVE Food drawn down from heaven, made out of the air, not dug dirtily from the earth Will they learn all the ways of all the stars in their little time? It took Enoch two hundred years to learn to interpret the will of the Voice When he was a mere child of eighty, his babyish attempts to understand the Voice were more dangerous than the wrath of Cain If they shorten their lives, they will dig and fight and kill and die, and their baby Enochs will tell them that it is the will of the Voice that they should dig and fight and kill and die for ever

ADAM If they are lazy and have a will towards death I cannot help it I will live my thousand years: if they will not, let them die and be damned

EVE Damned ? What is that ?

ADAM The state of them that love death more than life Go on with your spinning ; and do not sit there idle while I am straining my muscles for you

EVE [*slowly taking up her distaff*] If you were not a fool you would find something better for both of us to live by than this spinning and digging

ADAM Go on with your work, I tell you , or you shall go without bread

EVE Man need not always live by bread alone There is something else We do not yet know what it is , but some day we shall find out , and then we will live on that alone , and there shall be no more digging nor spinning, nor fighting nor killing

She spins resignedly He digs impatiently

PART II
THE GOSPEL
OF THE BROTHERS BARNABAS

In the first years after the war of 1914-18 an impressive-looking gentleman of 50 is writing in a well-furnished study. He is dressed in black. His coat is a frock-coat ; his tie is white ; and his waistcoat, though it is not quite a clergyman's waistcoat, and his collar, though it buttons in front instead of behind, combine with the prosperity indicated by his surroundings, and his air of personal distinction, to suggest the clerical dignitary. Still, he is clearly neither dean nor bishop ; he is rather too starkly intellectual for a popular Free Church enthusiast , and he is not careworn enough to be a great headmaster.

The study windows, which have broad comfortable window seats, overlook Hampstead Heath towards London. Consequently, it being a fine afternoon in spring, the room is sunny. As you face these windows, you have on your right the fireplace, with a few logs smouldering in it, and a couple of comfortable library chairs on the hearthrug ; beyond it and beside it the door , before you the writing-table, at which the clerical gentleman sits a little to your left facing the door with his right profile presented to you , on your left a settee ; and on your right a couple of Chippendale chairs. There is also an upholstered square stool in the middle of the room, against the writing-table. The walls are covered with bookshelves above and lockers beneath.

The door opens , and another gentleman, shorter than the clerical one, within a year or two of the same age, dressed in a well-worn tweed lounge suit, with a short beard and much less style in his bearing and carriage, looks in.

THE CLERICAL GENTLEMAN [*familiar and by no means cordial*] Hallo ! I didnt expect you until the five o'clock train

THE TWEEDED GENTLEMAN [*coming in very slowly*] I have something on my mind I thought I'd come early

THE CLERICAL GENTLEMAN [*throwing down his pen*] What is on your mind ?

THE TWEEDED GENTLEMAN [*sitting down on the stool, heavily preoccupied with his thought*] I have made up my mind at last about the time I make it three hundred years

THE CLERICAL GENTLEMAN [*sitting up energetically*] Now that is extraordinary Most extraordinary The very last words I wrote when you interrupted me were "at least three centuries" [*He snatches up his manuscript, and points to it*] Here it is [*reading*] "the term of human life must be extended to at least three centuries"

THE TWEEDED GENTLEMAN How did you arrive at it ?

A parlor maid opens the door, ushering in a young clergyman

THE PARLOR MAID The Reverend Mr Haslam

She goes The visitor is so unwelcome that his host forgets to rise, and the two brothers stare at the intruder, unable to conceal their dismay Haslam, who has nothing clerical about him except his collar, and wears a snuff-colored suit, smiles with a frank schoolboyishness that makes it impossible to be unkind to him, and explodes into obviously unpremeditated speech

HASLAM I'm afraid I'm an awful nuisance. I'm the rector, and I suppose one ought to call on people.

THE TWEEDED GENTLEMAN [*in ghostly tones*] We're not Church people, you know

HASLAM Oh, I don't mind that, if you don't The Church people here are mostly as dull as ditch water. I have heard such a lot about you ! and there are so jolly few people to talk to ! I thought you perhaps

wouldnt mind Do you mind ? for of course I'll go like a shot if I'm in the way

THE CLERICAL GENTLEMAN [*rising, disarmed*] Sit down, Mr—er ?

HASLAM. Haslam

THE CLERICAL GENTLEMAN. Mr Haslam

THE TWEEDED GENTLEMAN [*rising and offering him the stool*] Sit down [*He retreats towards the Chippendale chairs*]

HASLAM [*sitting down on the stool*] Thanks awfully.

THE CLERICAL GENTLEMAN [*resuming his seat*] This is my brother Conrad, Professor of Biology at Jarrow-fields University Dr Conrad Barnabas My name is Franklyn Franklyn Barnabas I was in the Church myself for some years

HASLAM [*sympathizing*] Yes one cant help it If theres a living in the family, or one's governor knows a patron, one gets shoved into the Church by one's parents

CONRAD [*sitting down on the furthest Chippendale with a snort of amusement*] Mp !

FRANKLYN One gets shoved out of it, sometimes, by one's conscience

HASLAM. Oh yes , but where is a chap like me to go ? I'm afraid I'm not intellectual enough to split straws when theres a job in front of me, and nothing better for me to do I daresay the Church was a bit thick for you , but it's good enough for me It will last my time, anyhow [*he laughs good-humoredly*]

FRANKLYN [*with renewed energy*] There again ! You see, Con. It will last his time Life is too short for men to take it seriously

HASLAM. Thats a way of looking at it, certainly

FRANKLYN I was not shoved into the Church, Mr Haslam . I felt it to be my vocation to walk with God, like Enoch After twenty years of it I realized

that I was walking with my own ignorance and self-conceit, and that I was not within a hundred and fifty years of the experience and wisdom I was pretending to.

HASLAM Now I come to think of it, old Methuselah must have had to think twice before he took on anything for life. If I thought I was going to live nine hundred and sixty years, I don't think I should stay in the Church.

FRANKLYN If men lived even a third of that time, the Church would be very different from the thing it is.

CONRAD If I could count on nine hundred and sixty years I could make myself a real biologist, instead of what I am now. a child trying to walk. Are you sure you might not become a good clergyman if you had a few centuries to do it in?

HASLAM Oh, there's nothing much the matter with me. it's quite easy to be a decent parson. It's the Church that chokes me off. I couldn't stick it for nine hundred years. I should chuck it. You know, sometimes, when the bishop, who is the most priceless of fossils, lets off something more than usually out-of-date, the bird starts in my garden.

FRANKLYN The bird?

HASLAM. Oh yes. There's a bird there that keeps on singing "Stick it or chuck it. stick it or chuck it"—just like that—for an hour on end in the spring. I wish my father had found some other shop for me.

The parlor maid comes back

THE PARLOR MAID. Any letters for the post, sir?

FRANKLYN These. [*He proffers a basket of letters. She comes to the table and takes them*]

HASLAM [*to the maid*] Have you told Mr Barnabas yet?

THE PARLOR MAID [*flinching a little*] No, sir.

FRANKLYN Told me what?

HASLAM She is going to leave you ?

FRANKLYN Indeed ? I'm sorry Is it our fault, Mr Haslam ?

HASLAM Not a bit She is jolly well off here

THE PARLOR MAID [*reddening*] I have never denied it, sir I couldnt ask for a better place But I have only one life to live , and I maynt get a second chance Excuse me, sir ; but the letters must go to catch the post. [*She goes out with the letters*].

The two brothers look inquiringly at Haslam

HASLAM Silly girl ! Going to marry a village woodman and live in a hovel with him and a lot of kids tumbling over one another, just because the fellow has poetic-looking eyes and a moustache

CONRAD [*demurring*] She said it was because she had only one life

HASLAM Same thing, poor girl ! The fellow persuaded her to chuck it , and when she marries him she'll have to stick it Rotten state of things, I call it

CONRAD You see, she hasnt time to find out what life really means She has to die before she knows

HASLAM [*agreeably*] Thats it

FRANKLYN She hasnt time to form a well-instructed conscience

HASLAM [*still more cheerfully*] Quite

FRANKLYN It goes deeper She hasnt time to form a genuine conscience at all Some romantic points of honor and a few conventions A world without conscience . that is the horror of our condition

HASLAM [*beaming*] Simply fatuous. [*Rising*] Well, I suppose I'd better be going It's most awfully good of you to put up with my calling

CONRAD [*in his former low ghostly tone*] You neednt go, you know, if you are really interested

HASLAM [*fed up*] Well, I'm afraid I ought to—I really

must get back—I have something to do in the—

FRANKLYN [*smiling benignly and rising to proffer his hand*] Goodbye

CONRAD [*gruffly, giving him up as a bad job*] Goodbye

HASLAM Goodbye Sorry—er—

As the rector moves to shake hands with Franklyn, feeling that he is making a frightful mess of his departure, a vigorous sunburnt young lady with hazel hair cut to the level of her neck, like an Italian youth in a Gozzoli picture, comes in impetuously. She seems to have nothing on but her short skirt, her blouse, her stockings, and a pair of Norwegian shoes. In short, she is a Simple-Lifer.

THE SIMPLE-LIFER [*swooping on Conrad and kissing him*] Hallo, Nunk Youre before your time

CONRAD Behave yourself Theres a visitor

She turns quickly and sees the rector. She instinctively switches at her Gozzoli fringe with her fingers, but gives it up as hopeless.

FRANKLYN Mr Haslam, our new rector [*To Haslam*] My daughter Cynthia

CONRAD Usually called Savvy, short for Savage

SAVVY I usually call Mr Haslam Bill, short for William [*She strolls to the hearthrug, and surveys them calmly from that commanding position*].

FRANKLYN. You know him ?

SAVVY Rather Sit down, Bill.

FRANKLYN Mr Haslam is going, Savvy. He has an engagement

SAVVY I know. I'm the engagement

CONRAD In that case, would you mind taking him into the garden while I talk to your father ?

SAVVY [*to Haslam*] Tennis ?

HASLAM. Rather !

SAVVY. Come on. [*She dances out. He runs out boyishly after her*].

FRANKLYN [*leaving his table and beginning to walk up*

and down the room discontentedly] Savvy's manners jar on me They would have horrified her grandmother.

CONRAD [*obstinately*] They are happier manners than Mother's manners

FRANKLYN. Yes they are franker, wholesomer, better in a hundred ways And yet I squirm at them I cannot get it out of my head that Mother was a well-mannered woman, and that Savvy has no manners at all

CONRAD There wasnt any pleasure in Mother's fine manners That makes a biological difference

FRANKLYN But there was beauty in Mother's manners, grace in them, style in them . above all, decision in them Savvy is such a cub

CONRAD So she ought to be, at her age

FRANKLYN There it comes again ! Her age ! her age !

CONRAD You want her to be fully grown at eighteen You want to force her into a stuck-up, artificial, premature self-possession before she has any self to possess You just let her alone she is right enough for her years

FRANKLYN. I have let her alone , and look at the result ! Like all the other young people who have been let alone, she becomes a Socialist That is, she becomes hopelessly demoralized

CONRAD Well, arnt you a Socialist ?

FRANKLYN. Yes ; but that is not the same thing. You and I were brought up in the old bourgeois morality. We were taught bourgeois manners and bourgeois points of honor Bourgeois manners may be snobbish manners there may be no pleasure in them, as you say, but they are better than no manners. Many bourgeois points of honor may be false , but at least they exist. The women know what to expect and what is expected of them. Savvy

doesn't. She is a Bohemian and nothing else. She has to improvise her manners and her conduct as she goes along. It's often charming, no doubt; but sometimes she puts her foot in it frightfully, and then I feel she must be blaming me for not teaching her better.

CONRAD Well, you have something better to teach her now, at all events.

FRANKLYN Yes: but it is too late. She doesn't trust me now. She doesn't talk about such things to me. She doesn't read anything I write. She never comes to hear me lecture. I am out of it as far as Savvy is concerned. [*He resumes his seat at the writing-table*]

CONRAD I must have a talk to her.

FRANKLYN Perhaps she will listen to you. You are not her father.

CONRAD I sent her my last book. I can break the ice by asking her what she made of it.

FRANKLYN When she heard you were coming, she asked me whether all the leaves were cut, in case it fell into your hands. She hasn't read a word of it.

CONRAD [*rising indignantly*] What!

FRANKLYN [*inexorably*] Not a word of it.

CONRAD [*beaten*] Well, I suppose it's only natural. Biology is a dry subject for a girl, and I am a pretty dry old codger. [*He sits down again resignedly*].

FRANKLYN Brother, if that is so, if biology as you have worked at it, and religion as I have worked at it, are dry subjects like the old stuff they taught under these names, and we two are dry old codgers, like the other preachers and professors, then the Gospel of the Brothers Barnabas is a delusion. Unless this withered thing religion, and this dry thing science, come alive again in our hands, alive and intensely interesting, we may just as well go out and dig the

garden until it is time to dig our graves [*The parlor maid returns Franklyn is impatient at the interruption*]
Well? what is it now?

THE PARLOR MAID Mr Joyce Burge on the telephone, sir He wants to speak to you

FRANKLYN [*astonished*] Mr Joycc Burge!

THE PARLOR MAID Yes, sir

FRANKLYN [*to Conrad*] What on earth does this mean? I havnt heard from him nor exchanged a word with him for years I resigned the chairmanship of the Liberal Association and shook the dust of party politics from my feet before he was Prime Minister in the Coalition Of course, he dropped me like a hot potato

CONRAD Well, now that the Coalition has chucked him out, and he is only one of the half-dozen leaders of the Opposition, perhaps he wants to pick you up again

THE PARLOR MAID [*warningly*] He is holding the line, sir

FRANKLYN Yes all right [*he hurries out*]

The parlor maid goes to the hearthrug to make up the fire Conrad rises and strolls to the middle of the room, where he stops and looks quizzically down at her

CONRAD So you have only one life to live, eh?

THE PARLOR MAID [*dropping on her knees in consternation*] I meant no offence, sir

CONRAD You didnt give any But you know you could live a devil of a long life if you really wanted to

THE PARLOR MAID [*sitting down on her heels*] Oh, dont say that, sir. It's so unsettling

CONRAD Why? Have you been thinking about it?

THE PARLOR MAID. It would never have come into my head if you hadnt put it there, sir. Me and cook had a look at your book.

CONRAD What !

You and cook
Had a look
At my book !

And my niece wouldnt open it ! The prophet is without honor in his own family Well, what do you think of living for several hundred years ? Are you going to have a try for it ?

THE PARLOR MAID Well, of course youre not in earnest, sir But it does set one thinking, especially when one is going to be married

CONRAD What has that to do with it ? He may live as long as you, you know

THE PARLOR MAID Thats just it, sir You see, he must take me for better for worse, til death do us part Do you think he would be so ready to do that, sir, if he thought it might be for several hundred years ?

CONRAD Thats true And what about yourself ?

THE PARLOR MAID Oh, I tell you straight out, sir, I'd never promise to live with the same man as long as that. I wouldnt put up with my own children as long as that Why, cook figured it out, sir, that when you were only 200, you might marry your own great-great-great-great-great-great-grandson and not even know who he was

CONRAD Well, why not ? For all you know, the man you are going to marry may be your great-great-great-great-great-great-grandmothers' great-great-great-great-great-grandson

THE PARLOR MAID But do you think it would ever be thought respectable, sir ?

CONRAD My good girl, all biological necessities have to be made respectable whether we like it or not, so you neednt worry yourself about that.

Franklyn returns and crosses the room to his chair, but does not sit down The parlor maid goes out

CONRAD. Well, what does Joyce Burge want ?

FRANKLYN Oh, a silly misunderstanding I have promised to address a meeting in Middlesborough, and some fool has put it into the papers that I am "coming to Middlesborough," without any explanation Of course, now that we are on the eve of a general election, political people think I am coming there to contest the parliamentary seat Burge knows that I have a following, and thinks I could get into the House of Commons and head a group there So he insists on coming to see me He is staying with some people at Dollis Hill, and can be here in five or ten minutes, he says

CONRAD But didnt you tell him that it's a false alarm ?

FRANKLYN Of course I did, but he wont believe me.

CONRAD. Called you a liar, in fact ?

FRANKLYN No . I wish he had . any sort of plain speaking is better than the nauseous sham good fellowship our democratic public men get up for shop use. He pretends to believe me, and assures me his visit is quite disinterested, but why should he come if he has no axe to grind ? These chaps never believe anything they say themselves, and naturally they cannot believe anything anyone else says

CONRAD [*rising*] Well, I shall clear out It was hard enough to stand the party politicians before the war, but now that they have managed to half kill Europe between them, I cant be civil to them, and I dont see why I should be.

FRANKLYN. Wait a bit. We have to find out how the world will take our new gospel [*Conrad sits down again*] Party politicians are still unfortunately an

important part of the world Suppose we try it on Joyce Burge

CONRAD. How can you ? You can tell things only to people who can listen Joyce Burge has talked so much that he has lost the power of listening He doesnt listen even in the House of Commons

Savvy rushes in breathless, followed by Haslam, who remains timidly just inside the door

SAVVY [*running to Franklyn*] I say ! Who do you think has just driven up in a big car ?

FRANKLYN Mr Joyce Burge, perhaps

SAVVY [*disappointed*] Oh, they know, Bill Why didnt you tell us he was coming ? I have nothing on

HASLAM I'd better go, hadnt I ?

CONRAD You just wait here, both of you When you start yawning, Joyce Burge will take the hint, perhaps

SAVVY [*to Franklyn*] May we ?

FRANKLYN Yes, if you promise to behave yourself.

SAVVY [*making a wry face*] That will be a treat, wont it ?

THE PARLOR MAID [*entering and announcing*] Mr Joyce Burge. [*Haslam hastily moves to the fireplace, and the parlor maid goes out and shuts the door when the visitor has passed in*].

FRANKLYN [*hurrying past Savvy to his guest with the also cordiality he has just been denouncing*] Oh ! Here you are Delighted to see you [*He shakes Burge's hand, and introduces Savvy*] My daughter

SAVVY [*not daring to approach*] Very kind of you to come.

Joyce Burge stands fast and says nothing ; but he screws up his cheeks into a smile at each introduction, and makes his eyes shine in a very winning manner He is a well-fed man turned fifty, with broad forehead, and grey hair which, his neck being short, falls almost to his collar

FRANKLYN Mr Haslam, our rector

Burge conveys an impression of shining like a church window, and Haslam seizes the nearest library chair on the hearth, and swings it round for Burge between the stool and Conrad. He then retires to the window seat at the other side of the room, and is joined by Savvy. They sit there, side by side, hunched up with their elbows on their knees and their chins on their hands, providing Burge with a sort of Strangers' Gallery during the ensuing sitting.

FRANKLYN I forget whether you know my brother Conrad. He is a biologist.

BURGE [*suddenly bursting into energetic action and shaking hands heartily with Conrad*] By reputation only, but very well, of course. How I wish I could have devoted myself to biology! I have always been interested in rocks and strata and volcanoes and so forth. They throw such a light on the age of the earth. [*With conviction*] There is nothing like biology. "The cloud-capped towers, the solemn binnacles, the gorgeous temples, the great globe itself: yea, all that it inherit shall dissolve, and, like this influential pageant faded, leave not a rack behind." That's biology, you know. Good sound biology. [*He sits down. So do the others, Franklyn on the stool, and Conrad on his Chuppen dale*] Well, my dear Barnabas, what do you think of the situation? Don't you think the time has come for us to make a move?

FRANKLYN The time has always come to make a move.

BURGE How true! But what is the move to be? You are a man of enormous influence. We know that. We've always known it. We have to consult you whether we like it or not. We—

FRANKLYN [*interrupting firmly*] I never meddle in party politics now.

SAVVY. It's no use saying you have no influence,

daddy. Heaps of people swear by you

BURGE [*shining at her*] Of course they do Come ! let me prove to you what we think of you Shall we find you a first-rate constituency to contest at the next election ? One that wont cost you a penny. A metropolitan scat What do you say to the Strand ?

FRANKLYN My dear Burge, I am not a child Why do you go on wasting your party funds on the Strand ? You know you cannot win it

BURGE We cannot win it , but you—

FRANKLYN. Oh, please !

SAVVY The Strand's no use, Mr Burge I once canvassed for a Socialist there. Cheese it

BURGE. Cheese it !

HASLAM [*spluttering with suppressed laughter*] Priceless !

SAVVY Well, I suppose I shouldnt say cheese it to a Right Honorable But the Strand, you know ! Come off it

FRANKLYN You must excuse my daughter's shocking manners, Burge , but I agree with her that popular democratic statesmen soon come to believe that everyone they speak to is an ignorant dupe and a born fool into the bargain.

BURGE [*laughing genially*] You old aristocrat, you ! But believe me, the instinct of the people is sound—

CONRAD [*cutting in sharply*] Then why are you in the Opposition instead of in the Government ?

BURGE [*showing signs of temper under this heckling*] I deny that I am in the Opposition morally The Government does not represent the country I was chucked out of the Coalition by a Tory conspiracy. The people want me back. I dont want to go back

FRANKLYN [*gently remonstrant*] My dear Burge : of course you do.

BURGE [*turning on him*] Not a bit of it I want to

cultivate my garden I am not interested in politics : I am interested in roses I havnt a scrap of ambition. I went into politics because my wife shoved me into them, bless her ! But I want to serve my country. What else am I for ? I want to save my country from the Tories They dont represent the people The man they have made Prime Minister has never represented the people , and you know it Lord Dunreen is the bitterest old Tory left alive. What has he to offer to the people ?

FRANKLYN [*cutting in before Burge can proceed—as he evidently intends—to answer his own question*] I will tell you He has ascertainable beliefs and principles to offer The people know where they are with Lord Dunreen They know what he thinks right and what he thinks wrong With your followers they never know where they are With you they never know where they are

BURGE [*amazed*] With me !

FRANKLYN Well, where are you ? What are you ?

BURGE Barnabas · you must be mad. You ask me what I am ?

FRANKLYN I do.

BURGE I am, if I mistake not, Joyce Burge, pretty well known throughout Europe, and indeed throughout the world, as the man who—unworthily perhaps, but not quite unsuccessfully—held the helm when the ship of State weathered the mightiest hurricane that has ever burst with earth-shaking violence on the land of our fathers

FRANKLYN I know that. I know who you are And the earth-shaking part of it to me is that though you were placed in that enormously responsible position, neither I nor anyone else knows what your beliefs are, or even whether you have either beliefs or principles. What we did know was that your Govern-

ment was formed largely of men who regarded you as a robber of henloosts, and whom you regarded as enemies of the people

BURGE [*adroitly, as he thinks*] I agree with you I agree with you absolutely I dont believe in coalition governments

FRANKLYN Precisely. Yet you formed two

BURGE Why ? Because we were at war That is what you fellows never would realize The Hun was at the gate. Our country, our lives, the honor of our wives and mothers and daughters, the tender flesh of our innocent babes, were at stake Was that a time to argue about principles ?

FRANKLYN I should say it was the time of all others to confirm the resolution of our own men and gain the confidence and support of public opinion throughout the world by a declaration of principle Do you think the Hun would ever have come to the gate if he had known that it would be shut in his face on principle ? Did he not hold his own against you until America boldly affirmed the democratic principle and came to our rescue ? Why did you let America snatch that honor from England ?

BURGE Barnabas America was carried away by words, and had to eat them at the Peace Conference. Beware of platform eloquence it is the bane of popular speakers like you

FRANKLYN	} <i>all together</i> }	[<i>exclaiming</i> Well ']
SAVVY		I like that ']
HASLAM		Priceless ']

BURGE [*continuing remorselessly*] Come down to facts. It wasnt principle that won the war it was the British fleet and the blockade. America found the talk I found the shells You cannot win wars by principles, but you can win elections by them. There I am with you. You want the next election to

be fought on principles that is what it comes to, doesn't it ?

FRANKLYN I don't want it to be fought at all ? An election is a moral horror, as bad as a battle except for the blood - a mud bath for every soul concerned in it. You know very well that it will not be fought on principle.

BURGE On the contrary it will be fought on nothing else. I believe a program is a mistake. I agree with you that principle is what we want.

FRANKLYN Principle without program, eh ?

BURGE Exactly. There it is in three words.

FRANKLYN Why not in one word ? Platitudes. That is what principle without program means.

BURGE [*puzzled but patient, trying to get at Franklyn's drift in order to ascertain his price*] I have not made myself clear. Listen. I am agreeing with you. I am on your side. I am accepting your proposal. There isn't going to be any more coalition. This time there won't be a Tory in the Cabinet. Every candidate will have to pledge himself to Free Trade, slightly modified by consideration for our Overseas Dominions, to Disestablishment, to Reform of the House of Lords, to a revised scheme of Taxation of Land Values, and to doing whatever is necessary to keep Ireland and India quiet. Does that satisfy you ?

FRANKLYN. It does not even interest me. Suppose your friends do commit themselves to all this ! What does it prove about them except that they are hopelessly out of date even in party politics ? that they have learnt nothing and forgotten nothing since 1885 ? What is it to me that they hate the Church and hate the landed gentry ? that they are jealous of the nobility, and have shipping shares instead of manufacturing businesses in the Midlands ? I can find you hundreds of the most sordid rascals, or the

most densely stupid reactionaries, with all these qualifications.

BURGE Personal abuse proves nothing Do you suppose the Tories are all angels because they are all members of the Church of England ?

FRANKLYN No , but they stand together as members of the Church of England, whereas your people, in attacking the Church, are all over the shop The supporters of the Church are of one mind about religion its enemies are of a dozen minds The Churchmen are a phalanx . your people are a mob in which atheists are jostled by Plymouth Brethren, and Positivists by Pillars of Fire You have with you all the crudest unbelievers and all the crudest fanatics.

BURGE We stand, as Cromwell did, for liberty of conscience, if that is what you mean

FRANKLYN How can you talk such rubbish over the graves of your conscientious objectors ? All law limits liberty of conscience : if a man's conscience allows him to steal your watch or to shirk military service, how much liberty do you allow it ? Liberty of conscience is not my point

BURGE [*testily*] I wish you would come to your point. Half the time you are saying that you must have principles , and when I offer you principles you say they wont work

FRANKLYN You have not offered me any principles Your party shibboleths are not principles If you get into power again you will find yourself at the head of a rabble of Socialists and anti-Socialists, of Jingo Imperialists and Little Englanders, of cast-iron Materialists and ecstatic Quakers, of Christian Scientists and Compulsory Inoculationists, of Syndicalists and Bureaucrats . in short, of men differing fiercely and irreconcilably on every principle that goes to the root of human society and destiny , and

the impossibility of keeping such a team together will force you to sell the pass again to the solid Conservative Opposition

BURGE [*rising in wrath*] Sell the pass again ! You accuse me of having sold the pass !

FRANKLYN When the terrible impact of real warfare swept your parliamentary sham warfare into the dustbin, you had to go behind the backs of your followers and make a secret agreement with the leaders of the Opposition to keep you in power on condition that you dropped all legislation of which they did not approve. And you could not even hold them to their bargain, for they presently betrayed the secret and forced the coalition on you

BURGE I solemnly declare that this is a false and monstrous accusation

FRANKLYN Do you deny that the thing occurred ? Were the uncontradicted reports false ? Were the published letters forgeries ?

BURGE Certainly not. But *I* did not do it. I was not Prime Minister then. It was that old dotard, that played-out old humbug Lubin. He was Prime Minister then, not I

FRANKLYN Do you mean to say you did not know ?

BURGE [*sitting down again with a shrug*] Oh, I had to be told. But what could I do ? If we had refused we might have had to go out of office

FRANKLYN Precisely.

BURGE Well, could we desert the country at such a crisis ? The Hun was at the gate. Everyone has to make sacrifices for the sake of the country at such moments. We had to rise above party ; and I am proud to say we never gave party a second thought. We stuck to—

CONRAD Office ?

BURGE [*turning on him*] Yes, sir, to office : that is, to

responsibility, to danger, to heart-sickening toil, to abuse and misunderstanding, to a martyrdom that made us envy the very soldiers in the trenches. If you had had to live for months on aspirin and bromide of potassium to get a wink of sleep, you wouldnt talk about office as if it were a catch.

FRANKLYN Still, you admit that under our parliamentary system Lubin could not have helped himself?

BURGE. On that subject my lips are closed. Nothing will induce me to say one word against the old man. I never have, and I never will. Lubin is old: he has never been a real statesman. He is as lazy as a cat on a hearthrug. You cant get him to attend to anything: he is good for nothing but getting up and making speeches with a peroration that goes down with the back benches. But I say nothing against him. I gather that you do not think much of me as a statesman, but at all events I can get things done. I can hustle. even you will admit that. But Lubin! Oh my stars, Lubin! If you only knew—

The parlor maid opens the door and announces a visitor

THE PARLOR MAID Mr Lubin.

BURGE [*bounding from his chair*] Lubin! Is this a conspiracy?

They all rise in amazement, staring at the door. Lubin enters—a man at the end of his sixties, a Yorkshireman with the last traces of Scandinavian flax still in his white hair, undistinguished in stature, unassuming in his manner, and taking his simple dignity for granted, but wonderfully comfortable and quite self-assured in contrast to the intellectual restlessness of Franklyn and the mesmeric self-assertiveness of Burge. His presence suddenly brings out the fact that they are unhappy men, ill at ease, square pegs in round holes, whilst he flourishes like a primrose.

The parlor maid withdraws.

LUBIN [*coming to Franklyn*] How do you do, Mr

Barnabas ? [*He speaks very comfortably and kindly, much as if he were the host, and Franklyn an embarrassed but welcome guest*] I had the pleasure of meeting you once at the Mansion House I think it was to celebrate the conclusion of the hundred years peace with America

FRANKLYN [*shaking hands*] It was long before that a meeting about Venezuela, when we were on the point of going to war with America

LUBIN [*not at all put out*] Yes you are quite right I knew it was something about America. [*He pats Franklyn's hand*] And how have you been all this time ? Well, eh ?

FRANKLYN [*smiling to soften the sarcasm*] A few vicissitudes of health naturally in so long a time.

LUBIN Just so Just so [*Looking round at Savvy*] The young lady is—?

FRANKLYN My daughter, Savvy

Savvy comes from the window between her father and Lubin

LUBIN [*taking her hand affectionately in both his*] And why has she never come to see us ?

BURGE I dont know whether you have noticed, Lubin, that I am present

Savvy takes advantage of this diversion to slip away to the settee, where she is stealthily joined by Haslam, who sits down on her left

LUBIN [*seating himself in Burge's chair with ineffable comfortableness*] My dear Burge if you imagine that it is possible to be within ten miles of your energetic presence without being acutely aware of it, you do yourself the greatest injustice How are you ? And how are your good newspaper friends ? [*Burge makes an explosive movement ; but Lubin goes on calmly and sweetly*] And what are you doing here with my old friend Barnabas, if I may ask ?

BURGE [*sitting down in Conrad's chair, leaving him*

standing uneasily in the corner] Well, just what you are doing, if you want to know I am trying to enlist Mr Barnabas's valuable support for my party

LUBIN Your party, eh? The newspaper party?

BURGE The Liberal Party The party of which I have the honor to be leader.

LUBIN Have you now? That's very interesting, for I thought I was the leader of the Liberal Party However, it is very kind of you to take it off my hands, if the party will let you

BURGE Do you suggest that I have not the support and confidence of the party?

LUBIN I don't suggest anything, my dear Burge Mr Barnabas will tell you that we all think very highly of you The country owes you a great deal During the war, you did very creditably over the munitions, and if you were not quite so successful with the peace, nobody doubted that you meant well

BURGE Very kind of you, Lubin Let me remark that you cannot lead a progressive party without getting a move on

LUBIN You mean you cannot I did it for ten years without the least difficulty And very comfortable, prosperous, pleasant years they were

BURGE Yes, but what did they end in?

LUBIN In you, Burge You don't complain of that, do you?

BURGE [*fiercely*] In plague, pestilence, and famine, battle, murder, and sudden death

LUBIN [*with an appreciative chuckle*] The Nonconformist can quote the prayer-book for his own purposes, I see How you enjoyed yourself over that business, Burge! Do you remember the Knock-Out Blow?

BURGE It came off: don't forget that Do you remember fighting to the last drop of your blood?

LUBIN [*unruffled, to Franklyn*] By the way, I remember your brother Conrad—a wonderful brain and a dear good fellow—explaining to me that I couldnt fight to the last drop of my blood, because I should be dead long before I came to it. Most interesting, and quite true. He was introduced to me at a meeting where the suffragettes kept disturbing me. They had to be carried out kicking and making a horrid disturbance.

CONRAD No. It was later, at a meeting to support the Franchise Bill which gave them the vote.

LUBIN [*discovering Conrad's presence for the first time*] You're right. It was. I knew it had something to do with women. My memory never deceives me. Thank you. Will you introduce me to this gentleman, Barnabas?

CONRAD [*not at all affably*] I am the Conrad in question. [*He sits down in dudgeon on the vacant Chippendale*]

LUBIN Are you? [*Looking at him pleasantly*] Yes: of course you are. I never forget a face. But [*with an arch turn of his eyes to Savvy*] your pretty niece engaged all my powers of vision.

BURGE I wish you'd be serious, Lubin. God knows we have passed through times terrible enough to make any man serious.

LUBIN I do not think I need to be reminded of that. In peace time I used to keep myself fresh for my work by banishing all worldly considerations from my mind on Sundays, but war has no respect for the Sabbath; and there have been Sundays within the last few years on which I have had to play as many as sixty-six games of bridge to keep my mind off the news from the front.

BURGE [*scandalized*] Sixty-six games of bridge on Sunday! ! !

LUBIN. You probably sang sixty-six hymns But as I cannot boast either your admirable voice or your spiritual fervor, I had to fall back on bridge.

FRANKLYN If I may go back to the subject of your visit, it seems to me that you may both be completely superseded by the Labor Party.

BURGE. But I am in the truest sense myself a Labor leader I—*[he stops, as Lubin has risen with a half-suppressed yawn, and is already talking calmly, but without a pretence of interest]*

LUBIN The Labor Party ! Oh ro, Mr Barnabas. No, no, no, no, no *[He moves in Savvy's direction]*. There will be no trouble about that. Of course we must give them a few seats . more, I quite admit, than we should have dreamt of leaving to them before the war , but—*[by this time he has reached the sofa where Savvy and Haslam are seated. He sits down between them , takes her hand ; and drops the subject of Labor]* Well, my dear young lady ? What is the latest news ? Whats going on ? Have you seen Shoddy's new play ? Tell me all about it, and all about the latest books, and all about everything.

SAVVY You have not met Mr Haslam Our Rector.

LUBIN *[who has quite overlooked Haslam]* Never heard of him Is he any good ?

FRANKLYN. I was introducing him This is Mr Haslam.

HASLAM How d'ye do ?

LUBIN I beg your pardon, Mr Haslam Delighted to meet you *[To Savvy]* Well, now, how many books have you written

SAVVY *[rather overwhelmed but attracted]* None I dont write.

LUBIN. You dont say so ! Well, what do you do ? Music ? Skirt-dancing ?

SAVVY I dont do anything.

LUBIN Thank God ! You and I were born for one another Who is your favorite poet, Sally ?

SAVVY Savvy

LUBIN Savvy ! I never heard of him Tell me all about him Keep me up to date

SAVVY It's not a poet I am Savvy, not Sally

LUBIN Savvy ! Thats a funny name, and very pretty Savvy It sounds Chinese What does it mean ?

CONRAD Short for Savage

LUBIN [*patting her hand*] La belle Sauvage

HASLAM [*rising and surrendering Savvy to Lubin by crossing to the fireplace*] I suppose the Church is out of it as far as progressive politics are concerned

BURGE. Nonsense ! That notion about the Church being unprogressive is one of those shibboleths that our party must drop The Church is all right essentially Get rid of the establishment ; get rid of the bishops , get rid of the candlesticks , get rid of the 39 articles , and the Church of England is just as good as any other Church , and I dont care who hears me say so

LUBIN It doesnt matter a bit who hears you say so, my dear Burge [*To Savvy*] Who did you say your favorite poet was ?

SAVVY I dont make pets of poets Who's yours ?

LUBIN Horace

SAVVY. Horace who ?

LUBIN. Quintus Horatius Flaccus the noblest Roman of them all, my dear

SAVVY Oh, if he is dead, that explains it. I have a theory that all the dead people we feel especially interested in must have been ourselves. You must be Horace's reincarnation

LUBIN [*delighted*] That is the very most charming and penetrating and intelligent thing that has ever

been said to me Barnabas will you exchange daughters with me? I can give you your choice of two.

FRANKLYN. Man proposes Savvy disposes.

LUBIN What does Savvy say?

BURGE Lubin I came here to talk politics

LUBIN Yes you have only one subject, Burge I came here to talk to Savvy Take Burge into the next room, Barnabas, and let him rip

BURGE [*half-angry, half-indulgent*] No; but really, Lubin, we are at a crisis—

LUBIN My dear Burge, life is a disease, and the only difference between one man and another is the stage of the disease at which he lives. You are always at the crisis I am always in the convalescent stage I enjoy convalescence It is the part that makes the illness worth while

SAVVY [*half-rising*] Perhaps I'd better run away I am distracting you.

LUBIN [*making her sit down again*] Not at all, my dear. You are only distracting Burge Jolly good thing for him to be distracted by a pretty girl Just what he needs

BURGE I sometimes envy you, Lubin The great movement of mankind, the giant sweep of the ages, passes you by and leaves you standing.

LUBIN It leaves me sitting, and quite comfortable, thank you. Go on sweeping. When you are tired of it, come back, and you will find England where it was, and me in my accustomed place, with Miss Savvy telling me all sorts of interesting things.

SAVVY [*who has been growing more and more restless*] Don't let him shut you up, Mr Burge You know, Mr Lubin, I am frightfully interested in the Labor movement, and in Theosophy, and in reconstruction after the war, and all sorts of things I daresay the

flappers in your smart set are tremendously flattered when you sit beside them and are nice to them as you are being nice to me , but I am not smart , and I am no use as a flapper I am dowdy and serious. I want you to be serious If you refuse, I shall go and sit beside Mr Burge, and ask him to hold my hand

LUBIN He wouldnt know how to do it, my dear Burge has a reputation as a profligate—

BURGE [*starting*] Lubin this is monstrous I—

LUBIN [*continuing*—but he is really a model of domesticity His name is coupled with all the most celebrated beauties , but for him there is only one woman , and that is not you, my dear, but his very charming wife

BURGE You are destroying my character in the act of pretending to save it. Have the goodness to confine yourself to your own character and your own wife Both of them need all your attention

LUBIN. I have the privilege of my age and of my transparent innocence I have not to struggle with your volcanic energy

BURGE [*with an immense sense of power*] No, by George!

FRANKLYN. I think I shall speak both for my brother and myself, and possibly also for my daughter, if I say that since the object of your visit and Mr Joyce Burge's is to some extent political, we should hear with great interest something about your political aims, Mr Lubin

LUBIN [*assenting with complete good humor, and becoming attentive, clear, and businesslike in his tone*] By all means, Mr Barnabas What we have to consider first, I take it, is what prospect there is of our finding you beside us in the House after the next election

FRANKLYN. When I speak of politics, Mr Lubin, I am not thinking of elections, or available seats, or

party funds, or the registers, or even, I am sorry to have to add, of parliament as it exists at present. I had much rather you talked about bridge than about electioneering—it is the more interesting game of the two.

BURGE He wants to discuss principles, Lubin.

LUBIN [*very cool and clear*] I understand Mr Barnabas quite well. But elections are unsettled things—principles are settled things.

CONRAD [*impatiently*] Great Heavens!—

LUBIN [*interrupting him with quiet authority*] One moment, Dr Barnabas. The main principles on which modern civilized society is founded are pretty well understood among educated people. That is what our dangerously half-educated masses and their pet demagogues—if Burge will excuse that expression—

BURGE Don't mind me. Go on. I shall have something to say presently.

LUBIN—that is what our dangerously half-educated people do not realize. Take all this fuss about the Labor Party, with its imaginary new principles and new politics. The Labor members will find that the immutable laws of political economy take no more notice of their ambitions and aspirations than the law of gravitation. I speak, if I may say so, with knowledge, for I have made a special study of the Labor question.

FRANKLYN [*with interest and some surprise*] Indeed?

LUBIN Yes. It occurred quite at the beginning of my career. I was asked to deliver an address to the students at the Working Men's College, and I was strongly advised to comply, as Gladstone and Morley and others were doing that sort of thing at the moment. It was rather a troublesome job, because I had not gone into political economy at the time.

As you know, at the university I was a classical scholar ; and my profession was the Law But I looked up the text-books, and got up the case most carefully I found that the correct view is that all this Trade Unionism and Socialism and so forth is founded on the ignorant delusion that wages and the production and distribution of wealth can be controlled by legislation or by any human action whatever They obey fixed scientific laws, which have been ascertained and settled finally by the highest economic authorities Naturally I do not at this distance of time remember the exact process of reasoning , but I can get up the case again at any time in a couple of days , and you may rely on me absolutely, should the occasion arise, to deal with all these ignorant and unpractical people in a conclusive and convincing way, except, of course, as far as it may be advisable to indulge and flatter them a little so as to let them down without creating ill feeling in the working-class electorate In short, I can get that lecture up again almost at a moment's notice

SAVVY But, Mr Lubin, I have had a university education too ; and all this about wages and distribution being fixed by immutable laws of political economy is obsolete rot.

FRANKLYN [*shocked*] Oh, my dear ! That is not polite

LUBIN No, no, no Dont scold her She mustnt be scolded [*To Savvy*] I understand You are a disciple of Karl Marx

SAVVY No, no Karl Marx's economics are all rot.

LUBIN [*at last a little taken aback*] Dear me !

SAVVY. You must excuse me, Mr Lubin , but it's like hearing a man talk about the Garden of Eden

CONRAD. Why shouldnt he talk about the Garden of Eden ? It was a first attempt at biology anyhow.

LUBIN [*recovering his self-possession*] I am sound on the Garden of Eden I have heard of Darwin

SAVVY But Darwin is all rot.

LUBIN What ! Already !

SAVVY It's no good your smiling at me like a Cheshire cat, Mr Lubin , and I am not going to sit here mumchance like an old-fashioned goody goody wife while you men monopolize the conversation and pay out the very ghastliest exploded drivel as the latest thing in politics I am not giving you my own ideas, Mr Lubin, but just the regular orthodox science of today Only the most awful old fossils think that Socialism is bad economics and that Darwin invented Evolution Ask Papa Ask Uncle Ask the first person you meet in the street [*She rises and crosses to Haslam*] Give me a cigaret, Bill, will you ?

HASLAM Priceless [*He complies*]

FRANKLYN. Savvy has not lived long enough to have any manners, Mr Lubin , but that is where you stand with the younger generation Dont smoke, dear

Savvy, with a shrug of rather mutinous resignation, throws the cigaret into the fire Haslam, on the point of lighting one for himself, changes his mind

LUBIN [*shrewd and serious*] Mr Barnabas I confess I am surprised , and I will not pretend that I am convinced But I am open to conviction I may be wrong

BURGE [*in a burst of irony*] Oh no Impossible ! Impossible !

LUBIN Yes, Mr Barnabas, though I do not possess Burge's genius for being always wrong, I have been in that position once or twice I could not conceal from you, even if I wished to, that my time has been so completely filled by my professional work as a lawyer, and later on by my duties as leader of the

House of Commons in the days when Prime Ministers were also leaders—

BURGE [*stung*] Not to mention bridge and smart society

LUBIN. —not to mention my continua and trying efforts to make Burge behave himself, that I have not been able to keep my academic reading up to date I have kept my classics brushed up out of sheer love for them, but my economics and my science, such as they were, may possibly be a little rusty., Yet I think I may say that if you and your brother will be so good as to put me on the track of the necessary documents, I will undertake to put the case to the House or to the country to your entire satisfaction. You see, as long as you can shew these troublesome half-educated people who want to turn the world upside down that they are talking nonsense, it really does not matter very much whether you do it in terms of what Miss Barnabas calls obsolete rot or in terms of what her granddaughter will probably call unmitigated tosh I have no objection whatever to denounce Karl Marx Anything I can say against Darwin will please a large body of sincerely pious voters If it will be easier to carry on the business of the country on the understanding that the present state of things is to be called Socialism, I have no objection in the world to call it Socialism There is the precedent of the Emperor Constantine, who saved the society of his own day by agreeing to call his Imperialism Christianity Mind I must not go ahead of the electorate You must not call a voter a Socialist until—

FRANKLYN. Until he is a Socialist. Agreed

LUBIN. Oh, not at all. You need not wait for that. You must not call him a Socialist until he wishes to be called a Socialist that is all Surely you would

not say that I must not address my constituents as gentlemen until they are gentlemen. I address them as gentlemen because they wish to be so addressed. [*He rises from the sofa and goes to Franklyn, placing a reassuring hand on his shoulder*] Do not be afraid of Socialism, Mr Barnabas. You need not tremble for your property or your position or your dignity. England will remain what England is, no matter what new political names may come into vogue. I do not intend to resist the transition to Socialism. You may depend on me to guide it, to lead it, to give suitable expression to its aspirations, and to steer it clear of Utopian absurdities. I can honestly ask for your support on the most advanced Socialist grounds no less than on the soundest Liberal ones.

BURGE In short, Lubin, you're incorrigible. You don't believe anything is going to change. The millions are still to toil—the people—my people—for I am a man of the people—

LUBIN [*interrupting him contemptuously*] Don't be ridiculous, Burge. You are a country solicitor, further removed from the people, more foreign to them, more jealous of letting them up to your level, than any duke or any archbishop.

BURGE [*hotly*] I deny it. You think I have never been poor. You think I have never cleaned my own boots. You think my fingers have never come out through the soles when I was cleaning them. You think—

LUBIN I think you fall into the very common mistake of supposing that it is poverty that makes the proletarian and money that makes the gentleman. You are quite wrong. You never belonged to the people. You belonged to the imppecunious. Imppecuniosity and broken boots are the lot of the unsuccessful middle class, and the commonplaces of

the early struggles of the professional and younger son class I defy you to find a farm laborer in England with broken boots Call a mechanic one of the poor, and he'll punch your head When you talk to your constituents about the toiling millions, they dont consider that you are refering to them They are all third cousins of somebody with a title or a park I am a Yorkshireman, my friend I know England, and you dont If you did you would know—

BURGE What do you know that I dont know ?

LUBIN I know that we are taking up too much of Mr Barnabas's time [*Franklyn rises*] May I take it, my dear Barnabas, that I may count on your support if we succeed in forcing an election before the new register is in full working order ?

BURGE [*rising also*] May the party count on your support ? I say nothing about myself Can the party depend on you ? Is there any question of yours that I have left unanswered ?

CONRAD We havnt asked you any, you know

BURGE May I take that as a mark of confidence ?

CONRAD If I were a laborer in your constituency, I should ask you a biological question

LUBIN No you wouldnt, my dear Doctor Laborers never ask questions

BURGE Ask it now I have never flinched from being heckled Out with it Is it about the land ?

CONRAD No

BURGE. Is it about the Church ?

CONRAD No.

BURGE Is it about the House of Lords ?

CONRAD No

BURGE. Is it about Proportional Representation ?

CONRAD No

BURGE Is it about Free Trade ?

CONRAD No

BURGE Is it about the priest in the school ?

CONRAD No

BURGE Is it about Ireland ?

CONRAD No

BURGE Is it about Germany ?

CONRAD No.

BURGE Well, is it about Republicanism ? Come !
I won't flinch Is it about the Monarchy ?

CONRAD No

BURGE Well, what the devil is it about, then ?

CONRAD You understand that I am asking the question in the character of a laborer who earned thirteen shillings a week before the war and earns thirty now, when he can get it ?

BURGE Yes I understand that I am ready for you Out with it

CONRAD And whom you propose to represent in parliament ?

BURGE Yes, yes, yes Come on

CONRAD The question is this Would you allow your son to marry my daughter, or your daughter to marry my son ?

BURGE [*taken aback*] Oh, come ! Thats not a political question

CONRAD Then, as a biologist, I dont take the slightest interest in your politics , and I shall not walk across the street to vote for you or anyone else at the election Good evening

LUBIN Serve you right, Burge ! Dr Barnabas you have my assurance that my daughter shall marry the man of her choice, whether he be lord or laborer May I count on your support ?

BURGE [*hurling the epithet at him*] Humbug !

SAVVY Stop [*They all stop short in the movement of leave-taking to look at her*] Daddy are you going to let them off like this ? How are they to know anything

if nobody ever tells them ? If you dont, I will

CONRAD You cant. You didnt read my book , and you know nothing about it You just hold your tongue

SAVVY I just wont, Nunk. I shall have a vote when I am thirty , and I ought to have it now Why are these two ridiculous people to be allowed to come in and walk over us as if the world existed only to play their silly parliamentary game ?

FRANKLYN [*severely*] Savvy . you really must not be uncivil to our guests

SAVVY I'm sorry But Mr Lubin didnt stand on much ceremony with me, did he ? And Mr Burge hasnt addressed a single word to me. I'm not going to stand it You and Nunk have a much better program than either of them It's the only one we are going to vote for , and they ought to be told about it for the credit of the family and the good of their own souls You just tip them a chapter from the gospel of the brothers Barnabas, Daddy

Lubin and Burge turn inquiringly to Franklyn, suspecting a move to form a new party

FRANKLYN. It is quite true, Mr Lubin, that I and my brother have a little program of our own which—

CONRAD [*interrupting*] It's not a little program : it's an almighty big one It's not our own : it's the program of the whole of civilization

BURGE Then why split the party before you have put it to us ? For God's sake let us have no more splits I am here to learn. I am here to gather your opinions and represent them I invite you to put your views before me. I offer myself to be heckled You have asked me only an absurd non-political question

FRANKLYN Candidly, I fear our program will be thrown away on you. It would not interest you.

BURGE [*with challenging audacity*] Try Lubin can go if he likes, but I am still open to new ideas, if only I can find them

FRANKLYN [*to Lubin*] Are you prepared to listen, Mr Lubin, or shall I thank you for your very kind and welcome visit, and say good evening?

LUBIN [*sitting down resignedly on the settee, but involuntarily making a movement which looks like the stifling of a yawn*] With pleasure, Mr Barnabas. Of course you know that before I can adopt any new plank in the party platform, it will have to reach me through the National Liberal Federation, which you can approach through your local Liberal and Radical Association.

FRANKLYN I could recall to you several instances of the addition to your party program of measures of which no local branch of your Federation had ever dreamt. But I understand that you are not really interested. I will spare you, and drop the subject.

LUBIN [*waking up a little*] You quite misunderstand me. Please do not take it in that way. I only—

BURGE [*talking him down*] Never mind the Federation. I will answer for the Federation. Go on, Barnabas, go on. Never mind Lubin [*he sits down in the chair from which Lubin first displaced him*].

FRANKLYN Our program is only that the term of human life shall be extended to three hundred years.

LUBIN [*softly*] Eh?

BURGE [*explosively*] What?

SAVVY Our election cry is "Back to Methuselah!"

HASLAM Priceless!

Lubin and Burge look at one another

CONRAD No. We are not mad.

SAVVY They're not joking either. They mean it.

LUBIN [*cautiously*] Assuming that, in some sense which I am for the moment unable to fathom, you are in

earnest, Mr Barnabas, may I ask what this has to do with politics ?

FRANKLYN The connection is very evident You are now, Mr Lubin, within immediate reach of your seventieth year Mr Joyce Burge is your junior by about eleven years You will go down to posterity as one of a European group of immature statesmen and monarchs who, doing the very best for your respective countries of which you were capable, succeeded in all-but-wrecking the civilization of Europe, and did, in effect, wipe out of existence many millions of its inhabitants

BURGE Less than a million

FRANKLYN That was our loss alone

BURGE Oh, if you count foreigners—!

HASLAM God counts foreigners, you know

SAVVY [*with intense satisfaction*] Well said, Bill

FRANKLYN I am not blaming you Your task was beyond human capacity What with our huge armaments, our terrible engines of destruction, our systems of coercion manned by an irresistible police, you were called on to control powers so gigantic that one shudders at the thought of their being entrusted even to an infinitely experienced and benevolent God, much less to mortal men whose whole life does not last a hundred years.

BURGE We won the war dont forget that

FRANKLYN. No the soldiers and sailors won it, and left you to finish it And you were so utterly incompetent that the multitudes of children slain by hunger in the first years of peace made us all wish we were at war again.

CONRAD. It's no use arguing about it It is now absolutely certain that the political and social problems raised by our civilization cannot be solved by mere human mushrooms who decay and die when

they are just beginning to have a glimmer of the wisdom and knowledge needed for welfare government

LUBIN. Quite an interesting idea, Doctor. Extravagant Fantastic But quite interesting. When I was young I used to feel my human limitations very acutely

BURGE God knows I have often felt that I could not go on if it had not been for the sense that I was only an instrument in the hands of a Power above us

CONRAD I'm glad you both agree with us, and with one another

LUBIN I have not gone so far as that, I think. After all, we have had many very able political leaders even within your recollection and mine

FRANKLYN Have you read the recent biographies — Dilke's, for instance — which revealed the truth about them ?

LUBIN I did not discover any new truth revealed in these books, Mr Barnabas.

FRANKLYN What ! Not the truth that England was governed all that time by a little woman who knew her own mind ?

SAVVY Hear, hear !

LUBIN. That often happens Which woman do you mean ?

FRANKLYN Queen Victoria, to whom your Prime Ministers stood in the relation of naughty children whose heads she knocked together when their tempers and quarrels became intolerable Within thirteen years of her death Europe became a hell.

BURGE Quite true That was because she was piously brought up, and regarded herself as an instrument. If a statesman remembers that he is only an instrument, and feels quite sure that he is rightly interpreting the divine purpose, he will come out all right, you know

FRANKLYN The Kaiser felt like that. Did he come out all right ?

BURGE Well, let us be fair, even to the Kaiser
Let us be fair

FRANKLYN Were you fair to him when you won an election on the program of hanging him ?

BURGE Stuff ! I am the last man alive to hang anybody ; but the people wouldnt listen to reason
Besides, I knew the Dutch wouldnt give him up

SAVVY Oh, dont start arguing about poor old Bill
Stick to our point Let these two gentlemen settle the question for themselves Mr Burge do you think Mr Lubin is fit to govern England ?

BURGE No Frankly, I dont.

LUBIN [*remonstrant*] Really !

CONRAD Why ?

BURGE Because he has no conscience thats why

LUBIN [*shocked and amazed*] Oh !

FRANKLYN Mr Lubin do you consider Joyce Burge qualified to govern England ?

LUBIN [*with dignified emotion, wounded, but without bitterness*] Excuse me, Mr Barnabas ; but before I answer that question I want to say this Burge we have had differences of opinion ; and your newspaper friends have said hard things of me But we worked together for years ; and I hope I have done nothing to justify you in the amazing accusation you have just brought against me Do you realize that you said that I have no conscience ?

BURGE Lubin : I am very accessible to an appeal to my emotions , and you are very cunning in making such appeals I will meet you to this extent. I dont mean that you are a bad man I dont mean that I dislike you, in spite of your continual attempts to discourage and depress me But you have a mind like a looking-glass You are very clear and smooth

and lucid as to what is standing in front of you But you have no foresight and no hindsight. You have no vision and no memory You have no continuity; and a man without continuity can have neither conscience nor honor from one day to another The result is that you have always been a damned bad minister, and you have sometimes been a damned bad friend Now you can answer Barnabas's question and take it out of me to your heart's content He asked you was I fit to govern England

LUBIN [*recovering himself*] After what has just passed I sincerely wish I could honestly say yes, Burge But it seems to me that you have condemned yourself out of your own mouth You represent something which has had far too much influence and popularity in this country since Joseph Chamberlain set the fashion, and that is mere energy without intellect and without knowledge Your mind is not a trained mind it has not been stored with the best information, nor cultivated by intercourse with educated minds at any of our great seats of learning As I happen to have enjoyed that advantage, it follows that you do not understand my mind Candidly, I think that disqualifies you The peace found out your weaknesses.

BURGE Oh! What did it find out in you?

LUBIN You and your newspaper confederates took the peace out of my hands The peace did not find me out because it did not find me in

FRANKLYN Come! Confess, both of you! You were only flies on the wheel The war went England's way, but the peace went its own way, and not England's way nor any of the ways you had so glibly appointed for it Your peace treaty was a scrap of paper before the ink dried on it The statesmen of Europe were incapable of governing Europe. What they needed was a couple of hundred years training

and experience what they had actually had was a few years at the bar or in a counting-house or on the grouse moors and golf courses. And now we are waiting, with monster cannons trained on every city and seaport, and huge aeroplanes ready to spring into the air and drop bombs every one of which will obliterate a whole street, and poison gases that will strike multitudes dead with a breath, until one of you gentlemen rises in his helplessness to tell us, who are as helpless as himself, that we are at war again.

CONRAD. Aha ! What consolation will it be for us then that you two are able to tell off one another's defects so cleverly in your afternoon chat ?

BURGE [*angrily*] If you come to that, what consolation will it be that you two can sit there and tell both of us off ? you, who have had no responsibility ! you, who havnt lifted a finger, as far as I know, to help us through this awful crisis which has left me ten years older than my proper age ! Can you tell me a single thing you did to help us during the whole infernal business ?

CONRAD We're not blaming you you hadnt lived long enough No more had we Cant you see that three-score-and-ten, though it may be long enough for a very crude sort of village life, isnt long enough for a complicated civilization like ours ? Flinders Petrie has counted nine attempts at civilization made by people exactly like us, and every one of them failed just as ours is failing They failed because the citizens and statesmen died of old age or over-eating before they had grown out of schoolboy games and savage sports and cigars and champagne. The signs of the end are always the same Democracy, Socialism, and Votes for Women We shall go to smash within the lifetime of men now living unless we recognize that we must live longer.

LUBIN I am glad you agree with me that Socialism and Votes for Women are signs of decay

FRANKLYN Not at all they are only the difficulties that overtax your capacity. If you cannot organize Socialism you cannot organize civilized life, and you will relapse into barbarism accordingly

SAVVY Hear, hear !

BURGE A useful point We cannot put back the clock.

HASLAM I can I've often done it

LUBIN Tut tut ! My dear Burge what are you dreaming of ? Mr Barnabas I am a very patient man But will you tell me what earthly use or interest there is in a conclusion that cannot be realized ? I grant you that if we could live three hundred years we should all be, perhaps wiser, certainly older You will grant me in return, I hope, that if the sky falls we shall all catch larks

FRANKLYN Your turn now, Conrad Go ahead

CONRAD I dont think it's any good I dont think they want to live longer than usual

LUBIN Although I am a mere child of 69, I am old enough to have lost the habit of crying for the moon

BURGE Have you discovered the elixir of life or have you not ? If not, I agree with Lubin that you are wasting our time

CONRAD Is your time of anv value ?

BURGE [*unable to believe his ears*] My time of any value ! What do you mean ?

LUBIN [*smiling comfortably*] From your high scientific point of view, I daresay, none whatever, Professor In any case I think a little perfectly idle discussion would do Burge good After all, we might as well hear about the elixir of life as read novels, or whatever Burge does when he is not playing golf on Walton Heath What is your elixir, Dr Barnabas ? Lemons ?

Sour milk ? Or what is the latest ?

BURGE We were just beginning to talk seriously , and now you snatch at the chance of talking rot. [*He rises*]. Good evening. [*He turns to the door*]

CONRAD [*rudely*] Die as soon as you like. Good evening

BURGE [*hesitating*] Look here I took sour milk twice a day until Metchnikoff died He thought it would keep him alive for ever , and he died of it

CONRAD You might as well have taken sour beer

BURGE You believe in lemons ?

CONRAD I wouldnt eat a lemon for ten pounds.

BURGE [*sitting down again*] What do you recommend ?

CONRAD [*rising with a gesture of despair*] Whats the use of going on, Frank ? Because I am a doctor, and because they think I have a bottle to give them that will make them live for ever, they are listening to me for the first time with their mouths open and their eyes shut Thats their notion of science

SAVVY Steady, Nunk ! Hold the fort

CONRAD [*grows and sits down*] ' ! ' !

LUBIN You volunteered the consultation, Doctor I may tell you that, far from sharing the credulity as to science which is now the fashion, I am prepared to demonstrate that during the last fifty years, though the Church has often been wrong, and even the Liberal Party has not been infallible, the men of science have always been wrong

CONRAD Yes the fellows you call men of science. The people who make money by it, and their medical hangers-on But has anybody been right ?

LUBIN The poets and story tellers, especially the classical poets and story tellers, have been in the main, right I will ask you not to repeat this as my opinion outside , for the vote of the medical profession and its worshippers is not to be trifled with

FRANKLYN You are quite right the poem is our real clue to biological science The most scientific document we possess at present is, as your grandmother would have told you quite truly, the story of the Garden of Eden

BURGE [*pricking up his ears*] Whats that ? If you can establish that, Barnabas, I am prepared to hear you out with my very best attention I am listening. Go on

FRANKLYN Well, you remember, dont you, that in the Garden of Eden Adam and Eve were not created mortal, and that natural death, as we call it, was not a part of life, but a later and quite separate invention ?

BURGE Now you mention it, thats true Death came afterwards

LUBIN What about accidental death ? That was always possible

FRANKLYN Precisely Adam and Eve were hung up between two frightful possibilities One was the extinction of mankind by their accidental death. The other was the prospect of living for ever They could bear neither They decided that they would just take a short turn of a thousand years, and meanwhile hand on their work to a new pair. Consequently, they had to invent natural birth and natural death, which are, after all, only modes of perpetuating life without putting on any single creature the terrible burden of immortality.

LUBIN I see The old must make room for the new.

BURGE Death is nothing but making room Thats all there is in it or ever has been in it.

FRANKLYN Yes , but the old must not desert their posts until the new are ripe for them They desert them now two hundred years too soon

SAVVY I believe the old people are the new people reincarnated, Nunk. I suspect I am Eve I am very

fond of apples ; and they always disagree with me.

CONRAD You are Eve, in a sense The Eternal Life persists , only It wears out Its bodies and minds and gets new ones, like new clothes You are only a new hat and frock on Eve

FRANKLYN Yes Bodies and minds ever better and better fitted to carry out Its eternal pursuit

LUBIN [*with quiet scepticism*] What pursuit, may one ask, Mr Barnabas ?

FRANKLYN. The pursuit of omnipotence and omniscience Greater power and greater knowledge these are what we are all pursuing even at the risk of our lives and the sacrifice of our pleasures Evolution is that pursuit and nothing else It is the path to god-head A man differs from a microbe only in being further on the path

LUBIN And how soon do you expect this modest end to be reached ?

FRANKLYN Never, thank God ! As there is no limit to power and knowledge there can be no end "The power and the glory, world without end" . have those words meant nothing to you ?

BURGE [*pulling out an old envelope*] I should like to make a note of that [*He does so*]

CONRAD There will always be something to live for.

BURGE [*pocketing his envelope and becoming more and more businesslike*] Right I have got that. Now what about sin ? What about the Fall ? How do you work them in ?

CONRAD I dont work in the Fall The Fall is outside Science But I daresay Frank can work it in for you.

BURGE [*to Franklyn*] I wish you would, you know It's important Very important.

FRANKLYN Well, consider it this way It is clear

that when Adam and Eve were immortal it was necessary that they should make the earth an extremely comfortable place to live in

BURGE True If you take a house on a ninety-nine years lease, you spend a good deal of money on it. If you take it for three months you generally have a bill for dilapidations to pay at the end of them.

FRANKLYN Just so Consequently, when Adam had the Garden of Eden on a lease for ever, he took care to make it what the house agents call a highly desirable country residence. But the moment he invented death, and became a tenant for life only, the place was no longer worth the trouble. It was then that he let the thistles grow Life was so short that it was no longer worth his while to do anything thoroughly well.

BURGE. Do you think that is enough to constitute what an average elector would consider a Fall? Is it tragic enough?

FRANKLYN. That is only the first step of the Fall Adam did not fall down that step only . he fell down a whole flight. For instance, before he invented birth he dared not have lost his temper ; for if he had killed Eve he would have been lonely and barren to all eternity. But when he invented birth, and anyone who was killed could be replaced, he could afford to let himself go He undoubtedly invented wife-beating , and that was another step down One of his sons invented meat-eating The other was horrified at the innovation. With the ferocity which is still characteristic of bulls and other vegetarians, he slew his beefsteak-eating brother, and thus invented murder That was a very steep step It was so exciting that all the others began to kill one another for sport, and thus invented war, the steepest step of all. They even took to killing animals as a means

of killing time, and then, of course, ate them to save the long and difficult labor of agriculture. I ask you to contemplate our fathers as they came crashing down all the steps of this Jacob's ladder that reached from paradise to a hell on earth in which they had multiplied the chances of death from violence, accident, and disease until they could hardly count on three score and ten years of life, much less the thousand that Adam had been ready to face ! With that picture before you, will you now ask me, where was the Fall ? You might as well stand at the foot of Snowdon and ask me where is the mountain. The very children see it so plainly that they compress its history into a two line epic

Old Daddy Long Legs wouldnt say his prayers ·
Take him by the hind legs and throw him down-
stairs

LUBIN [*still immovably sceptical*] And what does Science say to this fairy tale, Doctor Barnabas ? Surely Science knows nothing of Genesis, nor of Adam and Eve.

CONRAD Then it isnt Science thats all Science has to account for everything , and everything includes the Bible

FRANKLYN. The Book of Genesis is a part of nature like any other part of nature The fact that the tale of the Garden of Eden has survived and held the imagination of men spellbound for centuries, whilst hundreds of much more plausible and amusing stories have gone out of fashion and perished like last year's popular song, is a scientific fact ; and Science is bound to explain it. You tell me that Science knows nothing of it. Then Science is more ignorant than the children at any village school.

CONRAD Of course if you think it more scientific

to say that what we are discussing is not Adam and Eve and Eden, but the phylogeny of the blastoderm—

SAVVY You neednt swear, Nunk

CONRAD Shut up, you I am not swearing [*To Lubin*] If you want the professional humbug of re-writing the Bible in words of four syllables, and pretending it's something new, I can humbug you to your heart's content I can call Genesis Phylogenesis Let the Creator say, if you like, "I will establish an antipathetic symbiosis between thee and the female, and between thy blastoderm and her blastoderm" Nobody will understand you; and Savvy will think you are swearing The meaning is the same

HASLAM. Priceless But it's quite simple The one version is poetry the other is science

FRANKLYN The one is classroom jargon. the other is inspired human language

LUBIN [*calmly reminiscent*] One of the few modern authors into whom I have occasionally glanced is Rousseau, who was a sort of Deist like Burge—

BURGE [*interrupting him forcibly*] Lubin has this stupendously important communication which Professor Barnabas has just made to us a communication for which I shall be indebted to him all my life long has this, I say, no deeper effect on you than to set you pulling my leg by trying to make out that I am an infidel?

LUBIN It's very interesting and amusing, Burge; and I think I see a case in it. I think I could undertake to argue it in an ecclesiastical court But important is hardly a word I should attach to it.

BURGE. Good God! Here is this professor a man utterly removed from the turmoil of our political life. devoted to pure learning in its most abstract phases; and I solemnly declare he is the greatest politician,

the most inspired party leader, in the kingdom I take off my hat to him I, Joyce Burge, give him best. And you sit there purring like an Angora cat, and can see nothing in it !

CONRAD [*opening his eyes widely*] Hallo ! What have I done to deserve this tribute ?

BURGE Done ! You have put the Liberal Party into power for the next thirty years, Doctor thats what youve done

CONRAD God forbid !

BURGE It's all up with the Church now Thanks to you, we go to the country with one cry and one only Back to the Bible ! Think of the effect on the Nonconformist vote You gather that in with one hand, and you gather in the modern scientific sceptical professional vote with the other The village atheist and the first cornet in the local Salvation Army band meet on the village green and shake hands You take your school children, your Bible class under the Cowper-Temple clause, into the museum You shew the kids the Piltdown skull, and you say, "Thats Adam Thats Eve's husband" You take the spectacled science student from the laboratory in Owens College, and when he asks you for a truly scientific history of Evolution, you put into his hand The Pilgrim's Progress You— [*Savvy and Haslam explode into shrieks of merriment*] What are you two laughing at ?

SAVVY Oh, go on, Mr Burge Dont stop.

HASLAM. Pricelcss !

FRANKLYN Would thirty years of office for the Liberal Party seem so important to you, Mr Burge, if you had another two and a half centuries to live ?

BURGE [*decisively*] No You will have to drop that part of it The constituencies wont swallow it

LUBIN [*seriously*] I am not so sure of that, Burge.

I am not sure that it may not prove the only point they will swallow

BURGE It will be no use to us even if they do It's not a party point. It's as good for the other side as for us.

LUBIN Not necessarily If we get in first with it, it will be associated in the public mind with our party. Suppose I put it forward as a plank in our program that we advocate the extension of human life to three hundred years ! Dunreen, as leader of the opposite party, will be bound to oppose me to denounce me as a visionary and so forth By doing so he will place himself in the position of wanting to rob the people of two hundred and thirty years of their natural life. The Unionists will become the party of Premature Death , and we shall become the Longevity party

BURGE [*shaken*] You really think the electorate would swallow it ?

LUBIN My dear Burge is there anything the electorate will not swallow if it is judiciously put to them ? But we must make sure of our ground We must have the support of the men of science. Is there serious agreement among them, Doctor, as to the possibility of such an evolution as you have described ?

CONRAD Yes Ever since the reaction against Darwin set in at the beginning of the present century, all scientific opinion worth counting has been converging rapidly upon Creative Evolution

FRANKLYN Poetry has been converging on it philosophy has been converging on it religion has been converging on it. It is going to be the religion of the twentieth century . a religion that has its intellectual roots in philosophy and science just as medieval Christianity had its intellectual roots in Aristotle

LUBIN But surely any change would be so extremely gradual that—

CONRAD Dont deceive yourself. It's only the politicians who improve the world so gradually that nobody can see the improvement. The notion that Nature does not proceed by jumps is only one of the budget of plausible lies that we call classical education. Nature always proceeds by jumps. She may spend twenty thousand years making up her mind to jump, but when she makes it up at last, the jump is big enough to take us into a new age.

LUBIN [*impressed*] Fancy my being leader of the party for the next three hundred years! •

BURGE What!!!

LUBIN Perhaps hard on some of the younger men. I think in fairness I shall have to step aside to make room after another century or so—that is, if Mimi can be persuaded to give up Downing Street.

BURGE This is too much. Your colossal conceit blinds you to the most obvious necessity of the political situation.

LUBIN You mean my retirement. I really cannot see that it is a necessity. I could not see it when I was almost an old man—or at least an elderly one. Now that it appears that I am a young man, the case for it breaks down completely. [*To Conrad*] May I ask are there any alternative theories? Is there a scientific Opposition?

CONRAD Well, some authorities hold that the human race is a failure, and that a new form of life, better adapted to high civilization, will supersede us as we have superseded the ape and the elephant.

BURGE. The superman: eh?

CONRAD No. Some being quite different from us.

LUBIN Is that altogether desirable?

FRANKLYN. I fear so. However that may be, we may be quite sure of one thing. We shall not be let alone. The force behind evolution, call it what you

like, is determined to solve the problem of civilization, and if it cannot do it through us, it will produce more capable agents. You and I are not God's last word. God can still create. If you cannot do His work He will produce some being who can.

BURGE [*with zealous reverence*] What do we know about Him, Barnabas? What does anyone know about Him?

CONRAD We know this about Him with absolute certainty. The power my brother calls God proceeds by the method of Trial and Error, and if we turn out to be one of the errors, we shall go the way of the mastodon and the megatherium and all the other scrapped experiments.

LUBIN [*rising and beginning to walk up and down the room with his considering cap on*] I admit that I am impressed, gentlemen. I will go so far as to say that your theory is likely to prove more interesting than even Welsh Disestablishment. But as practical politicians—hm! Eh, Burge?

CONRAD We are not practical politicians. We are out to get something done. Practical politicians are people who have mastered the art of using parliament to prevent anything being done.

FRANKLYN When we get matured statesmen and citizens—

LUBIN [*stopping short*] Citizens! Oh! Are the citizens to live three hundred years as well as the statesmen?

CONRAD Of course.

LUBIN I confess this had not occurred to me [*he sits down abruptly, evidently very unfavorably affected by this new light*].

Savvy and Haslam look at one another with unspeakable feelings.

BURGE. Do you think it would be wise to go quite

so far at first ? Surely it would be more prudent to begin with the best men

FRANKLYN. You need not be anxious about that It will begin with the best men

LUBIN I am glad to hear you say so. You see, we must put this into a practical parliamentary shape.

BURGE We shall have to draft a Bill that is the long and the short of it Until you have your Bill drafted you dont know what you are really doing . that is my experience

LUBIN. A Bill ! Nonsense ! we cannot dream of doing anything We should interest the electorate in this as a sort of religious aspiration and personal hope, using it at the same time to remove its prejudices against those of us who are getting on in years But it would be in the last degree upsetting to enable everyone to live longer than usual Take the mere question of the manufacture of the specific, whatever it may be ! There are forty millions of people in the country. Let me assume for the sake of illustration that each person would have to consume, say, five ounces a day of the elixir That would be—let me see—five times three hundred and sixty-five is—um—twenty-five—thirty-two—eighteen—eighteen hundred and twenty-five ounces a year just two ounces over the hundred-weight

BURGE. Two million tons a year, in round numbers, of stuff that everyone would clamor for . that men would trample down women and children in the streets to get at You couldnt produce it There would be blue murder It's out of the question We must keep the actual secret to ourselves.

CONRAD [*staring at them*] The actual secret ! What on earth are you talking about ?

BURGE The stuff. The powder The bottle The tabloid Whatever it is You said it wasnt lemons

CONRAD My good sir : I have no powder, no bottle, no tabloid I am not a quack . I am a biologist This is a thing thats going to happen.

LUBIN [*completely let down*] Going to happen ! Oh ! Is that all ? [*He looks at his watch*]

BURGE Going to happen ! What do you mean ? Do you mean that you cant make it happen ?

CONRAD No more than I could have made you happen

FRANKLYN We can put it into men's heads that there is nothing* to prevent its happening but their own will to die before their work is done, and their own ignorance of the splendid work there is for them to do

CONRAD Spread that knowledge and that conviction , and as surely as the sun will rise tomorrow, the thing will happen

FRANKLYN We dont know where or when or to whom it will happen It may happen first to someone in this room.

HASLAM It wont happen to me thats jolly sure

CONRAD It might happen to anyone It might happen to the parlormaid How do we know ?

SAVVY The parlormaid ! Oh, thats nonsense, Nunk

LUBIN [*once more quite comfortable*] I think Miss Savvy has delivered the final verdict

BURGE Do you mean to say that you have nothing more practical to offer than the mere wish to live longer ? Why, if people could live by merely wishing to, we should all be living for ever already ! Everybody would like to live for ever Why dont they ?

CONRAD Pshaw ! Everybody would like to have a million of money Why havnt they ? Because the men who would like to be millionaires wont save sixpence even with the chance of starvation staring

them in the face The men who want to live for ever wont cut off a glass of beer or a pipe of tobacco, though they believe the teetotallers and non-smokers live longer That sort of liking is not willing See what they do when they know they must

FRANKLYN Do not mistake mere idle fancies for the tremendous miracle-working force of Will nerved to creation by a conviction of Necessity I tell you men capable of such willing, and realizing its necessity, will do it reluctantly, under inner compulsion, as all great efforts are made They will hide what they are doing from themselves they will take care not to know what they are doing They will live three hundred years, not because they would like to, but because the soul deep down in them will know that they must, if the world is to be saved

LUBIN [*turning to Franklyn and patting him almost paternally*] Well, my dear Barnabas, for the last thirty years the post has brought me at least once a week a plan from some crank or other for the establishment of the millennium I think you are the maddest of all the cranks, but you are much the most interesting I am conscious of a very curious mixture of relief and disappointment in finding that your plan is all moonshine, and that you have nothing practical to offer us But what a pity! It is such a fascinating idea! I think you are too hard on us practical men, but there are men in every Government, even on the Front Bench, who deserve all you say And now, before dropping the subject, may I put just one question to you? An idle question, since nothing can come of it, but still—

FRANKLYN Ask your question

LUBIN. Why do you fix three hundred years as the exact figure?

FRANKLYN. Because we must fix some figure Less

would not be enough , and more would be more than we dare as yet face.

LUBIN Pooh ! I am quite prepared to face three thousand, not to say three million

CONRAD. Yes, because you dont believe you will be called on to make good your word

FRANKLYN [*gently*] Also, perhaps, because you have never been troubled much by visions of the future.

BURGE [*with intense conviction*] The future does not exist for Henry Hopkins Lubin.

LUBIN If by the future you mean the millennial delusions which you use as a bunch of carrots to lure the uneducated British donkey to the polling booth to vote for you, it certainly does not

BURGE I can see the future not only because, if I may say so in all humility, I have been gifted with a certain power of spiritual vision, but because I have practised as a solicitor. A solicitor has to advise families. He has to think of the future and know the past. His office is the real modern confessional. Among other things he has to make people's wills for them. He has to shew them how to provide for their daughters after their deaths. Has it occurred to you, Lubin, that if you live three hundred years, your daughters will have to wait a devilish long time for their money ?

FRANKLYN. The money may not wait for them. Few investments flourish for three hundred years.

SAVVY And what about before your death ? Suppose they didnt get married ! Imagine a girl living at home with her mother and on her father for three hundred years ! Theyd murder her if she didnt murder them first

LUBIN. By the way, Barnabas, is your daughter to keep her good looks all the time ?

FRANKLYN Will it matter ? Can you conceive the

most hardened flirt going on flirting for three centuries ? At the end of half the time we shall hardly notice whether it is a woman or a man we are speaking to

LUBIN [*not quite relishing this ascetic prospect*] Hm ! [*He rises*] Ah, well you must come and tell my wife and my young people all about it , and you will bring your daughter with you, of course [*He shakes hands with Savvy*] Goodbye [*He shakes hands with Franklyn*] Goodbye, Doctor [*He shakes hands with Conrad*] Come on, Burge · you must really tell me what line you are going to take about the Church at the election ?

BURGE Havnt you heard ? Havnt you taken in the revelation that has been vouchsafed to us ? The line I am going to take is Back to Methuselah

LUBIN [*decisively*] Dont be ridiculous, Burge You dont suppose, do you, that our friends here are in earnest, or that our very pleasant conversation has had anything to do with practical politics ! They have just been pulling our legs very wittily Come along [*He goes out, Franklyn politely going with him, but shaking his head in mute protest*]

BURGE [*shaking Conrad's hand*] It's beyond the old man, Doctor No spiritual side to him only a sort of classical side that goes down with his own set Besides, he's done, gone, past, burnt out, burst up , thinks he is our leader and is only our rag and bottle department But you may depend on me I will work this stunt of yours in I see its value. [*He begins moving towards the door with Conrad*] Of course I cant put it exactly in your way , but you are quite right about our needing something fresh ; and I believe an election can be fought on the death rate and on Adam and Eve as scientific facts. It will take the Opposition right out of its depth And if we win

there will be an O M for somebody when the first honors list comes round [*by this time he has talked himself out of the room and out of earshot, Conrad accompanying him*]

Savvy and Haslam, left alone, seize each other in an ecstasy of amusement, and jazz to the settee, where they sit down again side by side

HASLAM [*caressing her*] Darling ! What a priceless humbug old Lubin is !

SAVVY Oh, sweet old thing ! I love him Burge is a flaming fraud if you like

HASLAM Did you notice one thing ? It struck me as rather curious

SAVVY What ?

HASLAM Lubin and your father have both survived the war But their sons were killed in it

SAVVY [*sobered*] Yes Jim's death killed mother

HASLAM And they never said a word about it !

SAVVY Well, why should they ? The subject didnt come up I forgot about it too , and I was very fond of Jim

HASLAM I didnt forget it, because I'm of military age , and if I hadnt been a parson I'd have had to go out and be killed too To me the awful thing about their political incompetence was that they had to kill their own sons It was the war casualty lists and the starvation afterwards that finished me up with politics and the Church and everything else except you

SAVVY Oh, I was just as bad as any of them I sold flags in the streets in my best clothes , and—hsh ! [*she jumps up and pretends to be looking for a book on the shelves behind the settee*]

Franklyn and Conrad return, looking weary and glum

CONRAD Well, thats how the gospel of the brothers Barnabas is going to be received ! [*He drops into Burge's chair*]

FRANKLYN [*going back to his seat at the table*] It's no use Were you convinced, Mr Haslam ?

HASLAM About our being able to live three hundred years ? Frankly, no

CONRAD [*to Savvy*] Nor you, I suppose ?

SAVVY Oh, I dont know I thought I was for a moment I can believe, in a sort of way, that people might live for three hundred years But when you came down to tin tacks, and said that the parlormaid might, then I saw how absurd it was

FRANKLYN Just so We had better hold our tongues about it, Con We should only be laughed at, and lose the little credit we earned on false pretences in the days of our ignorance

CONRAD I daresay But Creative Evolution doesnt stop while people are laughing Laughing may even lubricate its job.

SAVVY What does that mean ?

CONRAD It means that the first man to live three hundred years maynt have the slightest notion that he is going to do it, and may be the loudest laugher of the lot

SAVVY Or the first woman ?

CONRAD [*assenting*] Or the first woman

HASLAM Well, it wont be one of us, anyhow

FRANKLYN. How do you know ?

This is unanswerable None of them have anything more to say.

PART III
THE THING HAPPENS

A summer afternoon in the year 2170 A D The official parlor of the President of the British Islands. A board table, long enough for three chairs at each side besides the presidential chair at the head and an ordinary chair at the foot, occupies the breadth of the room. On the table, opposite every chair, a small switchboard with a dial There is no fireplace. The end wall is a silvery screen nearly as large as a pair of folding doors. The door is on your left as you face the screen ; and there is a row of thick pegs, padded and covered with velvet, beside it

A stoutish middle-aged man, good-looking and breezily genial, dressed in a silk smock, stockings, handsomely ornamented sandals, and a gold fillet round his brows, comes in. He is like Joyce Burge, yet also like Lubin, as if Nature had made a composite photograph of the two men He takes off his fillet and hangs it on a peg , then sits down in the presidential chair at the head of the table, which is at the end farthest from the door He puts a peg into his switchboard , turns the pointer on the dial ; puts another peg in , and presses a button Immediately the silvery screen vanishes ; and in its place appears, in reverse from right to left, another office similarly furnished, with a thin, unamiable man similarly dressed, but in duller colors, turning over some documents at the table. His gold fillet is hanging up on a similar peg beside the door He is rather like Conrad Barnabas, but younger, and much more commonplace.

BURGE-LUBIN Hallo, Barnabas !

BARNABAS [*without looking round*] What number ?

BURGE-LUBIN. Five double x three two gamma
Burge-Lubin

Barnabas puts a plug in number five ; turns his pointer to double x , puts another plug in 32 ; presses a button and

looks round at Burge-Lubin, who is now visible to him as well as audible

BARNABAS [*curtly*] Oh ! That you, President ?

BURGE-LUBIN Yes They told me you wanted me to ring you up Anything wrong ?

BARNABAS [*harsh and querulous*] I wish to make a protest

BURGE-LUBIN [*good-humored and mocking*] What ! Another protest ! Whats wrong now ?

BARNABAS If you only knew all the protests I havnt made, you would be surprised at my patience It is you who are always treating me with the grossest want of consideration

BURGE-LUBIN. What have I done now ?

BARNABAS You have put me down to go to the Record Office today to receive that American fellow, and do the honors of a ridiculous cinema show That is not the business of the Accountant General it is the business of the President It is an outrageous waste of my time, and an unjustifiable shirking of your duty at my expense I refuse to go You must go

BURGE-LUBIN. My dear boy, nothing would give me greater pleasure than to take the job off your hands—

BARNABAS Then do it Thats all I want [*he is about to switch off*]

BURGE-LUBIN Dont switch off Listen This American has invented a method of breathing under water

BARNABAS What do I care ? I dont want to breathe under water

BURGE-LUBIN You may, my dear Barnabas, at any time You know you never look where you are going when you are immersed in your calculations Some day you will walk into the Serpentine. This man's invention may save your life

BARNABAS [*angrily*] Will you tell me what that has

to do with your putting your ceremonial duties on to my shoulders ? I will not be trifled [*he vanishes and is replaced by the blank screen*].—

BURGE-LUBIN [*indignantly holding down his button*] Dont cut us off, please . we have not finished I am the President, speaking to the Accountant General What are you dreaming of ?

A WOMAN'S VOICE SORRY [*The screen shows Barnabas as before*]

BURGE-LUBIN Since you take it that way, I will go in your place It's a pity, because, you see, this American thinks you are the greatest living authority on the duration of human life , and—

BARNABAS [*interrupting*] The American thinks ! What do you mean ? I am the greatest living authority on the duration of human life Who dares dispute it ?

BURGE-LUBIN Nobody, dear lad, nobody. Dont fly out at me. It is evident that you have not read the American's book

BARNABAS Dont tell me that you have, or that you have read any book except a novel for the last twenty years , for I wont believe you

BURGE-LUBIN. Quite right, dear old fellow I havnt read it But I have read what The Times Literary Supplement says about it

BARNABAS I dont care two straws what it says about it Does it say anything about me ?

BURGE-LUBIN Yes

BARNABAS Oh, does it ? What ?

BURGE-LUBIN It points out that an extraordinary number of first-rate persons like you and me have died by drowning during the last two centuries, and that when this invention of breathing under water takes effect, your estimate of the average duration of human life will be upset.

BARNABAS [*alarmed*] Upset my estimate ! Gracious Heavens ! Does the fool realize what that means ? Do you realize what that means ?

BURGE-LUBIN I suppose it means that we shall have to amend the Act

BARNABAS Amend my Act ! Monstrous !

BURGE-LUBIN But we must. We cant ask people to go on working until they are forty-three unless our figures are unchallengeable You know what a row there was over those last three years, and how nearly the too-old-at-forty people won

BARNABAS. They would have made the British Islands bankrupt if theyd won But you dont care for that you care for nothing but being popular

BURGE-LUBIN Oh, well I shouldnt worry if I were you , for most people complain that there is not enough work for them, and would be only too glad to stick on instead of retiring at forty-three, if only they were asked as a favor instead of having to

BARNABAS Thank you I need no consolation [*He rises determinedly and puts on his fillet*]

BURGE-LUBIN Are you off ? Where are you going to ?

BARNABAS To that cinema tomfoolery, of course. I shall put this American impostor in his place [*He goes out*]

BURGE-LUBIN [*calling after him*] God bless you, dear old chap ! [*With a chuckle, he switches off, and the screen becomes blank. He presses a button and holds it down while he calls*] Hallo !

A WOMAN'S VOICE Hallo !

BURGE-LUBIN [*formally*] The President respectfully solicits the privilege of an interview with the Chief Secretary, and holds himself entirely at his honor's august disposal.

A CHINESE VOICE. He is coming

BURGE-LUBIN Oh ! That you, Confucius ? So good of you Come along [*he releases the button*]

A man in a yellow gown, presenting the general appearance of a Chinese sage, enters

BURGE-LUBIN [*jocularly*] Well, illustrious Sage-&-Onions, how are your poor sore feet ?

CONFUCIUS [*gravely*] I thank you for your kind inquiries I am well.

BURGE-LUBIN Thats right Sit down and make yourself comfortable Any business for me today ?

CONFUCIUS [*sitting down on the first chair round the corner of the table to the President's right*] None.

BURGE-LUBIN Have you heard the result of the bye-election ?

CONFUCIUS A walk-over Only one candidate

BURGE-LUBIN. Any good ?

CONFUCIUS He was released from the County Lunatic Asylum a fortnight ago Not mad enough for the lethal chamber : not sane enough for any place but the division lobby. A very popular speaker.

BURGE-LUBIN. I wish the people would take a serious interest in politics.

CONFUCIUS I do not agree. The Englishman is not fitted by nature to understand politics Ever since the public services have been manned by Chinese, the country has been well and honestly governed. What more is needed ?

BURGE-LUBIN What I cant make out is that China is one of the worst governed countries on earth

CONFUCIUS No It was badly governed twenty years ago ; but since we forbade any Chinaman to take part in our public services, and imported natives of Scotland for that purpose, we have done well. Your information here is always twenty years out of date.

BURGE-LUBIN. People dont seem to be able to

govern themselves I cant understand it. Why should it be so ?

CONFUCIUS. Justice is impartiality. Only strangers are impartial

BURGE-LUBIN It ends in the public services being so good that the Government has nothing to do but think

CONFUCIUS Were it otherwise, the Government would have too much to do to think

BURGE-LUBIN Is that any excuse for the English people electing a parliament of lunatics ?

CONFUCIUS The English people always did elect parliaments of lunatics What does it matter if your permanent officials are honest and competent ?

BURGE-LUBIN. You do not know the history of this country What would my ancestors have said to the menagerie of degenerates that is still called the House of Commons ? Confucius you will not believe me , and I do not blame you for it ; but England once saved the liberties of the world by inventing parliamentary government, which was her peculiar and supreme glory

CONFUCIUS I know the history of your country perfectly well It proves the exact contrary.

BURGE-LUBIN How do you make that out ?

CONFUCIUS The only power your parliament ever had was the power of withholding supplies from the king.

BURGE-LUBIN Precisely. That great Englishman Simon de Montfort—

CONFUCIUS. He was not an Englishman : he was a Frenchman He imported parliaments from France.

BURGE-LUBIN [*surprised*] You dont say so !

CONFUCIUS The king and his loyal subjects killed Simon for forcing his French parliament on them. The first thing British parliaments always did was to

giant supplies to the king for life with enthusiastic expressions of loyalty, lest they should have any real power, and be expected to do something

BURGE-LUBIN Look here, Confucius you know more history than I do, of course ; but democracy—

CONFUCIUS An institution peculiar to China And it was never really a success there

BURGE-LUBIN But the Habeas Corpus Act !

CONFUCIUS The English always suspended it when it threatened to be of the slightest use

BURGE-LUBIN Well, trial by jury you cant deny that we established that ?

CONFUCIUS All cases that were dangerous to the governing classes were tried in the Star Chamber or by Court Martial, except when the prisoner was not tried at all, but executed after calling him names enough to make him unpopular

BURGE-LUBIN Oh, bother ! You may be right in these little details , but in the large we have managed to hold our own as a great race Well, people who could do nothing couldnt have done that, you know

CONFUCIUS I did not say you could do nothing You could fight You could eat. You could drink Until the twentieth century you could produce children. You could play games You could work when you were forced to But you could not govern yourselves

BURGE-LUBIN Then how did we get our reputation as the pioneers of liberty ?

CONFUCIUS By your steadfast refusal to be governed at all. A horse that kicks everyone who tries to harness and guide him may be a pioneer of liberty , but he is not a pioneer of government In China he would be shot.

BURGE-LUBIN Stuff ! Do you imply that the administration of which I am president is no Government ?

CONFUCIUS I do I am the Government

BURGE-LUBIN You ! You ! ! You fat yellow lump of conceit !

CONFUCIUS Only an Englishman could be so ignorant of the nature of government as to suppose that a capable statesman cannot be fat, yellow, and conceited Many Englishmen are slim, red-nosed, and modest Put them in my place, and within a year you will be back in the anarchy and chaos of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries

BURGE-LUBIN Oh, if you go back to the Dark Ages, I have nothing more to say But we did not perish We extricated ourselves from that chaos. We are now the best governed country in the world How did we manage that if we are such fools as you pretend ?

CONFUCIUS You did not do it until the slaughter and ruin produced by your anarchy forced you at last to recognize two inexorable facts First, that government is absolutely necessary to civilization, and that you could not maintain civilization by merely doing down your neighbor, as you called it, and cutting off the head of your king whenever he happened to be a logical Scot and tried to take his position seriously Second, that government is an art of which you are congenitally incapable Accordingly, you imported educated negresses and Chinese to govern you Since then you have done very well

BURGE-LUBIN So have you, you old humbug All the same, I dont know how you stand the work you do You seem to me positively to like public business Why wont you let me take you down to the coast some week-end and teach you marine golf ?

CONFUCIUS It does not interest me I am not a barbarian

BURGE-LUBIN You mean that I am ?

CONFUCIUS That is evident

BURGE-LUBIN How ?

CONFUCIUS People like you They like cheerful good-natured barbarians They have elected you President five times in succession They will elect you five times more I like you You are better company than a dog or a horse because you can speak

BURGE-LUBIN Am I a barbarian because you like me

CONFUCIUS Surely Nobody likes me I am held in awe Capable persons are never liked I am not likeable , but I am indispensable

BURGE-LUBIN Oh, cheer up, old man theres nothing so disagreeable about you as all that I dont dislike you , and if you think I'm afraid of you, you jolly well dont know Burge-Lubin thats all

CONFUCIUS You are brave yes It is a form of stupidity

BURGE-LUBIN You may not be brave one doesnt expect it from a Chink But you have the devil's own cheek

CONFUCIUS I have the assured certainty of the man who sees and knows. Your genial bluster, your cheery, self-confidence, are pleasant, like the open air But they are blind they are vain I seem to see a great dog wag his tail and bark joyously But if he leaves my heel he is lost

BURGE-LUBIN Thank you for a handsome compliment. I have a big dog , and he is the best fellow I know. If you knew how much uglier you are than a chow, you wouldnt start these comparisons, though [*Rising*] Well, if you have nothing for me to do, I am going to leave your heel for the rest of the day and enjoy myself. What would you recommend me to do with myself ?

CONFUCIUS Give yourself up to contemplation , and great thoughts will come to you

BURGE-LUBIN Will they ? If you think I am going to sit here on a fine day like this with my legs crossed waiting for great thoughts, you exaggerate my taste for them. I prefer marine golf [*Stopping short*] Oh, by the way, I forgot something I have a word or two to say to the Minister of Health. [*He goes back to his chair*]

CONFUCIUS Her number is—

BURGE-LUBIN I know it

CONFUCIUS [*rising*] I cannot understand her attraction for you For me a woman who is not yellow does not exist, save as an official [*He goes out*]

Burge-Lubin operates his switchboard as before. The screen vanishes, and a dainty room with a bed, a wardrobe, and a dressing-table with a mirror and a switch on it, appears. Seated at it a handsome negress is trying on a brilliant head scarf. Her dressing-gown is thrown back from her shoulders to her chair. She is in corset, knickers, and silk stockings

BURGE-LUBIN [*horrified*] I beg your pardon .

The startled negress snatches the peg out of her switchboard and vanishes

THE NEGRESS'S VOICE. Who is it ?

BURGE-LUBIN Me The President Burge-Lubin I had no idea your bedroom switch was in I beg your pardon.

The negress reappears. She has pulled the dressing-gown perfunctorily over her shoulders, and continues her experiments with the scarf, not at all put out, and rather amused by Burge's prudery

THE NEGRESS Stupid of me. I was talking to another lady this morning ; and I left the peg in

BURGE-LUBIN But I am so sorry

THE NEGRESS [*sunnily still busy with the scarf*] Why ? It was my fault.

BURGE-LUBIN [*embarrassed*] Well—er—er— But I suppose you were used to it in Africa

THE NEGRESS Your delicacy is very touching, Mr President It would be funny if it were not so unpleasant, because, like all white delicacy, it is in the wrong place How do you think this suits my complexion ?

BURGE-LUBIN How can any really vivid color go wrong with a black satin skin ? It is our women's wretched pale faces that have to be matched and lighted Yours is always right

THE NEGRESS Yes it is a pity your white beauties have all the same ashy faces, the same colorless drab, the same age But look at their beautiful noses and little lips ! They are physically insipid they have no beauty you cannot love them, but how elegant !

BURGE-LUBIN Cant you find an official pretext for coming to see me ? Isnt it ridiculous that we have never met ? It's so tantalizing to see you and talk to you, and to know all the time that you are two hundred miles away, and that I cant touch you ?

THE NEGRESS I cannot live on the East Coast : it is hard enough to keep my blood warm here Besides, my friend, it would not be safe These distant flirtations are very charming, and they teach self-control

BURGE-LUBIN Damn self-control ! I want to hold you in my arms—to— [*the negress snatches out the peg from the switchboard and vanishes She is still heard laughing*] Black devil ! [*He snatches out his peg furiously her laugh is no longer heard*] Oh, these sex episodes ! Why can I not resist them ? Disgraceful !
Confucius returns

CONFUCIUS. I forgot There is something for you to do this morning. You have to go to the Record Office to receive the American barbarian.

BURGE-LUBIN. Confucius once for all, I object to this Chinese habit of describing white men as barbarians

CONFUCIUS [*standing formally at the end of the table with his hands palm to palm*] I make a mental note that you do not wish the Americans to be described as barbarians

BURGE-LUBIN Not at all The Americans are barbarians. But we are not I suppose the particular barbarian you are speaking of is the American who has invented a means of breathing under water

CONFUCIUS He says he has invented such a method For some reason which is not intelligible in China, Englishmen always believe any statement made by an American inventor, especially one who has never invented anything Therefore you believe this person and have given him a public reception Today the Record Office is entertaining him with a display of the cinematographic records of all the eminent Englishmen who have lost their lives by drowning since the cinema was invented Why not go to see it if you are at a loss for something to do ?

BURGE-LUBIN. What earthly interest is there in looking at a moving picture of a lot of people merely because they were drowned ? If they had had any sense, they would not have been drowned, probably

CONFUCIUS That is not so It has never been noticed before , but the Record Office has just made two remarkable discoveries about the public men and women who have displayed extraordinary ability during the past century One is that they retained unusual youthfulness up to an advanced age The other is that they all met their death by drowning

BURGE-LUBIN Thats funny. Can you explain it ?

CONFUCIUS It cannot be explained It is not reasonable Therefore I do not believe it.

The Accountant General rushes in, looking ghastly. He staggers to the middle of the table

BURGE-LUBIN. Whats the matter ? Are you ill ?

BARNABAS [*choking*] No I— [*he collapses into the middle chair*] I must speak to you in private
Confucius calmly withdraws

BURGE-LUBIN What on earth is it? Have some oxygen

BARNABAS I have had some Go to the Record Office You will see men fainting there again and again, and being revived with oxygen, as I have been. They have seen with their own eyes as I have

BURGE-LUBIN Seen what?

BARNABAS Seen the Archbishop of York.

BURGE-LUBIN Well, why shouldnt they see the Archbishop of York? What are they fainting for? Has he been murdered?

BARNABAS No he has been drowned

BURGE-LUBIN Good God! Where? When? How? Poor fellow!

BARNABAS Poor fellow! Poor thief! Poor swindler! Poor robber of his country's Exchequer! Poor fellow indeed! Wait til I catch him

BURGE-LUBIN How can you catch him when he is dead? Youre mad

BARNABAS Dead! Who said he was dead?

BURGE-LUBIN You did Drowned

BARNABAS [*exasperated*] Will you listen to me? Was old Archbishop Haslam, the present man's last predecessor but four, drowned or not?

BURGE-LUBIN I dont know Look him up in the Encyclopedia Britannica

BARNABAS. Yah! Was Archbishop Stickit, who wrote Stickit on the Psalms, drowned or not?

BURGE-LUBIN Yes, mercifully He deserved it

BARNABAS. Was President Dickenson drowned? Was General Bullyboy drowned?

BURGE-LUBIN Who is denying it?

BARNABAS Well, weve had moving pictures of all

four put on the screen today for this American , and they and the Archbishop are the same man. Now tell me I am mad.

BURGE-LUBIN. I do tell you you are mad. Stark raving mad.

BARNABAS Am I to believe my own eyes or am I not ?

BURGE-LUBIN You can do as you please All I can tell you is that I dont believe your eyes if they cant see any difference between a live archbishop and two dead ones [*The apparatus rings, he holds the button down*] Yes ?

THE WOMAN'S VOICE The Archbishop of York, to see the President

BARNABAS [*hoarse with rage*] Have him in I'll talk to the scoundrel

BURGE-LUBIN [*releasing the button*] Not while you are in this state

BARNABAS [*reaching furiously for his button and holding it down*] Send the Archbishop in at once.

BURGE-LUBIN. If you lose your temper, Barnabas, remember that we shall be two to one

The Archbishop enters He has a white band round his throat, set in a black stock He wears a sort of kilt of black ribbons, and soft black boots that button high up on his calves His costume does not differ otherwise from that of the President and the Accountant General , but its color scheme is black and white He is older than the Reverend Bill Haslam was when he wooed Miss Savvy Barnabas , but he is recognizably the same man He does not look a day over fifty, and is very well preserved even at that ; but his boyishness of manner is quite gone he now has complete authority and self-possession in fact the President is a little afraid of him ; and it seems quite natural and inevitable that he should speak first

THE ARCHBISHOP. Good day, Mr President.

BURGE-LUBIN Good day, Mr Archbishop. Be seated

THE ARCHBISHOP [*sitting down between them*] Good day, Mr Accountant General.

BARNABAS [*malevolently*] Good day to you I have a question to put to you, if you dont mind

THE ARCHBISHOP [*looking curiously at him, jarred by his uncivil tone*] Certainly What is it ?

BARNABAS What is your definition of a thief ?

THE ARCHBISHOP Rather an old-fashioned word, is it not ?

BARNABAS It survives officially in my department

THE ARCHBISHOP Our departments are full of survivals Look at my tie ! my apron ! my boots ! They are all mere survivals , yet it seems that without them I cannot be a proper Archbishop

BARNABAS Indeed ! Well, in my department the word thief survives, because in the community the thing thief survives And a very despicable and dishonourable thing he is, too

THE ARCHBISHOP [*coolly*] I daresay

BARNABAS In my department, sir, a thief is a person who lives longer than the statutory expectation of life entitles him to, and goes on drawing public money when, if he were an honest man, he would be dead

THE ARCHBISHOP Then let me say, sir, that your department does not understand its own business. If you have miscalculated the duration of human life, that is not the fault of the persons whose longevity you have miscalculated. And if they continue to work and produce, they pay their way, even if they live two or three centuries.

BARNABAS I know nothing about their working and producing. That is not the business of my department. I am concerned with their expectation of life ; and I say that no man has any right to go

on living and drawing money when he ought to be dead

THE ARCHBISHOP. You do not comprehend the relation between income and production

BARNABAS I understand my own department

THE ARCHBISHOP That is not enough Your department is part of a synthesis which embraces all the departments

BURGE-LUBIN Synthesis ! This is an intellectual difficulty This is a job for Confucius I heard him use that very word the other day , "and I wondered what on earth he meant [*Switching on*] Hallo ! Put me through to the Chief Secretary

CONFUCIUS'S VOICE You are speaking to him

BURGE-LUBIN An intellectual difficulty, old man Something we dont understand Come and help us out

THE ARCHBISHOP May I ask how the question has arisen ?

BARNABAS Ah ! You begin to smell a rat, do you ? You thought yourself pretty safe You—

BURGE-LUBIN Steady, Barnabas Dont be in a hurry

Confucius enters

THE ARCHBISHOP [*rising*] Good morning, Mr Chief Secretary

BURGE-LUBIN [*rising in instinctive imitation of the Archbishop*] Honor us by taking a seat, O sage

CONFUCIUS Ceremony is needless [*He bows to the company, and takes the chair at the foot of the table*]

The President and the Archbishop resume their seats

BURGE-LUBIN We wish to put a case to you, Confucius Suppose a man, instead of conforming to the official estimate of his expectation of life, were to live for more than two centuries and a half, would the Accountant General be justified in calling him a thief?

CONFUCIUS No He would be justified in calling him a liar.

THE ARCHBISHOP I think not, Mr Chief Secretary. What do you suppose my age is ?

CONFUCIUS Fifty

BURGE-LUBIN. You dont look it Forty-five , and young for your age

THE ARCHBISHOP My age is two hundred and eighty-three

BARNABAS [*morosely triumphant*] Hmp ! Mad, am I ?

BURGE-LUBIN. Youre both mad Excuse me, Archbishop , but this is getting a bit—well—

THE ARCHBISHOP [*to Confucius*] Mr Chief Secretary will you, to oblige me, assume that I have lived nearly three centuries ? As a hypothesis ?

BURGE-LUBIN What is a hypothesis ?

CONFUCIUS It does not matter I understand [*To the Archbishop*] Am I to assume that you have lived in your ancestois, or by metempsychosis—

BURGE-LUBIN Met—Emp—Sy—Good Lord ! What a brain, Confucius ! What a brain !

THE ARCHBISHOP Nothing of that kind Assume in the ordinary sense that I was born in the year 1887, and that I have worked continuously in one profession or another since the year 1910 Am I a thief ?

CONFUCIUS I do not know Was that one of your professions ?

THE ARCHBISHOP No I have been nothing worse than an Archbishop, a President, and a General.

BARNABAS Has he or has he not robbed the Exchequer by drawing five or six incomes when he was entitled only to one ? Answer me that.

CONFUCIUS. Certainly not The hypothesis is that he has worked continuously since 1910 We are now in the year 2170. What is the official lifetime ?

BARNABAS Seventy-eight. Of course it's an aver-

age ; and we dont mind a man here and there going on to ninety, or even, as a curiosity, becoming a centenarian. But I say that a man who goes beyond that is a swindler

CONFUCIUS Seventy-eight into two hundred and eighty-three goes more than three and a half times Your department owes the Archbishop two and a half educations and three and a half retiring pensions

BARNABAS Stuff ! How can that be ?

CONFUCIUS At what age do your people begin to work for the community ?

BURGE-LUBIN Three They do certain things every day when they are three Just to break them in, you know But they become self-supporting, or nearly so, at thirteen.

CONFUCIUS. And at what age do they retire ?

BARNABAS Forty-three

CONFUCIUS That is, they do thirty years' work , and they receive maintenance and education, without working, for thirteen years of childhood and thirty-five years of superannuation, forty-eight years in all, for each thirty years' work The Archbishop has given you 260 years' work, and has received only one education and no superannuation You therefore owe him over 300 years of leisure and nearly eight educations You are thus heavily in his debt In other words, he has effected an enormous national economy by living so long , and you, by living only seventy-eight years, are profiting at his expense. He is the benefactor · you are the thief [*Half rising*] May I now withdraw and return to my serious business, as my own span is comparatively short ?

BURGE-LUBIN. Dont be in a hurry, old chap [*Confucius sits down again*]. This hypothecary, or whatever you call it, is put up seriously. I dont believe it, but if the Archbishop and the Accountant General are

going to insist that it's true, we shall have either to lock them up or to see the thing through.

BARNABAS. It's no use trying these Chinese subtleties on me. I'm a plain man, and though I don't understand metaphysics, and don't believe in them, I understand figures, and if the Archbishop is only entitled to seventy-eight years, and he takes 283, I say he takes more than he is entitled to. Get over that if you can.

THE ARCHBISHOP. I have not taken 283 years. I have taken 23 and given 260.

CONFUCIUS. Do your accounts shew a deficiency or a surplus?

BARNABAS. A surplus. That's what I can't make out. That's the artfulness of these people.

BURGE-LUBIN. That settles it. What's the use of arguing? The Chink says you are wrong, and there's an end of it.

BARNABAS. I say nothing against the Chink's arguments. But what about my facts?

CONFUCIUS. If your facts include a case of a man living 283 years, I advise you to take a few weeks at the seaside.

BARNABAS. Let there be an end of this hinting that I am out of my mind. Come and look at the cinema record. I tell you this man is Archbishop Haslam, Archbishop Stickit, President Dickenson, General Bullyboy and himself into the bargain—all five of them.

THE ARCHBISHOP. I do not deny it. I never have denied it. Nobody has ever asked me.

BURGE-LUBIN. But damn it, man—I beg your pardon, Archbishop, but really, really—

THE ARCHBISHOP. Don't mention it. What were you going to say?

BURGE-LUBIN. Well, you were drowned four times

over You are not a cat, you know

THE ARCHBISHOP That is very easy to understand Consider my situation when I first made the amazing discovery that I was destined to live three hundred years ! I—

CONFUCIUS [*interrupting him*] Pardon me Such a discovery was impossible You have not made it yet You may live a million years if you have already lived two hundred There is no question of three hundred years You have made a slip at the very beginning of your fairy tale, Mr Archbishop

BURGE-LUBIN Good, Confucius ! [*To the Archbishop*] He has you there I don't see how you can get over that

THE ARCHBISHOP Yes it is quite a good point But if the Accountant General will go to the British Museum library, and search the catalogue, he will find under his own name a curious and now forgotten book, dated 1924, entitled 'The Gospel of the Brothers Barnabas' That gospel was that men must live three hundred years if civilization is to be saved It shewed that this extension of individual human life was possible, and how it was likely to come about I married the daughter of one of the brothers

BARNABAS Do you mean to say you claim to be a connexion of mine ?

THE ARCHBISHOP I claim nothing As I have by this time perhaps three or four million cousins of one degree or another, I have ceased to call on the family

BURGE-LUBIN. Gracious heavens ! Four million relatives ! Is that calculation correct, Confucius ?

CONFUCIUS. In China it might be forty millions if there were no checks on population

BURGE-LUBIN This is a staggerer It brings home to one—but [*recovering*] isn't true, you know. Let us keep sane.

CONFUCIUS [*to the Archbishop*] You wish us to understand that the illustrious ancestors of the Accountant General communicated to you a secret by which you could attain the age of three hundred years

THE ARCHBISHOP No Nothing of the kind. They simply believed that mankind could live any length of time it knew to be absolutely necessary to save civilization from extinction I did not share their belief. at least I was not conscious of sharing it. I thought I was only amused by it To me my father-in-law and his brother were a pair of clever cranks who had talked one another into a fixed idea which had become a monomania with them It was not until I got into serious difficulties with the pension authorities after turning seventy that I began to suspect the truth

CONFUCIUS The truth ?

THE ARCHBISHOP Yes, Mr Chief Secretary : the truth. Like all revolutionary truths, it began as a joke As I shewed no signs of ageing after forty-five, my wife used to make fun of me by saying that I was certainly going to live three hundred years. She was sixty-eight when she died ; and the last thing she said to me, as I sat by her bedside holding her hand, was " Bill you really dont look fifty I wonder—" She broke off, and fell asleep wondering, and never awoke Then I began to wonder too That is the explanation of the three hundred years, Mr Secretary.

CONFUCIUS. It is very ingenious, Mr Archbishop. And very well told

BURGE-LUBIN. Of course you understand that I dont for a moment suggest the very faintest doubt of your absolute veracity, Archbishop You know that, dont you ?

THE ARCHBISHOP Quite, Mr President Only you dont believe me that is all I do not expect you to.

In your place I should not believe You had better have a look at the films [*Pointing to the Accountant General*] He believes

BURGE-LUBIN. But the drowning? What about the drowning? A man might get drowned once, or even twice if he was exceptionally careless But he couldnt be drowned four times He would run away from water like a mad dog

THE ARCHBISHOP Perhaps Mr Chief Secretary can guess the explanation of that

CONFUCIUS To keep your secret, you had to die

BURGE-LUBIN But dash it all, man, he isnt dead

CONFUCIUS It is socially impossible not to do what everybody else does One must die at the usual time.

BARNABAS Of course A simple point of honor

CONFUCIUS Not at all A simple necessity

BURGE-LUBIN Well, I'm hanged if I see it. I should jolly well live for ever if I could

THE ARCHBISHOP It is not so easy as you think You, Mr Chief Secretary, have grasped the difficulties of the position Let me remind you, Mr President, that I was over eighty before the 1969 Act for the Redistribution of Income entitled me to a handsome retiring pension. Owing to my youthful appearance I was prosecuted for attempting to obtain public money on false pretences when I claimed it I could prove nothing, for the register of my birth had been blown to pieces by a bomb dropped on a village church years before in the first of the big modern wars I was ordered back to work as a man of forty, and had to work for fifteen years more, the retiring age being then fifty-five

BURGE-LUBIN As late as fifty-five! How did people stand it?

THE ARCHBISHOP. They made difficulties about letting me go even then, I still looked so young. For

some years I was in continual trouble. The industrial police rounded me up again and again, refusing to believe that I was over age. They began to call me The Wandering Jew. You see how impossible my position was. I foresaw that in twenty years more my official record would prove me to be seventy-five, my appearance would make it impossible to believe that I was more than forty-five, and my real age would be one hundred and seventeen. What was I to do? Bleach my hair? Hobble about on two sticks? Mimic the voice of a centenarian? Better have killed myself.

BARNABAS. You ought to have killed yourself. As an honest man you were entitled to no more than an honest man's expectation of life.

THE ARCHBISHOP. I did kill myself. It was quite easy. I left a suit of clothes by the seashore during the bathing season, with documents in the pockets to identify me. I then turned up in a strange place, pretending I had lost my memory, and forgotten my name and age and everything about myself. Under treatment I recovered my health, but not my memory. I have had several careers since I began this routine of life and death. I have been an archbishop three times. When I persuaded the authorities to knock down all our towns and rebuild them from the foundations, or move them, I went into the artillery, and became a general. I have been President.

BURGE-LUBIN. Dickenson?

THE ARCHBISHOP. Yes.

BURGE-LUBIN. But they found Dickenson's body. Its ashes are buried in St Paul's.

THE ARCHBISHOP. They almost always found the body. During the bathing season there are plenty of bodies. I have been cremated again and again. At first I used to attend my own funeral in disguise,

because I had read about a man doing that in an old romance by an author named Bennett, from whom I remember borrowing five pounds in 1912 But I got tired of that. I would not cross the street now to read my latest epitaph

*The Chief Secretary and the President look very glum
Their incredulity is vanquished at last*

BURGE-LUBIN Look here Do you chaps realize how awful this is ? Here we are sitting calmly in the presence of a man whose death is overdue by two centuries He may crumble into dust before our eyes at any moment.

BARNABAS Not he He'll go on drawing his pension until the end of the world

THE ARCHBISHOP. Not quite that My expectation of life is only three hundred years

BARNABAS You will last out my time anyhow thats enough for me

THE ARCHBISHOP [*coolly*] How do you know ? .

BARNABAS [*taken aback*] How do I know !

THE ARCHBISHOP Yes how do you know ? I did not begin even to suspect until I was nearly seventy I was only vain of my youthful appearance. I was not quite serious about it until I was ninety Even now I am not sure from one moment to another, though I have given you my reason for thinking that I have quite unintentionally committed myself to a lifetime of three hundred years

BURGE-LUBIN But how do you do it ? Is it lemons ? Is it Soya beans ? Is it—

THE ARCHBISHOP I do not do it It happens It may happen to anyone It may happen to you

BURGE-LUBIN [*the full significance of this for himself dawning on him*] Then we three may be in the same boat with you, for all we know ?

THE ARCHBISHOP You may. Therefore I advise

you to be very careful how you take any step that will make my position uncomfortable

BURGE-LUBIN Well, I'm dashed ! One of my secretaries was remarking only this morning how well and young I am looking Barnabas I have an absolute conviction that I am one of the—the—shall I say one of the victims ?—of this strange destiny.

THE ARCHBISHOP Your great-great-great-great-great-grandfather formed the same conviction when he was between sixty and seventy I knew him.

BURGE-LUBIN [*depressed*] Ah ! But he died

THE ARCHBISHOP No

BURGE-LUBIN [*hopefully*] Do you mean to say he is still alive ?

THE ARCHBISHOP No He was shot Under the influence of his belief that he was going to live three hundred years he became a changed man He began to tell people the truth , and they disliked it so much that they took advantage of certain clauses of an Act of Parliament he had himself passed during the Four Years War, and had purposely forgotten to repeal afterwards They took him to the Tower of London and shot him

The apparatus rings

CONFUCIUS [*answering*] Yes ? [*He listens*]

A WOMAN'S VOICE The Domestic Minister has called

BURGE-LUBIN [*not quite catching the answer*] Who does she say has called ?

CONFUCIUS The Domestic Minister

BARNABAS Oh, dash it ! That awful woman !

BURGE-LUBIN She certainly is a bit of a terror I dont exactly know why , for she is not at all bad-looking

BARNABAS [*out of patience*] For Heaven's sake, dont be frivolous.

THE ARCHBISHOP. He cannot help it, Mr Accountant General Three of his sixteen great-great-grandfathers married Lubins

BURGE-LUBIN Tut tut ! I am not frivolling. I did not ask the lady here Which of you did ?

CONFUCIUS It is her official duty to report personally to the President once a quarter

BURGE-LUBIN Oh, that ! Then I suppose it's my official duty to receive her Theyd better send her in You dont mind, do you ? She will bring us back to real life I dont know how you fellows feel , but I'm just going dotty

CONFUCIUS [*into the telephone*] The President will receive the Domestic Minister at once

They watch the door in silence for the entrance of the Domestic Minister.

BURGE-LUBIN [*suddenly, to the Archbishop*] I suppose you have been married over and over again

THE ARCHBISHOP Once You do not make vows until death when death is three hundred years off

They relapse into uneasy silence The Domestic Minister enters. She is a handsome woman, apparently in the prime of life, with elegant, tense, well held-up figure, and the walk of a goddess Her expression and deportment are grave, swift, decisive, awful, unanswerable She wears a Dienesque tunic instead of a blouse, and a silver coronet instead of a gold fillet Her dress otherwise is not markedly different from that of the men, who rise as she enters, and incline their heads with instinctive awe She comes to the vacant chair between Barnabas and Confucius.

BURGE-LUBIN [*resolutely genial and gallant*] Delighted to see you, Mrs Lutestring

CONFUCIUS We are honored by your celestial presence.

BARNABAS Good day, madam.

THE ARCHBISHOP I have not had the pleasure of

meeting you before I am the Archbishop of York.

MRS LUTESTRING Surely we have met, Mr Archbishop I remember your face We— [*she checks herself suddenly*] Ah no I remember now . it was someone else [*She sits down*].

They all sit down

THE ARCHBISHOP [*also puzzled*] Are you sure you are mistaken ? I also have some association with your face, Mrs Lutestring Something like a door opening continually and revealing you And a smile of welcome when you recognized me. Did you ever open a door for me, I wonder ?

MRS LUTESTRING. I often opened a door for the person you have just reminded me of. But he has been dead many years

The rest, except the Archbishop, look at one another quickly

CONFUCIUS May I ask how many years ?

MRS LUTESTRING [*struck by his tone, looks at him for a moment with some displeasure , then replies*] It does not matter. A long time

BURGE-LUBIN You mustnt rush to conclusions about the Archbishop, Mrs Lutestring. He is an older bird than you think Older than you, at all events

MRS LUTESTRING [*with a melancholy smile*] I think not, Mr President But the subject is a delicate one I had rather not pursue it

CONFUCIUS There is a question which has not been asked.

MRS LUTESTRING [*very decisively*] If it is a question about my age, Mr Chief Secretary, it had better not be asked. All that concerns you about my personal affairs can be found in the books of the Accountant General.

CONFUCIUS The question I was thinking of will not be addressed to you But let me say that your sensitiveness on the point is very strange, coming from

a woman so superior to all common weaknesses as we know you to be

MRS LUTESTRING I may have reasons which have nothing to do with common weaknesses, Mr Chief Secretary I hope you will respect them

CONFUCIUS [*after bowing to her in assent*] I will now put my question Have you, Mr Archbishop, any ground for assuming, as you seem to do, that what has happened to you has not happened to other people as well ?

BURGE-LUBIN Yes, by George ! I never thought of that

THE ARCHBISHOP I have never met any case but my own

CONFUCIUS How do you know ?

THE ARCHBISHOP Well, no one has ever told me that they were in this extraordinary position

CONFUCIUS That proves nothing Did you ever tell anybody that you were in it ? You never told us Why did you never tell us ?

THE ARCHBISHOP I am surprised at the question, coming from so astute a mind as yours, Mr Secretary When you reach the age I reached before I discovered what was happening to me, I was old enough to know and fear the ferocious hatred with which human animals, like all other animals, turn upon any unhappy individual who has the misfortune to be unlike themselves in every respect to be unnatural, as they call it You will still find, among the tales of that twentieth-century classic, Wells, a story of a race of men who grew twice as big as their fellows, and another story of a man who fell into the hands of a race of blind men The big people had to fight the little people for their lives, and the man with eyes would have had his eyes put out by the blind had he not fled to the desert, where he perished miserably.

Wells's teaching, on that and other matters, was not lost on me. By the way, he lent me five pounds once which I never repaid, and it still troubles my conscience.

CONFUCIUS And were you the only reader of Wells? If there were others like you, had they not the same reason for keeping the secret?

THE ARCHBISHOP That is true. But I should know. You short-lived people are so childish. If I met a man of my own age I should recognize him at once. I have never done so.

MRS LUTESTRING Would you recognize a woman of your age, do you think?

THE ARCHBISHOP I— [*He stops and turns upon her with a searching look, startled by the suggestion and the suspicion it rouses*]

MRS LUTESTRING What is your age, Mr Archbishop?

BURGE-LUBIN Two hundred and eighty-three, he says. That is his little joke. Do you know, Mrs Lutestring, he had almost talked us into believing him when you came in and cleared the air with your robust common sense.

MRS LUTESTRING Do you really feel that, Mr President? I hear the note of breezy assertion in your voice. I miss the note of conviction.

BURGE-LUBIN [*jumping up*] Look here. Let us stop talking damned nonsense. I don't wish to be disagreeable, but it's getting on my nerves. The best joke won't bear being pushed beyond a certain point. That point has been reached. I—I'm rather busy this morning. We all have our hands pretty full. Confucius here will tell you that I have a heavy day before me.

BARNABAS. Have you anything more important than this thing, if it's true?

BURGE-LUBIN Oh, if, if, if it's true! But it isn't true.

BARNABAS Have you anything at all to do ?

BURGE-LUBIN. Anything to do ! Have you forgotten, Barnabas, that I happen to be President, and that the weight of the entire public business of this country is on my shoulders ?

BARNABAS Has he anything to do, Confucius ?

CONFUCIUS He has to be President

BARNABAS That means he has nothing to do.

BURGE-LUBIN [*sulkily*] Very well, Barnabas. Go on making a fool of yourself [*He sits down*]. Go on

BARNABAS I am not going to leave this room until we get to the bottom of this swindle.

MRS LUTESTRING [*turning with deadly gravity on the Accountant General*] This what, did you say ?

CONFUCIUS These expressions cannot be sustained. You obscure the discussion in using them.

BARNABAS [*glad to escape from her gaze by addressing Confucius*] Well, this unnatural horror. Will that satisfy you ?

CONFUCIUS That is in order But we do not commit ourselves to the implications of the word horror.

THE ARCHBISHOP By the word horror the Accountant General means only something unusual.

CONFUCIUS. I notice that the honorable Domestic Minister, on learning the advanced age of the venerable prelate, shews no sign of surprise or incredulity.

BURGE-LUBIN She doesnt take it seriously Who would ? Eh, Mrs Lutestring ?

MRS LUTESTRING I take it very seriously indeed, Mr President. I see now that I was not mistaken at first. I have met the Archbishop before.

THE ARCHBISHOP I felt sure of it. This vision of a door opening to me, and a woman's face welcoming me, must be a reminiscence of something that really happened, though I see it now as an angel opening the gate of heaven.

MRS LUTESTRING Or a parlormaid opening the door of the house of the young woman you were in love with ?

THE ARCHBISHOP [*making a wry face*] Is that the reality ? How these things grow in our imagination ! But may I say, Mrs Lutestring, that the transfiguration of a parlormaid to an angel is not more amazing than her transfiguration to the very dignified and able Domestic Minister I am addressing I recognize the angel in you. Frankly, I do not recognize the parlormaid

BURGE-LUBIN Whats a parlormaid ?

MRS LUTESTRING An extinct species A woman in a black dress and white apron, who opened the house door when people knocked or rang, and was either your tyrant or your slave I was a parlormaid in the house of one of the Accountant General's remote ancestors. [*To Confucius*] You asked me my age, Mr Chief Secretary, I am two hundred and seventy-four

BURGE-LUBIN [*gallantly*] You dont look it You really dont look it

MRS LUTESTRING [*turning her face gravely towards him*] Look again, Mr President

BURGE-LUBIN [*looking at her bravely until the smile fades from his face, and he suddenly covers his eyes with his hands*] Yes you do look it I am convinced It's true Now call up the Lunatic Asylum, Confucius, and tell them to send an ambulance for me

MRS LUTESTRING [*to the Archbishop*] Why have you given away your secret ? our secret ?

THE ARCHBISHOP They found it out The cinema records betrayed me But I never dreamt that there were others Did you ?

MRS LUTESTRING I knew one other. She was a cook She grew tired, and killed herself

THE ARCHBISHOP Dear me ! However, her death

simplifies the situation, as I have been able to convince these gentlemen that the matter had better go no further.

MRS LUTESTRING What ! When the President knows ! It will be all over the place before the end of the week

BURGE-LUBIN [*injured*] Really, Mrs Lutestring ! You speak as if I were a notoriously indiscreet person Barnabas have I such a reputation ?

BARNABAS [*resignedly*] It cant be helped It's constitutional

CONFUCIUS It is utterly unconstitutional But, as you say, it cannot be helped

BURGE-LUBIN [*solemnly*] I deny that a secret of State has ever passed my lips—except perhaps to the Minister of Health, who is discretion personified People think, because she is a negress—

MRS LUTESTRING It does not matter much now. Once, it would have mattered a great deal But my children ate all dead

THE ARCHBISHOP Yes the children must have been a terrible difficulty Fortunately for me, I had none

MRS LUTESTRING There was one daughter who was the child of my very heart Some years after my first drowning I learnt that she had lost her sight. I went to her She was an old woman of ninety-six, blind. She asked me to sit and talk with her because my voice was like the voice of her dead mother

BURGE-LUBIN The complications must be frightful Really I hardly know whether I do want to live much longer than other people

MRS LUTESTRING You can always kill yourself, as cook did , but that was influenza Long life is complicated, and even terrible , but it is glorious all the same I would no more change places with an

ordinary woman than with a mayfly that lives only a day.

THE ARCHBISHOP What set you thinking of it first ?

MRS LUTESTRING. Conrad Bainabas's book Your wife told me it was more wonderful than Napoleon's Book of Fate and Old Moore's Almanac, which cook and I used to read. I was very ignorant it did not seem so impossible to me as to an educated woman. Yet I forgot all about it, and married and drudged as a poor man's wife, and brought up children, and looked twenty years older than I really was, until one day, long after my husband died and my children were out in the world working for themselves, I noticed that I looked twenty years younger than I really was. The truth came to me in a flash.

BURGE-LUBIN An amazing moment. Your feelings must have been beyond description. What was your first thought ?

MRS LUTESTRING Pure terror. I saw that the little money I had laid up would not last, and that I must go out and work again. They had things called Old Age Pensions then—miserable pittance for worn-out old laborers to die on. I thought I should be found out if I went on drawing it too long. The horror of facing another lifetime of drudgery, of missing my hard-earned rest and losing my poor little savings, drove everything else out of my mind. You people nowadays can have no conception of the dread of poverty that hung over us then, or of the utter tiredness of forty years' unending overwork and striving to make a shilling do the work of a pound.

THE ARCHBISHOP I wonder you did not kill yourself. I often wonder why the poor in those evil old times did not kill themselves. They did not even kill other people.

MRS LUTESTRING You never kill yourself, because

you always may as well wait until tomorrow. And you have not energy nor conviction enough to kill the others. Besides, how can you blame them when you would do as they do if you were in their place?

BURGE-LUBIN Devilish poor consolation, that.

MRS LUTESTRING There were other consolations in those days for people like me. We drank preparations of alcohol to relieve the strain of living and give us an artificial happiness.

BURGE-LUBIN	} <i>[all together, making wry faces]</i>	{	Alcohol !
CONFUCIUS			Pfff . . . !
BARNABAS			Disgusting.

MRS LUTESTRING A little alcohol would improve your temper and manners, and make you much easier to live with, Mr Accountant General.

BURGE-LUBIN [*laughing*] By George, I believe you ! Try it, Barnabas

MRS LUTESTRING You, Mr President, were born intoxicated with your own well-fed natural exuberance. You cannot imagine what alcohol was to an underfed poor woman. I had carefully arranged my little savings so that I could get drunk, as we called it, once a week, and my only pleasure was looking forward to that poor little debauch. That is what saved me from suicide. I could not bear to miss my next carouse. But when I stopped working, and lived on my pension, the fatigue of my life's drudgery began to wear off, because, you see, I was not really old. I recuperated. I looked younger and younger. And at last I was rested enough to have courage and strength to begin life again. Besides, political changes were making it easier. Life was a little better worth living for the nine-tenths of the people who used to be mere drudges. After that, I never turned back nor faltered. My only regret now is that I shall die when I am three hundred or thereabouts. There was only

one thing that made life hard ; and that is gone now.

CONFUCIUS May we ask what that was ?

MRS LUTESTRING Perhaps you will all be offended if I tell you

BURGE-LUBIN Offended ! My dear lady do you suppose, after such a stupendous revelation, that anything short of a blow from a sledge-hammer could produce the smallest impression on any of us ?

MRS LUTESTRING. Well, you see, it has been so hard on me never to meet a grown-up person You are all such children And I never was very fond of children, except that one girl who woke up the mother passion in me. I have been very lonely sometimes

BURGE-LUBIN [*again gallant*] But surely, Mrs Lutestring, that has been your own fault If I may say so, a lady of your attractions need never have been lonely

MRS LUTESTRING Why ?

BURGE-LUBIN Why ! Well— Well, er— Well, er er—. Well ! [*he gives it up*]

THE ARCHBISHOP He means that you might have married Curious, how little they understand our position

MRS LUTESTRING I did marry. I married again on my hundred and first birthday. But of course I had to marry an elderly man a man over sixty He was a great painter On his deathbed he said to me " It has taken me fifty years to learn my trade, and to paint all the foolish pictures a man must paint and get rid of before he comes through them to the great things he ought to paint And now that my foot is at last on the threshold of the temple I find that it is also the threshold of my tomb " That man would have been the greatest painter of all time if he could have lived as long as I. I saw him die of old age whilst he was still, as he said himself, a gentleman

amateur, like all modern painters

BURGE-LUBIN. But why had you to marry an elderly man ? Why not marry a young one ? or shall I say a middle-aged one ? If my own affections were not already engaged , and if, to tell the truth, I were not a little afraid of you—for you are a very superior woman, as we all acknowledge—I should esteem myself happy in—er—er—

MRS LUTESTRING. Mr President have you ever tried to take advantage of the innocence of a little child for the gratification of your senses ?

BURGE-LUBIN. Oh ! Oh ! ! Hang it all, what do you take me for ? What right have you to ask me such a question ?

MRS LUTESTRING. I am at present in my two hundred and seventy-fifth year. You suggest that I should take advantage of the innocence of a child of thirty, and marry it.

THE ARCHBISHOP. Can you shortlived people not understand that as the confusion and immaturity and primitive animalism in which we live for the first hundred years of our life is worse in this matter of sex than in any other, you are intolerable to us in that relation ?

BURGE-LUBIN. Do you mean to say, Mrs Lutestring, that you regard me as a child ?

MRS LUTESTRING. Do you expect me to regard you as a completed soul ? Oh, you may well be afraid of me. There are moments when your levity, your ingratitude, your shallow jollity, make my gorge rise so against you that if I could not remind myself that you are a child I should be tempted to doubt your right to live at all.

CONFUCIUS. Do you grudge us the few years we have ? you who have three hundred !

BURGE-LUBIN. You accuse me of levity ! Must I

remind you, madam, that I am the President, and that you are only the head of a department ?

BARNABAS Ingratitude too ! You draw a pension for three hundred years when we owe you only seventy-eight , and you call us ungrateful !

MRS LUTESTRING I do When I think of the blessings that have been showered on you, and contrast them with the poverty ! the humiliations ! the anxieties ! the heartbreak ! the insolence and tyranny that were the daily lot of mankind when I was learning to suffer instead of learning to live ! when I see how lightly you take it all ! how you quarrel over the crumpled leaves in your beds of roses ! how you are so dainty about your work that unless it is made either interesting or delightful to you you leave it to negresses and Chinamen, I ask myself whether even three hundred years of thought and experience can save you from being superseded by the Power that created you and put you on your trial

BURGE-LUBIN My dear lady . our Chinese and colored friends are perfectly happy They are twenty times better off here than they would be in China or Liberia They do their work admirably , and in doing it they set us free for higher employments

THE ARCHBISHOP [*who has caught the infection of her indignation*] What higher employments are you capable of ? you that are superannuated at seventy and dead at eighty !

MRS LUTESTRING You are not really doing higher work. You are supposed to make the decisions and give the orders , but the negresses and the Chinese make up your minds for you and tell you what orders to give, just as my brother, who was a sergeant in the Guards, used to prompt his officers in the old days When I want to get anything done at the Health Ministry I do not come to you I go to the black

lady who has been the real president during your present term of office, or to Confucius, who goes on for ever while presidents come and presidents go

BURGE-LUBIN. This is outrageous. This is treason to the white race And let me tell you, madam, that I have never in my life met the Minister of Health, and that I protest against the vulgar color prejudice which disparages her great ability and her eminent services to the State My relations with her are purely telephonic, gramophonic, photophonic, and, may I add, platonic

THE ARCHBISHOP There is no reason why you should be ashamed of them in any case, Mr President. But let us look at the position impersonally Can you deny that what is happening is that the English people have become a Joint Stock Company admitting Asiatics and Africans as shareholders ?

BARNABAS Nothing like it I know all about the old joint stock companies The shareholders did no work

THE ARCHBISHOP That is true , but we, like them, get our dividends whether we work or not We work partly because we know there would be no dividends if we did not, and partly because if we refuse we are regarded as mentally deficient and put into a lethal chamber But in the twentieth century the idle shareholders were so rich, as it was called, that they had become the most intellectually lazy and fat-headed people on the face of the earth There is a good deal of that fat still clinging to us

BURGE-LUBIN. As President, I must not listen to unpatriotic criticisms of our national character, Mr Archbishop.

THE ARCHBISHOP. As Archbishop, Mr President, it is my official duty to criticize the national character unsparingly. At the canonization of Saint Henrik

Ibsen, you yourself unveiled the monument to him which bears on its pedestal the noble inscription, "I came not to call sinners, but the righteous, to repentance" The proof of what I say is that our routine work, and what may be called our ornamental and figure-head work, is being more and more sought after by the English, whilst the thinking, organizing, calculating, directing work is done by yellow brains, brown brains, and black brains, just as it was done in my early days by Jewish brains, Scottish brains, Italian brains, German brains The only white men who still do serious work are those who, like the Accountant General, have no capacity for enjoyment, and no social gifts to make them welcome outside their offices.

BARNABAS. I had gifts enough to find you out, anyhow

THE ARCHBISHOP But not enough to grasp the significance of your discovery If you were to kill me as I stand here, you would have to appoint an Indian to succeed me I take precedence today not as an Englishman, but as a man with more than a century and a half of fully adult experience We are letting all the power slip into the hands of the colored people In another hundred years we shall be simply their household pets

BURGE - LUBIN [*reacting buoyantly*] Not the least danger of it I grant you we leave the most troublesome part of the labor of the nation to them. And a good job too why should we drudge at it? But think of the activities of our leisure! Is there a jollier place on earth to live in than England out of office hours? And to whom do we owe that? To ourselves, not to the niggers The nigger and the Chink are all right from Tuesday to Friday, but from Friday to Tuesday they are simply nowhere; and the

real life of England is from Friday to Tuesday.

THE ARCHBISHOP. That is terribly true. In devising brainless amusements ; in pursuing them with enormous vigor, and taking them with eager seriousness, our English people are the wonder of the world. They always were. And it is just as well , for otherwise their sensualities would become morbid and destroy them. What appals me is that their amusements should amuse them. They are the amusements of boys and girls. They are pardonable up to the age of fifty or sixty after that they are ridiculous. I tell you, what is wrong with us is that we are a non-adult race , and the Irish and the Scots, and the niggers and Chinks, as you call them, though their lifetime is as short as ours, or shorter, yet do somehow contrive to grow up a little before they die. We die in boyhood the maturity that should make us the greatest of all the nations lies beyond the grave for us. Either we shall go under as greybeards with golf clubs in our hands, or we must will to live longer.

MRS LUTESTRING. Yes that is it. I could not have expressed it in words , but you have expressed it for me. I felt, even when I was an ignorant domestic slave, that we had the possibility of becoming a great nation within us , but our faults and follies drove me to cynical hopelessness. We all ended then like that. It is the highest creatures who take the longest to mature, and are the most helpless during their immaturity. I know now that it took me a whole century to grow up. I began my serious life when I was a hundred and twenty. Asiatics cannot control me . I am not a child in their hands, as you are, Mr President. Neither, I am sure, is the Archbishop. They respect me. You are not grown up enough even for that, though you were kind enough to say that I frighten you.

BURGE-LUBIN Honestly, you do And will you think me very rude if I say that if I must choose between a white woman old enough to be my great-grandmother and a black woman of my own age, I shall probably find the black woman more sympathetic?

MRS LUTESTRING And more attractive in color, perhaps?

BURGE-LUBIN Yes Since you ask me, more—well, not more attractive I do not deny that you have an excellent appearance—but I will say, richer. More Venetian Tropical “The shadowed livery of the burnished sun”

MRS LUTESTRING. Our women, and their favorite story writers, begin already to talk about men with golden complexions

CONFUCIUS [*expanding into a smile all across both face and body*] A-a-a-a——h!

BURGE-LUBIN Well, what of it, madam? Have you read a very interesting book by the librarian of the Biological Society suggesting that the future of the world lies with the Mulatto?

MRS LUTESTRING [*rising*] Mr Archbishop: if the white race is to be saved, our destiny is apparent

THE ARCHBISHOP Yes our duty is pretty clear.

MRS LUTESTRING Have you time to come home with me and discuss the matter?

THE ARCHBISHOP [*rising*] With pleasure

BARNABAS [*rising also and rushing past Mrs Lutestring to the door, where he turns to bar her way*] No you dont Burge you understand, dont you?

BURGE-LUBIN. No What is it?

BARNABAS These two are going to marry

BURGE-LUBIN Why shouldnt they, if they want to?

BARNABAS They dont want to They will do it in cold blood because their children will live three

hundred years It mustnt be allowed

CONFUCIUS. You cannot prevent it There is no law that gives you power to interfere with them.

BARNABAS If they force me to it I will obtain legislation against marriages above the age of seventy-eight

THE ARCHBISHOP There is not time for that before we are married, Mr Accountant General Be good enough to get out of the lady's way

BARNABAS There is time to send the lady to the lethal chamber before anything comes of your marriage Dont forget that

MRS LUTESTRING What nonsense, Mr Accountant General ! Good afternoon, Mr President Good afternoon, Mr Chief Secretary [*They rise and acknowledge her salutation with bows She walks straight at the Accountant General, who instinctively shrinks out of her way as she leaves the room*]

THE ARCHBISHOP I am surprised at you, Mr Barnabas. Your tone was like an echo from the Dark Ages [*He follows the Domestic Minister*]

Confucius, shaking his head and clucking with his tongue in deprecation of this painful episode, moves to the chair just vacated by the Archbishop and stands behind it with folded palms, looking at the President The Accountant General shakes his fist after the departed visitors, and bursts into savage abuse of them

BARNABAS Thieves ! Cursed thieves ! Vampires ! What are you going to do, Burge ?

BURGE-LUBIN. Do ?

BARNABAS. Yes, do There must be dozens of these people in existence Are you going to let them do what the two who have just left us mean to do, and crowd us off the face of the earth ?

BURGE-LUBIN [*sitting down*] Oh, come, Barnabas ! What harm are they doing ? Arnt you interested in

them? Dont you like them?

BARNABAS Like them! I hate them. They are monsters, unnatural monsters. They are poison to me

BURGE-LUBIN What possible objection can there be to their living as long as they can? It does not shorten our lives, does it?

BARNABAS If I have to die when I am seventy-eight, I dont see why another man should be privileged to live to be two hundred and seventy-eight. It does shorten my life, relatively. It makes us ridiculous. If they grew to be twelve feet high they would make us all dwarfs. They talked to us as if we were children. There is no love lost between us. Their hatred of us came out soon enough. You heard what the woman said, and how the Archbishop backed her up?

BURGE-LUBIN But what can we do to them?

BARNABAS Kill them

BURGE-LUBIN. Nonsense!

BARNABAS Lock them up. Sterilize them somehow, anyhow.

BURGE-LUBIN But what reason could we give?

BARNABAS. What reason can you give for killing a snake? Nature tells you to do it.

BURGE-LUBIN. My dear Barnabas, you are out of your mind

BARNABAS Havnt you said that once too often already this morning?

BURGE-LUBIN I dont believe you will carry a single soul with you.

BARNABAS I understand. I know you. You think you are one of them.

CONFUCIUS. Mr Accountant General. you may be one of them.

BARNABAS How dare you accuse me of such a

thing ? I am an honest man, not a monster I won my place in public life by demonstrating that the true expectation of human life is seventy-eight point six. And I will resist any attempt to alter or upset it to the last drop of my blood if need be.

BURGE-LUBIN. Oh, tut tut ! Come, come ! Pull yourself together. How can you, a descendant of the great Conrad Barnabas, the man who is still remembered by his masterly Biography of a Black Beetle, be so absurd ?

BARNABAS You had better go and write the autobiography of a jackass I am going to raise the country against this horror, and against you, if you shew the slightest sign of weakness about it

CONFUCIUS [*very impressively*] You will regret it if you do.

BARNABAS What is to make me regret it ?

CONFUCIUS Every mortal man and woman in the community will begin to count on living for three centuries Things will happen which you do not foresee terrible things The family will dissolve : parents and children will be no longer the old and the young brothers and sisters will meet as strangers after a hundred years separation the ties of blood will lose their innocence The imaginations of men, let loose over the possibilities of three centuries of life, will drive them mad and wreck human society. This discovery must be kept a dead secret [*He sits down*].

BARNABAS And if I refuse to keep the secret ?

CONFUCIUS I shall have you safe in a lunatic asylum the day after you blab.

BARNABAS You forget that I can produce the Archbishop to prove my statement.

CONFUCIUS So can I. Which of us do you think he will support when I explain to him that your object in revealing his age is to get him killed ?

BARNABAS [*desperate*] Burge are you going to back up this yellow abomination against me ? Are we public men and members of the Government ? or are we damned blackguards ?

CONFUCIUS [*unmoved*] Have you ever known a public man who was not what vituperative people called a damned blackguard when some inconsiderate person wanted to tell the public more than was good for it ?

BARNABAS Hold your tongue, you insolent heathen. Burge I spoke to you.

BURGE-LUBIN Well, you know, my dear Barnabas, Confucius is a very long-headed chap I see his point.

BARNABAS. Do you ? Then let me tell you that, except officially, I will never speak to you again. Do you hear ?

BURGE-LUBIN [*cheerfully*] You will You will

BARNABAS. And dont you ever dare speak to me again Do you hear ? [*He turns to the door*]

BURGE-LUBIN I will. I will. Goodbye, Barnabas God bless you

BARNABAS May you live forever, and be the laughing-stock of the whole world ! [*he dashes out in a fury*].

BURGE-LUBIN [*laughing indulgently*] He will keep the secret all right. I know Barnabas You neednt worry.

CONFUCIUS [*troubled and grave*] There are no secrets except the secrets that keep themselves. Consider There are those films at the Record Office We have no power to prevent the Master of the Records from publishing this discovery made in his department. We cannot silence the American—who can silence an American ?—nor the people who were there today to receive him. Fortunately, a film can prove nothing but a resemblance.

BURGE-LUBIN Thats very true After all, the whole thing is confounded nonsense, isnt it ?

CONFUCIUS [*raising his head to look at him*] You have decided not to believe it now that you realize its inconveniences That is the English method. It may not work in this case.

BURGE-LUBIN. English be hanged ! Its common sense. You know, those two people got us hypnotized not a doubt of it They must have been kidding us They were, werent they ?

CONFUCIUS You looked into that woman's face ; and you believed

BURGE-LUBIN Just so Thats where she had me I shouldnt have believed her a bit if she'd turned her back to me

CONFUCIUS [*shakes his head slowly and repeatedly*] ? ? ?

BURGE-LUBIN You really think—? [*he hesitates*]

CONFUCIUS The Archbishop has always been a puzzle to me Ever since I learnt to distinguish between one English face and another I have noticed what the woman pointed out that the English face is not an adult face, just as the English mind is not an adult mind

BURGE-LUBIN Stow it, John Chinaman. If ever there was a race divinely appointed to take charge of the non-adult races and guide them and train them and keep them out of mischief until they grow up to be capable of adopting our institutions, that race is the English race. It is the only race in the world that has that characteristic Now !

CONFUCIUS That is the fancy of a child nursing a doll. But it is ten times more childish of you to dispute the highest compliment ever paid you.

BURGE-LUBIN. You call it a compliment to class us as grown-up children

CONFUCIUS Not grown-up children, children at

fifty, sixty, seventy. Your maturity is so late that you never attain to it. You have to be governed by races which are mature at forty. That means that you are potentially the most highly developed race on earth, and would be actually the greatest if you could live long enough to attain to maturity.

BURGE-LUBIN [*grasping the idea at last*] By George, Confucius, youre right ! I never thought of that. That explains everything. We are just a lot of school-boys · theres no denying it. Talk to an Englishman about anything serious, and he listens to you curiously for a moment just as he listens to a chap playing classical music. Then he goes back to his marine golf, or motoring, or flying, or women, just like a bit of stretched elastic when you let it go [*Soaring to the height of his theme*] Oh, youre quite right We are only in our infancy. I ought to be in a perambulator, with a nurse shoving me along. It's true . it's absolutely true. But some day we'll grow up, and then, by Jingo ! we'll shew em.

CONFUCIUS The Archbishop is an adult When I was a child I was dominated and intimidated by people whom I now know to have been weaker and sillier than I, because there was some mysterious quality in their mere age that overawed me. I confess that, though I have kept up appearances, I have always been afraid of the Archbishop It is this that convinced me. It was this in the woman's face that convinced you. Their new departure in the history of the race is no fraud It does not even surprise me.

BURGE-LUBIN. Oh, come ! Not surprise you ! It's your pose never to be surprised at anything , but if you are not surprised at this you are not human.

CONFUCIUS I am staggered, just as a man may be staggered by an explosion for which he has himself laid the charge and lighted the fuse But I am not

surprised, because, as a philosopher and a student of evolutionary biology, I have come to regard some such development as this as inevitable. If I had not thus prepared myself to be credulous, no mere evidence of films and well-told tales would have persuaded me to believe. As it is, I do believe.

BURGE-LUBIN Well, that being settled, what the devil is to happen next? Whats the next move for us?

CONFUCIUS We do not make the next move. The next move will be made by the Archbishop and the woman

BURGE-LUBIN. Their marriage?

CONFUCIUS More than that. They have made the momentous discovery that they are not alone in the world

BURGE-LUBIN You think there are others?

CONFUCIUS There must be many others. Each of them believes that he or she is the only one to whom the miracle has happened. But the Archbishop knows better now. He will advertize in terms which only the longlived people will understand. He will bring them together and organize them. They will hasten from all parts of the earth. They will become a great Power

BURGE-LUBIN [*a little alarmed*] I say, will they? I suppose they will. I wonder is Barnabas right after all? Ought we to allow it?

CONFUCIUS Nothing that we can do will stop it. We cannot in our souls really want to stop it. the vital force that has produced this change would paralyse our opposition to it, if we were mad enough to oppose. But we will not oppose. You and I may be of the elect, too

BURGE-LUBIN. Yes. thats what gets us every time. What the deuce ought we to do? Something must

be done about it, you know.

CONFUCIUS Let us sit still, and meditate in silence on the vistas before us

BURGE-LUBIN By George, I believe you're right Let us.

They sit meditating, the Chinaman naturally, the President with visible effort and intensity He is positively glaring into the future when the voice of the Negress is heard

THE NEGRESS. Mr President.

BURGE-LUBIN [*joyfully*] Yes [*Taking up a peg*] Are you at home ?

THE NEGRESS No Omega, zero, x squared.

The President rapidly puts the peg in the switchboard, works the dial, and presses the button The screen becomes transparent, and the Negress, brilliantly dressed, appears on what looks like the bridge of a steam yacht in glorious sea weather The installation with which she is communicating is beside the binnacle

CONFUCIUS [*looking round, and recoiling with a shriek of disgust*] Ach ! Avaunt ! Avaunt ! [*He rushes from the room*]

BURGE-LUBIN. What part of the coast is that ?

THE NEGRESS Fishguard Bay Why not run over and join me for the afternoon ? I am disposed to be approachable at last

BURGE-LUBIN. But Fishguard ! Two hundred and seventy miles !

THE NEGRESS There is a lightning express on the Irish Air Service at half-past sixteen They will drop you by a parachute in the bay The dip will do you good. I will pick you up and dry you and give you a first-rate time

BURGE-LUBIN Delightful. But a little risky, isn't it ?

THE NEGRESS Risky ! I thought you were afraid of nothing

BURGE-LUBIN I am not exactly afraid, but—

THE NEGRESS [*offended*] But you think it is not good enough Very well [*she raises her hand to take the peg out of her switchboard*]

BURGE-LUBIN [*imploringly*] No stop : let me explain hold the line just one moment Oh, please

THE NEGRESS [*waiting with her hand poised over the peg*] Well ?

BURGE-LUBIN The fact is, I have been behaving very recklessly for some time past under the impression that my life would be so short that it was not worth bothering about But I have just learnt that I may live—well, much longer than I expected I am sure your good sense will tell you that this alters the case I—

THE NEGRESS [*with suppressed rage*] Oh, quite Pray dont risk your precious life on my account Sorry for troubling you Goodbye [*She snatches out her peg and vanishes*]

BURGE-LUBIN [*urgently*] No please hold on I can convince you— [*a loud buzz-uzz-uzz*]. Engaged ! Who is she calling up now ? [*He presses the button and calls*] The Chief Secretary Say I want to see him again, just for a moment

CONFUCIUS'S VOICE Is the woman gone ?

BURGE-LUBIN Yes, yes it's all right Just a moment, if— [*Confucius returns*] Confucius I have some important business at Fishguard The Irish Air Service can drop me in the bay by parachute I suppose it's quite safe, isnt it ?

CONFUCIUS Nothing is quite safe The air service is as safe as any other travelling service The parachute is safe But the water is not safe.

BURGE-LUBIN Why ? They will give me an un-sinkable tunic, wont they ?

CONFUCIUS. You will not sink ; but the sea is very cold You may get rheumatism for life

BURGE-LUBIN. For life ! That settles it I wont risk it

CONFUCIUS. Good You have at last become prudent : you are no longer what you call a sportsman you are a sensible coward, almost a grown-up man I congratulate you

BURGE-LUBIN [*resolutely*] Coward or no coward, I will not face three hundred years of rheumatism for any woman that ever was born. [*He rises and goes to the rack for his fillet*] I am going home [*He cocks the fillet rakishly*] Good evening

CONFUCIUS. So early ? If the Minister of Health rings you up, what shall I tell her ?

BURGE-LUBIN Tell her to go to the devil. [*He goes out*]

CONFUCIUS [*shaking his head, shocked at the President's impoliteness*] No No, no, no, no, no Oh, these English ! these crude young civilizations ! Their manners ! Hogs. Hogs.

PART IV
TRAGEDY OF AN ELDERLY GENTLEMAN
ACT I

Burrin pier on the south shore of Galway Bay in Ireland, a region of stone-capped hills and granite fields. It is a fine summer day in the year 3000 A.D. On an ancient stone stump, about three feet thick and three feet high, used for securing ships by ropes to the shore, and called a bollard or holdfast, an elderly gentleman sits facing the land, with his head bowed and his face in his hands, sobbing. His sun-burnt skin contrasts with his white whiskers and eyebrows. He wears a black frock-coat, a white waistcoat, lavender trousers, a brilliant silk cravat with a jewelled pin stuck in it, a tall hat of grey felt, and patent leather boots with white spats. His starched linen cuffs protrude from his coat sleeves; and his collar, also of starched white linen, is Gladstonian. On his right, three or four full sacks, lying side by side on the flags, suggest that the pier, unlike many remote Irish piers, is occasionally useful as well as romantic. On his left, behind him, a flight of stone steps descends out of sight to the sea level.

A woman in a silk tunic and sandals, wearing little else except a cap with the number 2 on it in gold, comes up the steps from the sea, and stares in astonishment at the sobbing man. Her age cannot be guessed. Her face is firm and chiselled like a young face; but her expression is unyouthful in its severity and determination.

THE WOMAN. What is the matter?

The elderly gentleman looks up, hastily pulls himself together; takes out a silk handkerchief and dries his tears lightly with a brave attempt to smile through them; and tries to rise gallantly, but sinks back.

THE WOMAN. Do you need assistance?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. No. Thank you very

much. No Nothing. The heat. [*He punctuates with sniffs, and dabs with his handkerchief at his eyes and nose*].
 Hay fever

THE WOMAN You are a foreigner, are you not ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN No You must not regard me as a foreigner I am a Briton

THE WOMAN You come from some part of the British Commonwealth ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*amiably pompous*] From its capital, madam.

THE WOMAN From Baghdad ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Yes. You may not be aware, madam, that these islands were once the centre of the British Commonwealth, during a period now known as The Exile They were its headquarters a thousand years ago. Few people know this interesting circumstance now , but I assure you it is true I have come here on a pious pilgrimage to one of the numerous lands of my fathers We are of the same stock, you and I Blood is thicker than water We are cousins

THE WOMAN I do not understand You say you have come here on a pious pilgrimage Is that some new means of transport ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*again shewing signs of distress*] I find it very difficult to make myself understood here I was not referring to a machine, but to a—a—a sentimental journey

THE WOMAN I am afraid I am as much in the dark as before You said also that blood is thicker than water No doubt it is , but what of it ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Its meaning is obvious

THE WOMAN. Perfectly. But I assure you I am quite aware that blood is thicker than water.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*sniffing . almost in tears again*] We will leave it at that, madam.

THE WOMAN [*going nearer to him and scrutinizing him with some concern*] I am afraid you are not well. Were you not warned that it is dangerous for short-lived people to come to this country? There is a deadly disease called discouragement, against which short-lived people have to take very strict precautions. Intercourse with us puts too great a strain on them.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*pulling himself together huffily*] It has no effect on me, madam. I fear my conversation does not interest you. If not, the remedy is in your own hands.

THE WOMAN [*looking at her hands, and then looking inquiringly at him*] Where?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*breaking down*] Oh, this is dreadful. No understanding, no intelligence, no sympathy— [*his sobs choke him*].

THE WOMAN. You see, you are ill.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*nerved by indignation*] I am not ill. I have never had a day's illness in my life.

THE WOMAN. May I advise you?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. I have no need of a lady doctor, thank you, madam.

THE WOMAN [*shaking her head*] I am afraid I do not understand. I said nothing about a butterfly.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Well, I said nothing about a butterfly.

THE WOMAN. You spoke of a lady doctor. The word is known here only as the name of a butterfly.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*insanely*] I give up. I can bear this no longer. It is easier to go out of my mind at once. [*He rises and dances about, singing*]

I'd be a butterfly, born in a bower,
Making apple dumplings without any flour.

THE WOMAN [*smiling gravely*] It must be at least a hundred and fifty years since I last laughed. But if

you do that any more I shall certainly break out like a primary of sixty. Your dress is so extraordinarily ridiculous

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*halting abruptly in his antics*] My dress ridiculous ! I may not be dressed like a Foreign Office clerk , but my clothes are perfectly in fashion in my native metropolis, where yours — pardon my saying so — would be considered extremely unusual and hardly decent

THE WOMAN. Decent ? There is no such word in our language What does it mean ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. It would not be decent for me to explain Decency cannot be discussed without indecency

THE WOMAN I cannot understand you at all I fear you have not been observing the rules laid down for shortlived visitors

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Surely, madam, they do not apply to persons of my age and standing. I am not a child, nor an agricultural laborer

THE WOMAN [*severely*] They apply to you very strictly You are expected to confine yourself to the society of children under sixty. You are absolutely forbidden to approach fully adult natives under any circumstances You cannot converse with persons of my age for long without bringing on a dangerous attack of discouragement Do you realize that you are already shewing grave symptoms of that very distressing and usually fatal complaint ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Certainly not, madam I am fortunately in no danger of contracting it I am quite accustomed to converse intimately and at the greatest length with the most distinguished persons If you cannot discriminate between hay fever and imbecility, I can only say that your advanced years carry with them the inevitable penalty of dotage.

THE WOMAN. I am one of the guardians of this district ; and I am responsible for your welfare—

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. The Guardians ! Do you take me for a pauper ?

THE WOMAN I do not know what a pauper is You must tell me who you are, if it is possible for you to express yourself intelligibly—

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*snorts indignantly*] !

THE WOMAN [*continuing*—and why you are wandering here alone without a nurse

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*outraged*] Nurse !

THE WOMAN Shortlived visitors are not allowed to go about here without nurses Do you not know that rules are meant to be kept ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN By the lower classes, no doubt But to persons in my position there are certain courtesies which are never denied by well-bred people , and—

THE WOMAN There are only two human classes here : the shortlived and the normal. The rules apply to the shortlived, and are for their own protection Now tell me at once who you are

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*impressively*] Madam, I am a retired gentleman, formerly Chairman of the All-British Synthetic Egg and Vegetable Cheese Trust in Baghdad, and now President of the British Historical and Archæological Society, and a Vice-President of the Travellers' Club

THE WOMAN All that does not matter

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*again snorting*] Hm ! Indeed !

THE WOMAN Have you been sent here to make your mind flexible ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN What an extraordinary question ! Pray do you find my mind noticeably stiff ?

THE WOMAN. Perhaps you do not know that you

are on the west coast of Ireland, and that it is the practice among natives of the Eastern Island to spend some years here to acquire mental flexibility. The climate has that effect.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*haughtily*] I was born, not in the Eastern Island, but, thank God, in dear old British Baghdad; and I am not in need of a mental health resort.

THE WOMAN Then why are you here?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Am I trespassing? I was not aware of it.

THE WOMAN. Trespassing? I do not understand the word.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Is this land private property? If so, I make no claim. I proffer a shilling in satisfaction of damage (if any), and am ready to withdraw if you will be good enough to shew me the nearest way. [*He offers her a shilling*]

THE WOMAN [*taking it and examining it without much interest*] I do not understand a single word of what you have just said.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I am speaking the plainest English. Are you the landlord?

THE WOMAN [*shaking her head*] There is a tradition in this part of the country of an animal with a name like that. It used to be hunted and shot in the barbarous ages. It is quite extinct now.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*breaking down again*] It is a dreadful thing to be in a country where nobody understands civilized institutions. [*He collapses on the bollard, struggling with his rising sobs*]. Excuse me. Hay fever.

THE WOMAN [*taking a tuning-fork from her girdle and holding it to her ear; then speaking into space on one note, like a chorister intoning a psalm*] Burrin Pier Galway please send someone to take charge of a discouraged

shortliver who has escaped from his nurse male harmless babbles unintelligibly with moments of sense distressed hysterical foreign dress very funny has curious fringe of white sea-weed under his chin.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. This is a gross impertinence An insult

THE WOMAN [*replacing her tuning-fork and addressing the elderly gentleman*] These words mean nothing to me. In what capacity are you here ? How did you obtain permission to visit us ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*importantly*] Our Prime Minister, Mr Badger Bluebin, has come to consult the oracle He is my son-in-law We are accompanied by his wife and daughter my daughter and granddaughter. I may mention that General Aufsteig, who is one of our party, is really the Emperor of Turania travelling incognito I understand he has a question to put to the oracle informally. I have come solely to visit the country

THE WOMAN. Why should you come to a place where you have no business ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Great Heavens, madam, can anything be more natural ? I shall be the only member of the Travellers' Club who has set foot on these shores Think of that ! My position will be unique

THE WOMAN. Is that an advantage ? We have a person here who has lost both legs in an accident His position is unique. But he would much rather be like everyone else

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN This is maddening. There is no analogy whatever between the two cases.

THE WOMAN. They are both unique.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Conversation in this place seems to consist of ridiculous quibbles. I am heartily tired of them.

THE WOMAN. I conclude that your Travellers' Club is an assembly of persons who wish to be able to say that they have been in some place where nobody else has been

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Of course if you wish to sneer at us—

THE WOMAN. What is sneer?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*with a wild sob*] I shall drown myself.

He makes desperately for the edge of the pier, but is confronted by a man with the number one on his cap, who comes up the steps and intercepts him. He is dressed like the woman, but a slight moustache proclaims his sex

THE MAN [*to the elderly gentleman*] Ah, here you are. I shall really have to put a collar and lead on you if you persist in giving me the slip like this

THE WOMAN. Are you this stranger's nurse?

THE MAN. Yes. I am very tired of him. If I take my eyes off him for a moment, he runs away and talks to everybody

THE WOMAN [*after taking out her tuning-fork and sounding it, intones as before*] Buirin Pier. Wash out [*She puts up the fork, and addresses the man*] I sent a call for someone to take care of him. I have been trying to talk to him, but I can understand very little of what he says. You must take better care of him. He is badly discouraged already. If I can be of any further use, Fusima, Gort, will find me. [*She goes away*].

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Any further use? She has been of no use to me. She spoke to me without any introduction, like any improper female. And she has made off with my shilling

THE MAN. Please speak slowly. I cannot follow. What is a shilling? What is an introduction? Improper female doesn't make sense

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Nothing seems to make sense here All I can tell you is that she was the most impenetrably stupid woman I have ever met in the whole course of my life.

THE MAN That cannot be She cannot appear stupid to you She is a secondary, and getting on for a tertiary at that

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. What is a tertiary? Everybody here keeps talking to me about primaries and secondaries and tertiaries as if people were geological strata

THE MAN The primaries are in their first century The secondaries are in their second century. I am still classed as a primary [*he points to his number*]; but I may almost call myself a secondary, as I shall be ninety-five next January The tertiaries are in their third century Did you not see the number two on her badge? She is an advanced secondary

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN That accounts for it She is in her second childhood.

THE MAN Her second childhood! She is in her fifth childhood

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*again resorting to the bollard*] Oh! I cannot bear these unnatural arrangements

THE MAN [*impatient and helpless*] You shouldnt have come among us This is no place for you.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN No place for me! May I ask why? I am a Vice-President of the Travellers' Club. I have been everywhere I hold the record in the Club for civilized countries

THE MAN. What is a civilized country?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN It is—well, it is a civilized country. [*Desperately*] I dont know I—I—I—I shall go mad if you keep on asking me to tell you things that everybody knows Countries where you can

travel comfortably Where there are good hotels. Excuse me ; but, though you say you are ninety-four, you are worse company than a child of five with your eternal questions Why not call me Daddy at once ?

THE MAN. I did not know your name was Daddy.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. My name is Joseph Popham Bolge Bluebin Barlow, O M

THE MAN That is five men's names Daddy is shorter And O M will not do here It is our name for certain wild creatures, descendants of the aboriginal inhabitants of this coast. They used to be called the O'Mulligans. We will stick to Daddy

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN People will think I am your father.

THE MAN [*shocked*] Sh-sh ! People here never allude to such relationships It is not quite delicate, is it ? What does it matter whether you are my father or not?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. My worthy nonagenarian friend your faculties are totally decayed. Could you not find me a guide of my own age ?

THE MAN A young person ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Certainly not I cannot go about with a young person

THE MAN Why ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Why ' Why '' Why !!! Have you no moral sense ?

THE MAN I shall have to give you up I cannot understand you

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. But you meant a young woman, didnt you ?

THE MAN. I meant simply somebody of your own age. What difference does it make whether the person is a man or a woman ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. I could not have believed in the existence of such scandalous insensibility to the elementary decencies of human intercourse.

THE MAN What are decencies ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*shrieking*] Everyone asks me that.

THE MAN [*taking out a tuning-fork and using it as the woman did*] Zozim on Burrin Pier to Zoo Ennistymon I have found the discouraged shortliver he has been talking to a secondary and is much worse I am too old he is asking for someone of his own age or younger come if you can [*He puts up his fork and turns to the Elderly Gentleman*] Zoo is a girl of fifty, and rather childish at that So perhaps she may make you happy

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Make me happy ! A bluestocking of fifty ! Thank you

THE MAN Bluestocking ? The effort to make out your meaning is fatiguing Besides, you are talking too much to me I am old enough to discourage you. Let us be silent until Zoo comes [*He turns his back on the Elderly Gentleman, and sits down on the edge of the pier, with his legs dangling over the water*].

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Certainly I have no wish to force my conversation on any man who does not desire it Perhaps you would like to take a nap. If so, pray do not stand on ceremony.

THE MAN What is a nap ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*exasperated, going to him and speaking with great precision and distinctness*] A nap, my friend, is a brief period of sleep which overtakes superannuated persons when they endeavor to entertain unwelcome visitors or to listen to scientific lectures Sleep. Sleep [*Bawling into his ear*] Sleep.

THE MAN I tell you I am nearly a secondary. I never sleep

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*awestruck*] Good Heavens!

A young woman with the number one on her cap arrives by land She looks no older than Savvy Barnabas, whom she

somewhat resembles, looked a thousand years before. Younger, if anything

THE YOUNG WOMAN. Is this the patient ?

THE MAN [*scrambling up*] This is Zoo. [*To Zoo*] Call him Daddy

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*vehemently*] No.

THE MAN [*ignoring the interruption*] Bless you for taking him off my hands ! I have had as much of him as I can bear [*He goes down the steps and disappears*]

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*ironically taking off his hat and making a sweeping bow from the edge of the pier in the direction of the Atlantic Ocean*] Good afternoon, sir , and thank you very much for your extraordinary politeness, your exquisite consideration for my feelings, your courtly manners Thank you from the bottom of my heart [*Clapping his hat on again*] Pig ! Ass !

zoo [*laughs very heartily at him*] ! ! !

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*turning sharply on her*] Good afternoon, madam I am sorry to have had to put your friend in his place , but I find that here as elsewhere it is necessary to assert myself if I am to be treated with proper consideration I had hoped that my position as a guest would protect me from insult.

zoo Putting my friend in his place That is some poetic expression, is it not ? What does it mean ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Pray, is there no one in these islands who understands plain English ?

zoo Well, nobody except the oracles They have to make a special historical study of what we call the dead thought.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Dead thought ! I have heard of the dead languages, but never of the dead thought

zoo. Well, thoughts die sooner than languages. I understand your language , but I do not always

understand your thought. The oracles will understand you perfectly. Have you had your consultation yet ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I did not come to consult the oracle, madam I am here simply as a gentleman travelling for pleasure in the company of my daughter, who is the wife of the British Prime Minister, and of General Aufsteig, who, I may tell you in confidence, is really the Emperor of Turania, the greatest military genius of the age

zoo Why should you travel for pleasure ! Can you not enjoy yourself at home ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I wish to see the world

zoo It is too big You can see a bit of it anywhere

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*out of patience*] Damn it, madam, you dont want to spend your life looking at the same bit of it ! [*Checking himself*] I beg your pardon for swearing in your presence

zoo Oh ! That is swearing, is it ? I have read about that It sounds quite pretty Dammitmaddam, dammitmaddam, dammitmaddam, dammitmaddam Say it as often as you please I like it.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*expanding with intense relief*] Bless you for those profane but familiar words ! Thank you, thank you For the first time since I landed in this terrible country I begin to feel at home The strain which was driving me mad relaxes . I feel almost as if I were at the club Excuse my taking the only available seat I am not so young as I was. [*He sits on the bollard*] Promise me that you will not hand me over to one of these dreadful tertiaries or secondaries or whatever you call them.

zoo Never fear They had no business to give you in charge of Zozim You see he is just on the verge of becoming a secondary , and these adolescents

will give themselves the airs of tertiaries You naturally feel more at home with a flapper like me [*She makes herself comfortable on the sacks*]

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Flapper? What does that mean?

ZOO It is an archaic word which we still use to describe a female who is no longer a girl and is not yet quite adult

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN A very agreeable age to associate with, I find I am recovering rapidly. I have a sense of blossoming like a flower May I ask your name?

ZOO Zoo

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Miss Zoo

ZOO Not Miss Zoo Zoo

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Precisely. Er—Zoo what?

ZOO No Not Zoo What Zoo Nothing but Zoo

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*puzzled*] Miss Zoo, perhaps.

ZOO No Zoo Cant you catch it? Zoo

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Of course Believe me, I did not really think you were married · you are obviously too young , but here it is so hard to feel sure—er—

ZOO [*hopelessly puzzled*] What?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Marriage makes a difference, you know One can say things to a married lady that would perhaps be in questionable taste to anyone without that experience.

ZOO. You are getting out of my depth : I dont understand a word you are saying Married and questionable taste convey nothing to me Stop, though. Is married an old form of the word mothered?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Very likely Let us

drop the subject Pardon me for embarrassing you. I should not have mentioned it

ZOO. What does embarrassing mean ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Well, really ! I should have thought that so natural and common a condition would be understood as long as human nature lasted To embarrass is to bring a blush to the cheek.

ZOO What is a blush ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*amazed*] Dont you blush ? ? ?

ZOO Never heard of it We have a word flush, meaning a rush of blood to the skin I have noticed it in my babies, but not after the age of two

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Your babies ' ' ! I fear I am treading on very delicate ground , but your appearance is extremely youthful , and if I may ask how many—?

ZOO Only four as yet. It is a long business with us I specialize in babies My first was such a success that they made me go on I—

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN In Heaven's name, madam, how old are you ?

ZOO Fifty-six

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. My knees are trembling. I fear I am really ill

ZOO I noticed that you are not strong on your legs yet You have many of the ways and weaknesses of a baby. No doubt that is why I feel called on to mother you. You certainly are a very silly little Daddy.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. My name, I repeat, is Joseph Popham Bolge Bluebin Barlow, O.M.

ZOO An unnecessarily long name. I cannot call you all that. What did your mother call you ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. You bring back the bitterest struggles of my childhood I was sensitive

on the point Children suffer greatly from absurd nicknames. My mother thoughtlessly called me Iddy Toodles. I was called Iddy until I went to school, when I made my first stand for children's rights by insisting on being called at least Joe At fifteen I refused to answer to anything shorter than Joseph. At eighteen I discovered that the name Joseph was supposed to indicate an unmanly prudery because of some old story about a Joseph who rejected the advances of his employer's wife . very properly in my opinion I then* became Popham to my family and intimate friends, and Mister Barlow to the rest of the world My mother slipped back into Iddy when her faculties began to fail her, poor woman , but I could not resent that, at her age

zoo Do you mean to say that your mother bothered about you after you were ten ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Naturally, madam She was my mother. What would you have had her do ?

zoo. Go on to the next, of course After eight or nine children become quite uninteresting, except to themselves I shouldnt know my two eldest if I met them

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*collapsing*] I am dying Let me die. I wish to die.

zoo [*going to him quickly and supporting him*] Hold up. Sit up straight. Whats the matter ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*faintly*] My spine, I think. Shock Concussion.

zoo [*maternally*] Pow wow wow ! What is there to shock you ? [*Shaking him playfully*] There ! Sit up , and be good.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*still feebly*] Thank you I am better now

zoo [*resuming her seat on the sacks*] But what was all the rest of that long name for ? There was a lot

more of it Blops Booby or something

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*impressively*] Bolge Bluebin, madam . a historical name Let me inform you that I can trace my family back for more than a thousand years, from the Eastern Empire to its ancient seat in these islands, to a time when two of my ancestors, Joyce Bolge and Hengist Horsa Bluebin, wrestled with one another for the prime ministership of the British Empire, and occupied that position successively with a glory of which we can in these degenerate days form but a faint conception. When I think of these mighty men, lions in war, sages in peace, not babblers and charlatans like the pigmies who now occupy their places in Baghdad, but strong silent men, ruling an empire on which the sun never set, my eyes fill with tears . my heart bursts with emotion . I feel that to have lived but to the dawn of manhood in their day, and then died for them, would have been a nobler and happier lot than the ignominious ease of my present longevity.

zoo Longevity ! [*she laughs*].

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Yes, madam, relative longevity. As it is, I have to be content and proud to know that I am descended from both those heroes

zoo You must be descended from every Briton who was alive in their time Dont you know that ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Do not quibble, madam. I bear their names, Bolge and Bluebin ; and I hope I have inherited something of their majestic spirit. Well, they were born in these islands I repeat, these islands were then, incredible as it now seems, the centre of the British Empire. When that centre shifted to Baghdad, and the Englishman at last returned to the true cradle of his race in Mesopotamia, the western islands were cast off, as they had been before by the Roman Empire But it was to the

British race, and in these islands, that the greatest miracle in history occurred.

zoo Miracle ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Yes · the first man to live three hundred years was an Englishman. The first, that is, since the contemporaries of Methuselah

zoo Oh, that !

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Yes, that, as you call it so flippantly Are you aware, madam, that at that immortal moment the English race had lost intellectual credit to such an extent that they habitually spoke of one another as fatheads ? Yet England is now a sacred grove to which statesmen from all over the earth come to consult English sages who speak with the experience of two and a half centuries of life The land that once exported cotton shirts and hardware now exports nothing but wisdom You see before you, madam, a man utterly weary of the week-end riverside hotels of the Euphrates, the minstrels and pierrots on the sands of the Persian Gulf, the toboggans and funiculars of the Hindoo Koosh. Can you wonder that I turn, with a hungry heart, to the mystery and beauty of these haunted islands, thronged with spectres from a magic past, made holy by the footsteps of the wise men of the West Consider this island on which we stand, the last foothold of man on this side of the Atlantic · this Ireland, described by the earliest bards as an emerald gem set in a silver sea ! Can I, a scion of the illustrious British race, ever forget that when the Empire transferred its seat to the East, and said to the turbulent Irish race which it had oppressed but never conquered, " At last we leave you to yourselves ; and much good may it do you," the Irish as one man uttered the historic shout " No : we'll be damned if you do," and emigrated to the countries where there was still

a Nationalist question, to India, Persia, and Corea, to Morocco, Tunis, and Tripoli. In these countries they were ever foremost in the struggle for national independence, and the world rang continually with the story of their sufferings and wrongs. And what poem can do justice to the end, when it came at last? Hardly two hundred years had elapsed when the claims of nationality were so universally conceded that there was no longer a single country on the face of the earth with a national grievance or a national movement. Think of the position of the Irish, who had lost all their political faculties by disuse except that of nationalist agitation, and who owed their position as the most interesting race on earth solely to their sufferings! The very countries they had helped to set free boycotted them as intolerable bores. The communities which had once idolized them as the incarnation of all that is adorable in the warm heart and witty brain, fled from them as from a pestilence. To regain their lost prestige, the Irish claimed the city of Jerusalem, on the ground that they were the lost tribes of Israel, but on their approach the Jews abandoned the city and redistributed themselves throughout Europe. It was then that these devoted Irishmen, not one of whom had ever seen Ireland, were counselled by an English Archbishop, the father of the oracles, to go back to their own country. This had never once occurred to them, because there was nothing to prevent them and nobody to forbid them. They jumped at the suggestion. They landed here - here in Galway Bay, on this very ground. When they reached the shore the older men and women flung themselves down and passionately kissed the soil of Ireland, calling on the young to embrace the earth that had borne their ancestors. But the young looked gloomily on, and

said "There is no earth, only stone" You will see by looking round you why they said that : the fields here are of stone : the hills are capped with granite. They all left for England next day , and no Irishman ever again confessed to being Irish, even to his own children ; so that when that generation passed away the Irish race vanished from human knowledge. And the dispersed Jews did the same lest they should be sent back to Palestine. Since then the world, bereft of its Jews and its Irish, had been a tame dull place Is there no pathos for you in this story ? Can you not understand now why I am come to visit the scene of this tragic effacement of a race of heroes and poets ?

zoo We still tell our little children stories like that, to help them to understand But such things do not happen really That scene of the Irish landing here and kissing the ground might have happened to a hundred people It couldnt have happened to a hundred thousand you know that as well as I do And what a ridiculous thing to call people Irish because they live in Ireland ! you might as well call them Airish because they live in air. They must be just the same as other people Why do you shortlivers persist in making up silly stories about the world and trying to act as if they were true ? Contact with truth hurts and frightens you you escape from it into an imaginary vacuum in which you can indulge your desires and hopes and loves and hates without any contradiction by the solid facts of life You love to throw dust in your own eyes

- THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. It is my turn now, madam, to inform you that I do not understand a single word you are saying. I should have thought that the use of a vacuum for removing dust was a mark of civilization rather than of savagery.

zoo [*giving him up as hopeless*] Oh, Daddy, Daddy : I can hardly believe that you are human, you are so stupid It was well said of your people in the olden days "Dust thou art, and to dust thou shalt return."

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*nobly*] My body is dust, madam . not my soul What does it matter what my body is made of ? the dust of the ground, the particles of the air, or even the slime of the ditch ? The important thing is that when my Creator took it, whatever it was, He breathed into its nostrils the breath of life , and Man became a living soul. Yes, madam, a living soul I am not the dust of the ground I am a living soul. That is an exalting, a magnificent thought It is also a great scientific fact I am not interested in the chemicals and the microbes I leave them to the chumps and noodles, to the block-heads and the muckrakers who are incapable of their own glorious destiny, and unconscious of their own divinity They tell me there are leucocytes in my blood, and sodium and carbon in my flesh. I thank them for the information, and tell them that there are blackbeetles in my kitchen, washing soda in my laundry, and coal in my cellar I do not deny their existence , but I keep them in their proper place, which is not, if I may be allowed to use an antiquated form of expression, the temple of the Holy Ghost No doubt you think me behind the times , but I rejoice in my enlightenment , and I recoil from your ignorance, your blindness, your imbecility. Humanly I pity you Intellectually I despise you.

zoo. Bravo, Daddy ! You have the root of the matter in you. You will not die of discouragement after all

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I have not the smallest intention of doing so, madam I am no longer young,

and I have moments of weakness , but when I approach this subject the divine spark in me kindles and glows The corruptible becomes incorruptible ; and the mortal Bolge Bluebin Barlow puts on immortality. On this ground I am your equal, even if you survive me by ten thousand years

zoo Yes , but what do we know about this breath of life that puffs you up so exaltedly ? Just nothing. So let us shake hands as cultivated Agnostics, and change the subject

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Cultivated fiddlesticks, madam ! You cannot change this subject until the heavens and the earth pass away I am not an Agnostic I am a gentleman When I believe a thing I say I believe it when I dont believe it I say I dont believe it I do not shirk my responsibilities by pretending that I know nothing and therefore can believe nothing We can disclaim neither our knowledge nor our ignorance We must proceed on assumptions of some sort or we cannot form a human society.

zoo. The assumptions must be scientific, Daddy. We must live by science in the long run.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I have learnt to fear the discoveries we owe to science. Any fool can make a discovery. Every baby has to discover more in the first years of its life than Roger Bacon ever discovered in his laboratory. When I was seven years old I discovered the sting of the wasp. But I do not ask you to worship me on that account. I assure you, madam, the merest mediocrities can discover the most surprising facts about the physical universe as soon as they are civilized enough to have time to study these things, and to invent instruments and apparatus for research. But what is the consequence ? Their discoveries discredit the simple stories of our religion.

At first we had no idea of astronomical space. We believed the sky to be only the ceiling of a room as large as the earth, with another room on top of it. Death was to us a going upstairs into that room, or, if we did not obey the priests, going downstairs into the coal cellar. We founded our religion, our morality, our laws, our lessons, our poems, our prayers, on that simple belief. Well, the moment men became astronomers and made telescopes, their belief perished. When they could no longer believe in the sky, they found that they could no longer believe in their Deity, because they had always thought of him as living in the sky. When the priests themselves ceased to believe in their Deity and began to believe in astronomy, they changed their name and their dress, and called themselves doctors and men of science. They set up a new religion in which there was no Deity, but only wonders and miracles, with scientific instruments and apparatus as the wonder workers. Instead of worshipping the greatness and wisdom of the Deity, men gaped foolishly at the million billion miles of space and worshipped the astronomer as infallible and omniscient. They built temples for his telescopes. Then they looked into their own bodies with microscopes, and found there, not the soul they had formerly believed in, but millions of micro-organisms, so they gaped at these as foolishly as at the millions of miles, and built microscope temples in which horrible sacrifices were offered. They even gave their own bodies to be sacrificed by the microscope man, who was worshipped, like the astronomer, as infallible and omniscient. Thus our discoveries, instead of increasing our wisdom, only destroyed the little childish wisdom we had. But I shall shock you if I proceed. My opinions on this subject are so advanced¹ so intellectually

daring ! that I have never ventured to confess to them lest I should be imprisoned for blasphemy, or even burnt alive.

zoo Indeed ! What opinions ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*after looking cautiously round*] I do not approve of microscopes I never have.

zoo. You call that advanced ! Oh, Daddy, that is pure obscurantism.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Call it so if you will, madam, but I maintain that it is dangerous to shew too much to people who do not know what they are looking at. I think that a man who is sane as long as he looks at the world through his own eyes is very likely to become a dangerous madman if he takes to looking at the world through telescopes and microscopes Even when he is telling fairy stories about giants and dwarfs, the giants had better not be too big nor the dwarfs too small and too malicious Before the microscope came, our fairy stories only made the children's flesh creep pleasantly, and did not frighten grown-up persons at all But the microscope men terrified themselves and everyone else out of their wits with the invisible monsters they saw - poor harmless little things that die at the touch of a ray of sunshine, and are themselves the victims of all the diseases they are supposed to produce ! Whatever the scientific people may say, imagination without microscopes was kindly and often courageous, because it worked on things of which it had some real knowledge But imagination with microscopes, working on a terrifying spectacle of millions of grotesque creatures of whose nature it had no knowledge, became a cruel, terror-stricken, persecuting delirium. Are you aware, madam, that a general massacre of men of science took place in the twenty-first century of the pseudo-Christian era, when all their labora-

tories were demolished, and all their apparatus destroyed ?

zoo. Yes the shortlived are as savage in their advances as in their relapses But when Science crept back, it had been taught its place. The mere collectors of anatomical or chemical facts were not supposed to know more about Science than the collector of used postage stamps about international trade or literature. The scientific terrorist who was afraid to use a spoon or a tumbler until he had dipt it in some poisonous acid to kill the microbes, was no longer given titles, pensions, and monstrous powers over the bodies of other people : he was sent to a mental hospital. But all that is an old story the extension of life to three hundred years has provided the human race with capable leaders, and made short work of such childish stuff

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*pettishly*] You attribute every advance in civilization to your inordinately long lives Let me tell you that this question was familiar to men who died before they had reached my own age ?

zoo. Yes an ancient writer whose name has come down to us in several forms, such as Shakespear, Shelley, Sheridan, and Shoddy, has a remarkable passage about your dispositions being horridly shaken by thoughts beyond the reaches of your souls But that does not come to much, does it ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. At all events, madam, I may remind you, if you come to capping ages, that whatever your secondaries and tertiaries may be, you are younger than I am

zoo Yes, Daddy ; but it is not the number of years we have behind us, but the number we have before us, that makes us careful and responsible and determined to find out the truth about everything. What

does it matter to you whether anything is true or not ? your flesh is as grass : you come up like a flower, and wither in your second childhood. A lie will last your time : it will not last mine. If I knew I had to die in twenty years it would not be worth my while to educate myself : I should not bother about anything but having a little pleasure while I lasted.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Young woman you are mistaken Shortlived as we are, we—the best of us, I mean—regard civilization and learning, art and science, as an ever-burning torch, which passes from the hand of one generation to the hand of the next, each generation fanning it to a farther reaching glow. We may be insects , but like the coral insect we build islands which become continents . like the bee we store sustenance for future communities The individual perishes , but the race is immortal The acorn of today is the oak of the next millennium I throw my stone on the cairn and die , but later comers add another stone and yet another , and lo ! a mountain I—

zoo [*interrupts him by laughing heartily at him*] ! ! ! ! !

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN May I ask what I have said that calls for this merriment ?

zoo. Oh, Daddy, Daddy, Daddy, you are a funny little man, with your torches and your coral insects and bees and acorns and stones and mountains.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Metaphors, madam. Metaphors merely

zoo. Images, images, images I was talking about men, not about images.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I was illustrating—not, I hope, quite infelicitously—the great march of Progress I was shewing you how, shortlived as we orientals are, mankind gains in stature from generation to generation, from epoch to epoch, from

barbarism to civilization, from civilization to perfection

zoo I see The father grows to be six feet high, and hands on his six feet to his son, who adds another six feet and becomes twelve feet high, and hands his twelve feet on to his son, who is full-grown at eighteen feet, and so on In a thousand years you would all be three or four miles high. At that rate your ancestors Bilge and Bluebeard, whom you call giants, must have been about quarter of an inch high

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I am not here to bandy quibbles and paradoxes with a girl who blunders over the greatest names in history I am in earnest I am treating a solemn theme seriously I never said that the son of a man six feet high would be twelve feet high

zoo. You didnt mean that ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Most certainly not

zoo Then you didnt mean anything Now listen to me, you little ephemeral thing I knew quite well what you meant by your torch handed on from generation to generation But every time that torch is handed on, it dies down to the tiniest spark , and the man who gets it can rekindle it only by his own light You are little taller than Bilge or Bluebeard ; and you are no wiser Their wisdom, such as it was, perished with them so did their strength, if their strength ever existed outside your imagination I do not know how old you are you look about five hundred—

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Five hundred ! Really, madam—

zoo [*continuing*] , but I know, of course, that you are an ordinary shortliver Well, your wisdom is only such wisdom as a man can have before he has had experience enough to distinguish his wisdom from his folly, his destiny from his delusions, his—

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. In short, such wisdom as your own.

zoo No, no, no, no How often must I tell you that we are made wise not by the recollections of our past, but by the responsibilities of our future I shall be more reckless when I am a tertiary than I am today If you cannot understand that, at least you must admit that I have learnt from tertiaries I have seen their work and lived under their institutions Like all young things I rebelled against them, and in their hunger for new lights and new ideas they listened to me and encouraged me to rebel But my ways did not work, and theirs did; and they were able to tell me why They have no power over me except that power they refuse all other power, and the consequence is that there are no limits to their power except the limits they set themselves You are a child governed by children, who make so many mistakes and are so naughty that you are in continual rebellion against them, and as they can never convince you that they are right they can govern you only by beating you, imprisoning you, torturing you, killing you if you disobey them without being strong enough to kill or torture them.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN That may be an unfortunate fact I condemn it and deplore it But our minds are greater than the facts. We know better The greatest ancient teachers, followed by the galaxy of Christs who arose in the twentieth century, not to mention such comparatively modern spiritual leaders as Blitherinjam, Tosh, and Spiffkins, all taught that punishment and revenge, coercion and militarism, are mistakes, and that the golden rule—

zoo [*interrupting*] Yes, yes, yes, Daddy we long-lived people know that quite well. But did any of their disciples ever succeed in governing you for a

single day on their Christlike principles ? It is not enough to know what is good . you must be able to do it They couldnt do it because they did not live long enough to find out how to do it, or to outlive the childish passions that prevented them from really wanting to do it You know very well that they could only keep order—such as it was—by the very coercion and militarism they were denouncing and deploring They had actually to kill one another for preaching their own gospel, or be killed themselves

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN The blood of the martyrs, madam, is the seed of the Church

zoo. More images, Daddy ! The blood of the shortlived falls on stony ground

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*rising, very testy*] You are simply mad on the subject of longevity I wish you would change it It is rather personal and in bad taste Human nature is human nature, longlived or shortlived, and always will be

zoo. Then you give up the idea of progress ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I do nothing of the sort I stand for progress and for freedom broadening down from precedent to precedent

zoo You are certainly a true Briton

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. I am proud of it But in your mouth I feel that the compliment hides some insult , so I do not thank you for it.

zoo All I meant was that though Britons sometimes say quite clever things and deep things as well as silly and shallow things, they always forget them ten minutes after they have uttered them

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Leave it at that, madam: leave it at that. [*He sits down again*] Even a Pope is not expected to be continually pontificating Our flashes of inspiration shew that our hearts are in the right place

zoo Of course You cannot keep your heart in any place but the right place

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Tcha !

zoo. But you can keep your hands in the wrong place. In your neighbors' pockets, for example. So, you see, it is your hands that really matter

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*exhausted*] Well, a woman must have the last word I will not dispute it with you

zoo Good Now let us go back to the really interesting subject of our discussion. You remember ? The slavery of the shortlived to images and metaphors.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*aghast*] Do you mean to say, madam, that after having talked my head off, and reduced me to despair and silence by your intolerable loquacity, you actually propose to begin all over again ? I shall leave you at once

zoo You must not. I am your nurse , and you must stay with me

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I absolutely decline to do anything of the sort [*he rises and walks away with marked dignity*]

zoo [*using her tuning-fork*] Zoo on Burrin Pier to Oracle Police at Ennistymon have you got me ? . . . What ? . I am picking you up now but you are flat to my pitch Just a shade sharper . . Thats better still a little more . . Got you . right. Isolate Burrin Pier quick.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*is heard to yell*] Oh !

zoo [*still intoning*] Thanks . Oh nothing serious I am nursing a shortliver and the silly creature has run away he has discouraged himself very badly by gadding about and talking to secondaries and I must keep him strictly to heel

The Elderly Gentleman returns, indignant

zoo. Here he is you can release the Pier thanks.

Goodbye [*She puts up her tuning-fork*]

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN This is outrageous. When I tried to step off the pier on to the road, I received a shock, followed by an attack of pins and needles which ceased only when I stepped back on to the stones.

zoo Yes · there is an electric hedge there It is a very old and very crude method of keeping animals from straying

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN We are perfectly familiar with it in Baghdad, madam , but I little thought I should live to have it ignominiously applied to myself I consider that in using it on me you have taken a very great liberty.

zoo. What is a liberty ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*exasperated*] I shall not explain, madam I believe you know as well as I do [*He sits down on the bollard in dudgeon*]

zoo No even you can tell me things I do not know Havnt you noticed that all the time you have been here we have been asking you questions ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Noticed it ! It has almost driven me mad Do you see my white hair ? It was hardly grey when I landed there were patches of its original auburn still distinctly discernible

zoo That is one of the symptoms of discouragement But have you noticed something much more important to yourself that is, that you have never asked us any questions, although we know so much more than you do ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I am not a child, madam I believe I have had occasion to say that before And I am an experienced traveller I know that what the traveller observes must really exist, or he could not observe it But what the natives tell him is invariably pure fiction

zoo. Not here, Daddy With us life is too long for telling lies They all get found out. You'd better ask me questions while you have the chance.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN If I have occasion to consult the oracle I shall address myself to a proper one to a tertiary not to a primary flapper playing at being an oracle If you are a nurserymaid, attend to your duties, and do not presume to ape your elders

zoo [*rising ominously and reddening*] You silly—

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*thundering*] Silence! Do you hear? Hold your tongue

zoo Something very disagreeable is happening to me I feel hot all over I have a horrible impulse to injure you What have you done to me?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*triumphant*] Aha! I have made you blush. Now you know what blushing means Blushing with shame!

zoo Whatever you are doing, it is something so utterly evil that if you do not stop I will kill you.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*apprehending his danger*] Doubtless you think it safe to threaten an old man—

zoo [*fiercely*] Old! You are a child an evil child We kill evil children here. We do it even against our own wills by instinct. Take care

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*rising with crestfallen courtesy*] I did not mean to hurt your feelings I— [*swallowing the apology with an effort*] I beg your pardon. [*He takes off his hat, and bows*].

zoo What does that mean?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. I withdraw what I said.

zoo. How can you withdraw what you said?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I can say no more than that I am sorry.

zoo. You have reason to be. That hideous sensation you gave me is subsiding, but you have had a

very narrow escape. Do not attempt to kill me again ; for at the first sign in your voice or face I shall strike you dead.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN *I attempt to kill you ! I never dreamt of such a thing Surely you cannot believe that I am a murderer*

zoo. I know you are a murderer It is not merely that you threw words at me as if they were stones, meaning to hurt me It was the instinct to kill that you roused in me I did not know it was in my nature never before has it wakened and sprung out at me, warning me to kill or be killed I must now reconsider my whole political position I am no longer a Conservative.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*dropping his hat*] Gracious Heavens ! you have lost your senses ! I am at the mercy of a madwoman : I might have known it from the beginning I can bear no more of this [*Offering his chest for the sacrifice*] Kill me at once , and much good may my death do you !

zoo. It would be useless unless all the other short-livers were killed at the same time Besides, it is a measure which should be taken politically and constitutionally, not privately However, I am prepared to discuss it with you

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I could hardly do so impartially Had we not rather discuss your intention of withdrawing from the Conservative party ? How the Conservatives have tolerated your opinions so far is more than I can imagine : I can only conjecture that you have contributed very liberally to the party funds. [*He picks up his hat, and sits down again*]

zoo. Do not babble so senselessly our chief political controversy is the most momentous in the world for you and your like.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*interested*] Indeed ?

Pray, may I ask what it is ? I am a keen politician, and may perhaps be of some use. [*He puts on his hat, cocking it slightly*]

zoo We have two great parties the Conservative party and the Colonization party The Colonizers are of opinion that we should increase our numbers and colonize The Conservatives hold that we should stay as we are, confined to these islands, a race apart, wrapped up in the majesty of our wisdom on a soil held as holy ground for us by an adoring world, with our sacred frontier traced beyond dispute by the sea. They contend that it is our destiny to rule the world, and that even when we were shortlived we did so. They say that our power and our peace depend on our remoteness, our exclusiveness, our separation, and the restriction of our numbers Five minutes ago that was my political faith. Now I do not think there should be any shortlived people at all [*She throws herself again carelessly on the sacks*].

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Am I to infer that you deny my right to live because I allowed myself—perhaps injudiciously—to give you a slight scolding ?

zoo Is it worth living for so short a time ? Are you any good to yourself ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*stupent*] Well, upon my soul !

zoo. It is such a very little soul ! You only encourage the sin of pride in us, and keep us looking down at you instead of up to something higher than ourselves.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Is not that a selfish view, madam ? Think of the good you do us by your oracular counsels !

zoo. What good have our counsels ever done you ? You come to us for advice when you know you are in difficulties But you never know you are in difficulties

until twenty years after you have made the mistakes that led to them , and then it is too late. You cannot understand our advice you often do more mischief by trying to act on it than if you had been left to your own childish devices If you were not childish you would not come to us at all you would learn from experience that your consultations of the oracle are never of any real help to you You draw wonderful imaginary pictures of us, and write fictitious tales and poems about our beneficent operations in the past, our wisdom, our justice, our mercy ' stories in which we often appear as sentimental dupes of your prayers and sacrifices , but you do it only to conceal from yourselves the truth that you are incapable of being helped by us Your Prime Minister pretends that he has come to be guided by the oracle , 'but we are not deceived we know quite well that he has come here so that when he goes back he may have the authority and dignity of one who has visited the holy islands and spoken face to face with the ineffable ones He will pretend that all the measures he wishes to take for his own purposes have been enjoined on him by the oracle.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN But you forget that the answers of the oracle cannot be kept secret or misrepresented. They are written and promulgated The Leader of the Opposition can obtain copies All the nations know them Secret diplomacy has been totally abolished.

zoo Yes you publish documents , but they are garbled or forged And even if you published our real answers it would make no difference, because the shortlived cannot interpret the plainest writings. Your scriptures command you in the plainest terms to do exactly the contrary of everything your own laws and chosen rulers command and execute. You

cannot defy Nature. It is a law of Nature that there is a fixed relation between conduct and length of life.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I have never heard of any such law, madam

ZOO Well, you are hearing of it now

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Let me tell you that we shortlivers, as you call us, have lengthened our lives very considerably

ZOO How ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN By saving time By enabling men to cross the ocean in an afternoon, and to see and speak to one another when they are thousands of miles apart We hope shortly to organize their labor, and press natural forces into their service, so scientifically that the burden of labor will cease to be perceptible, leaving common men more leisure than they will know what to do with

ZOO Daddy the man whose life is lengthened in this way may know more than a savage, but the difference between such men living seventy years and those living three hundred would be all the greater ; for to a shortliver increase of years is only increase of sorrow, but to a longliver every extra year is a prospect continually forcing him to stretch his faculties to the utmost to face it Therefore I say that we who live three hundred years can be of no use to you who live less than a hundred, and that our true destiny is not to advise and govern you, but to supplant and supersede you In that faith I now declare myself a Colonizer and an Exterminator

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Oh, steady ! steady ! Pray ! pray ! Reflect, I implore you It is possible to colonize without exterminating the natives Would you treat us less mercifully than our barbarous forefathers treated the Redskin and the Negro ? Are we not, as Britons, entitled at least to some reservations ?

zoo. What is the use of prolonging the agony ? You would perish slowly in our presence, no matter what we did to preserve you. You were almost dead when I took charge of you today, merely because you had talked for a few minutes to a secondary. Besides, we have our own experience to go upon. Have you never heard that our children occasionally revert to the ancestral type, and are born shortlived ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*eagerly*] Never. I hope you will not be offended if I say that it would be a great comfort to me if I could be placed in charge of one of those normal individuals

zoo Abnormal, you mean. What you ask is impossible. we weed them all out

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN When you say that you weed them out, you send a cold shiver down my spine. I hope you don't mean that you—that you—that you assist Nature in any way ?

zoo Why not ? Have you not heard the saying of the Chinese sage Dee Ning, that a good garden needs weeding ? But it is not necessary for us to interfere. We are naturally rather particular as to the conditions on which we consent to live. One does not mind the accidental loss of an arm or a leg or an eye. after all, no one with two legs is unhappy because he has not three, so why should a man with one be unhappy because he has not two ? But infirmities of mind and temper are quite another matter. If one of us has no self-control, or is too weak to bear the strain of our truthful life without wincing, or is tormented by depraved appetites and superstitions, or is unable to keep free from pain and depression, he naturally becomes discouraged, and refuses to live

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Good Lord ! Cuts his throat, do you mean ?

zoo No why should he cut his throat ? He simply dies He wants to He is out of countenance, as we call it

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Well !!! But suppose he is depraved enough not to want to die, and to settle the difficulty by killing all the rest of you ?

zoo. Oh, he is one of the thoroughly degenerate shortlivers whom we occasionally produce He emigrates.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. And what becomes of him then ?

zoo You shortlived people always think very highly of him You accept him as what you call a great man

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. You astonish me , and yet I must admit that what you tell me accounts for a great deal of the little I know of the private life of our great men We must be very convenient to you as a dumping place for your failures

zoo I admit that

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Good Then if you carry out your plan of colonization, and leave no shortlived countries in the world, what will you do with your undesirables ?

zoo Kill them Our tertiaries are not at all squeamish about killing

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Gracious Powers !

zoo [*glancing up at the sun*] Come It is just sixteen o'clock , and you have to join your party at half-past in the temple in Galway.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*rising*] Galway ! Shall I at last be able to boast of having seen that magnificent city ?

zoo You will be disappointed . we have no cities. There is a temple of the oracle . that is all.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Alas ! and I came here to fulfil two long-cherished dreams One was to see

Galway It has been said, " See Galway and die "
 The other was to contemplate the ruins of London
 zoo Ruins ! We do not tolerate ruins Was
 London a place of any importance ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*amazed*] What ! London !
 It was the mightiest city of antiquity [*Rhetorically*]
 Situate just where the Dover Road crosses the
 Thames, it—

zoo [*curtly interrupting*] There is nothing there now
 Why should anybody pitch on such a spot to live ?
 The nearest houses are at a place called Strand-on-
 the-Green it is very old Come We shall go
 across the water [*She goes down the steps*]

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Sic transit gloria mundi !
 zoo [*from below*] What did you say ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*despairingly*] Nothing.
 You would not understand [*He goes down the steps*].

ACT II

A courtyard before the columned portico of a temple The temple door is in the middle of the portico A veiled and robed woman of majestic carriage passes along behind the columns towards the entrance From the opposite direction a man of compact figure, clean-shaven, saturnine, and self-centred in short, very like Napoleon I, and wearing a military uniform of Napoleonic cut, marches with measured steps ; places his hand in his lapel in the traditional manner , and fixes the woman with his eye She stops, her attitude expressing haughty amazement at his audacity. He is on her right she on his left.

NAPOLEON [*impressively*] I am the Man of Destiny.

THE VEILED WOMAN [*unimpressed*] How did you get in here ?

NAPOLEON. I walked in. I go on until I am stopped
I never am stopped I tell you I am the Man of
Destiny

THE VEILED WOMAN You will be a man of very
short destiny if you wander about here without one
of our children to guide you I suppose you belong
to the Baghdad envoy

NAPOLEON I came with him , but I do not belong
to him I belong to myself Direct me to the oracle
if you can If not, do not waste my time

THE VEILED WOMAN Your time, poor creature, is
short I will not waste it Your envoy and his party
will be here presently The consultation of the oracle
is arranged for them, and will take place according
to the prescribed ritual You can wait here until
they come [*she turns to go into the temple*]

NAPOLEON I never wait. [*She stops*]. The pre-
scribed ritual is, I believe, the classical one of the
pythoness on her tripod, the intoxicating fumes
arising from the abyss, the convulsions of the priestess
as she delivers the message of the God, and so on
That sort of thing does not impose on me I use it
myself to impose on simpletons I believe that what
is, is I know that what is not, is not The antics
of a woman sitting on a tripod and pretending to be
drunk do not interest me Her words are put into
her mouth, not by a god, but by a man three hundred
years old, who has had the capacity to profit by his
experience I wish to speak to that man face to face,
without mummery or imposture

THE VEILED WOMAN You seem to be an unusually
sensible person But there is no old man I am the
oracle on duty today I am on my way to take my
place on the tripod, and go through the usual mum-
mery, as you rightly call it, to impress your friend the
envoy As you are superior to that kind of thing, you

may consult me now. [*She leads the way into the middle of the courtyard*] What do you want to know ?

NAPOLEON [*following her*] Madam . I have not come all this way to discuss matters of State with a woman . I must ask you to direct me to one of your oldest and ablest men

THE ORACLE None of our oldest and ablest men or women would dream of wasting their time on you. You would die of discouragement in their presence

NAPOLEON. You can keep this idle fable of discouragement for people credulous enough 'to be intimidated by it, madam . I do not believe in metaphysical forces

THE ORACLE No one asks you to . A field is something physical, is it not ? Well, I have a field

NAPOLEON I have several million fields. I am Emperor of Turania

THE ORACLE. You do not understand. I am not speaking of an agricultural field . Do you not know that every mass of matter in motion carries with it an invisible gravitational field, every magnet an invisible magnetic field, and every living organism a mesmeric field ? Even you have a perceptible mesmeric field. Feeble as it is, it is the strongest I have yet observed in a shortliver

NAPOLEON By no means feeble, madam . I understand you now , and I may tell you that the strongest characters blench in my presence, and submit to my domination. But I do not call that a physical force.

THE ORACLE What else do you call it, pray ? Our physicists deal with it. Our mathematicians express its measurements in algebraic equations.

NAPOLEON. Do you mean that they could measure mine ?

THE ORACLE. Yes : by a figure infinitely near to zero. Even in us the force is negligible during our

first century of life. In our second century it develops quickly, and becomes dangerous to shortlivers who venture into its field. If I were not veiled and robed in insulating material you could not endure my presence ; and I am still a young woman . one hundred and seventy if you wish to know exactly

NAPOLEON [*folding his arms*] I am not intimidated no woman alive, old or young, can put me out of countenance Unveil, madam. Disrobe You will move this temple as easily as shake me

THE ORACLE Very well [*she throws back her veil*]

NAPOLEON [*shrieking, staggering, and covering his eyes*] No Stop Hide your face again [*Shutting his eyes and distractedly clutching at his throat and heart*] Let me go Help ! I am dying.

THE ORACLE Do you still wish to consult an older person ?

NAPOLEON No, no The veil, the veil, I beg you

THE ORACLE [*replacing the veil*] So

NAPOLEON Ouf ! One cannot always be at one's best Twice before in my life I have lost my nerve and behaved like a poltroon But I warn you not to judge my quality by these involuntary moments.

THE ORACLE I have no occasion to judge of your quality. You want my advice Speak quickly ; or I shall go about my business.

NAPOLEON [*After a moment's hesitation, sinks respectfully on one knee*] I—

THE ORACLE Oh, rise, rise Are you so foolish as to offer me this mummerly which even you despise ?

NAPOLEON [*rising*] I knelt in spite of myself I compliment you on your impressiveness, madam.

THE ORACLE [*impatiently*] Time ! time ! time ! time !

NAPOLEON. You will not grudge me the necessary time, madam, when you know my case. I am a man

gifted with a certain specific talent in a degree altogether extraordinary I am not otherwise a very extraordinary person : my family is not influential, and without this talent I should cut no particular figure in the world.

THE ORACLE Why cut a figure in the world ?

NAPOLEON Superiority will make itself felt, madam But when I say I possess this talent I do not express myself accurately The truth is that my talent possesses me It is genius It drives me to exercise it. I must exercise it I am great when I exercise it At other moments I am nobody

THE ORACLE Well, exercise it Do you need an oracle to tell you that ?

NAPOLEON Wait This talent involves the shedding of human blood

THE ORACLE Are you a surgeon, or a dentist ?

NAPOLEON Psha ! You do not appreciate me, madam I mean the shedding of oceans of blood, the death of millions of men.

THE ORACLE They object, I suppose

NAPOLEON Not at all They adore me

THE ORACLE Indeed !

NAPOLEON I have never shed blood with my own hand They kill each other they die with shouts of triumph on their lips Those who die cursing do not curse me. My talent is to organize this slaughter ; to give mankind this terrible joy which they call glory , to let loose the devil in them that peace has bound in chains

THE ORACLE. And you ? Do you share their joy ?

NAPOLEON Not at all. What satisfaction is it to me to see one fool pierce the entrails of another with a bayonet ? I am a man of princely character, but of simple personal tastes and habits. I have the virtues of a laborer . industry and indifference to personel

comfort But I must rule, because I am so superior to other men that it is intolerable to me to be misruled by them Yet only as a slayer can I become a ruler I cannot be great as a writer I have tried and failed I have no talent as a sculptor or painter, and as lawyer, preacher, doctor, or actor, scores of second-rate men can do as well as I, or better I am not even a diplomatist I can only play my trump card of force What I can do is to organize war Look at me ! I seem a man like other men, because nine-tenths of me is common humanity But the other tenth is a faculty for seeing things as they are that no other man possesses

THE ORACLE You mean that you have no imagination ?

NAPOLEON [*forcibly*] I mean that I have the only imagination worth having the power of imagining things as they are, even when I cannot see them You feel yourself my superior, I know nay, you are my superior have I not bowed my knee to you by instinct ? Yet I challenge you to a test of our respective powers Can you calculate what the mathematicians call vectors, without putting a single algebraic symbol on paper ? Can you launch ten thousand men across a frontier and a chain of mountains and know to a mile exactly where they will be at the end of seven weeks ? The rest is nothing I got it all from the books at my military school Now this great game of war, this playing with armies as other men play with bowls and skittles, is one which I must go on playing, partly because a man must do what he can and not what he would like to do, and partly because, if I stop, I immediately lose my power and become a beggar in the land where I now make men drunk with glory.

THE ORACLE No doubt then you wish to know how

to extricate yourself from this unfortunate position ?

NAPOLEON. It is not generally considered unfortunate, madam. Supremely fortunate rather

THE ORACLE. If you think so, go on making them drunk with glory. Why trouble me with their folly and your vectors ?

NAPOLEON. Unluckily, madam, men are not only heroes they are also cowards. They desire glory ; but they dread death

THE ORACLE. Why should they ? Their lives are too short to be worth living. That is why they think your game of war worth playing

NAPOLEON. They do not look at it quite in that way. The most worthless soldier wants to live for ever. To make him risk being killed by the enemy I have to convince him that if he hesitates he will inevitably be shot at dawn by his own comrades for cowardice.

THE ORACLE. And if his comrades refuse to shoot him ?

NAPOLEON. They will be shot too, of course

THE ORACLE. By whom ?

NAPOLEON. By their comrades

THE ORACLE. And if they refuse ?

NAPOLEON. Up to a certain point they do not refuse.

THE ORACLE. But when that point is reached, you have to do the shooting yourself, eh ?

NAPOLEON. Unfortunately, madam, when that point is reached, they shoot me

THE ORACLE. Mf ! It seems to me they might as well shoot you first as last. Why dont they ?

NAPOLEON. Because their love of fighting, their desire for glory, their shame of being branded as dastards, their instinct to test themselves in terrible trials, their fear of being killed or enslaved by the enemy, their belief that they are defending their hearths and homes, overcome their natural cowardice,

and make them willing not only to risk their own lives but to kill everyone who refuses to take that risk. But if war continues too long, there comes a time when the soldiers, and also the taxpayers who are supporting and munitioning them, reach a condition which they describe as being fed up. The troops have proved their courage, and want to go home and enjoy in peace the glory it has earned them. Besides, the risk of death for each soldier becomes a certainty if the fighting goes on for ever. He hopes to escape for six months, but knows he cannot escape for six years. The risk of bankruptcy for the citizen becomes a certainty in the same way. Now what does this mean for me?

THE ORACLE Does that matter in the midst of such calamity?

NAPOLEON Psha! madam it is the only thing that matters. The value of human life is the value of the greatest living man. Cut off that infinitesimal layer of grey matter which distinguishes my brain from that of the common man, and you cut down the stature of humanity from that of a giant to that of a nobody. I matter supremely: my soldiers do not matter at all. There are plenty more where they came from. If you kill me, or put a stop to my activity (it is the same thing), the nobler part of human life perishes. You must save the world from that catastrophe, madam. War has made me popular, powerful, famous, historically immortal. But I foresee that if I go on to the end it will leave me execrated, dethroned, imprisoned, perhaps executed. Yet if I stop fighting I commit suicide as a great man and become a common one. How am I to escape the horns of this tragic dilemma? Victory I can guarantee: I am invincible. But the cost of victory is the demoralization, the depopulation, the ruin of the

victors no less than of the vanquished How am I to satisfy my genius by fighting until I die ? that is my question to you

THE ORACLE. Were you not rash to venture into these sacred islands with such a question on your lips ? Warriors are not popular here, my friend

NAPOLEON If a soldier were restrained by such a consideration, madam, he would no longer be a soldier Besides [*he exhibits a pistol*], I have not come unarmed

THE ORACLE What is that thing ?

NAPOLEON It is an instrument of my profession, madam I raise this hammer , I point the barrel at you , I pull this trigger that is against my forefinger , and you fall dead

THE ORACLE Give it to me [*she puts out her hand to take it from him*]

NAPOLEON [*retreating a step*] Pardon me, madam I never trust my life in the hands of a person over whom I have no control

THE ORACLE [*sternly*] Give it to me [*she raises her hand to her veil*]

NAPOLEON [*dropping the pistol and covering his eyes*] Quarter ! Kamerad ! Take it, madam [*he kicks it towards her*] · I surrender

THE ORACLE Give me that thing Do you expect me to stoop for it ?

NAPOLEON [*taking his hands from his eyes with an effort*] A poor victory, madam [*he picks up the pistol and hands it to her*] : there was no vector strategy needed to win it. [*Making a pose of his humiliation*] But enjoy your triumph . you have made me—ME ! Cain Adamson Charles Napoleon ! Emperor of Turania ! cry for quarter.

THE ORACLE The way out of your difficulty, Cain Adamson, is very simple.

NAPOLEON [*eagerly*] Good. What is it ?

THE ORACLE To die before the tide of glory turns.
Allow me [*she shoots him*].

He falls with a shriek She throws the pistol away and goes haughtily into the temple.

NAPOLEON [*scrambling to his feet*] Murderess !
Monster ! She-devil ! Unnatural, inhuman wretch !
You deserve to be hanged, guillotined, broken on the
wheel, burnt alive. No sense of the sacredness of
human life ! No thought for my wife and children !
Bitch ! Sow ! Wanton ! [*He picks up the pistol*] And
missed me at five yards ! That's a woman all over

He is going away whence he came when Zoo arrives and confronts him at the head of a party consisting of the British Envoy, the Elderly Gentleman, the Envoy's wife, and her daughter, aged about eighteen The Envoy, a typical politician, looks like an imperfectly reformed criminal disguised by a good tailor The dress of the ladies is coeval with that of the Elderly Gentleman, and suitable for public official ceremonies in western capitals at the nineteenth fin de siècle

They file in under the portico Zoo immediately comes out imperiously to Napoleon's right, whilst the Envoy's wife hurries effusively to his left The Envoy meanwhile passes along behind the columns to the door, followed by his daughter The Elderly Gentleman stops just where he entered, to see why Zoo has swooped so abruptly on the Emperor of Turania

ZOO [*to Napoleon, severely*] What are you doing here by yourself ? You have no business to go about here alone. What was that noise just now ? What is that in your hand ?

Napoleon glares at her in speechless fury ; pockets the pistol , and takes out a whistle

THE ENVOY'S WIFE Arnt you coming with us to the oracle, sire ?

NAPOLEON To hell with the oracle, and with you too [*he turns to go*] ¹

THE ENVOY'S WIFE } [*together*] { Oh, sire !¹

ZOO } Where are you going ?

NAPOLEON To fetch the police [*He goes out past Zoo, almost jostling her, and blowing piercing blasts on his whistle*].

ZOO [*whipping out her tuning-fork and intoning*] Hallo Galway Central [*The whistling continues*] Stand by to isolate [*To the Elderly Gentleman, who is staring after the whistling Emperor*] How far has he gone ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN To that curious statue of a fat old man

ZOO [*quickly, intoning*] Isolate the Falstaff monument isolate hard. Paralyze—[*the whistling stops*] Thank you [*She puts up her tuning-fork*] He shall not move a muscle until I come to fetch him.

THE ENVOY'S WIFE Oh ! he will be frightfully angry ! Did you hear what he said to me ?

ZOO. Much we care for his anger !

THE DAUGHTER [*coming forward between her mother and Zoo*] Please, madam, whose statue is it ? and where can I buy a picture postcard of it ? It is so funny. I will take a snapshot when we are coming back, but they come out so badly sometimes

ZOO They will give you pictures and toys in the temple to take away with you The story of the statue is too long It would bore you [*she goes past them across the courtyard to get rid of them*]

THE WIFE [*gushing*] Oh no, I assure you

THE DAUGHTER [*copying her mother*] We should be so interested.

ZOO. Nonsense ! All I can tell you about it is that a thousand years ago, when the whole world was given over to you shortlived people, there was a war called the War to end War In the war which fol-

lowed it the capital cities of the world were wiped out of existence, and that was the end of pseudo-Christian civilization. The last civilized thing that happened was that the statesmen discovered that cowardice was a great patriotic virtue, and a public monument was erected to its first preacher, an ancient and very fat sage called Sir John Falstaff Well [*pointing*], thats Falstaff.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*coming from the portico to his granddaughter's right*] Great Heavens! And at the base of this monstrous poltroon's statue the War God of Turania is now gibbering impotently

zoo Serve him right! War God indeed!

THE ENVOY [*coming between his wife and Zoo*] I dont know any history a modern Prime Minister has something better to do than sit reading books, but—

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*interrupting him encouragingly*] You make history, Ambrose

THE ENVOY Well, perhaps I do, and perhaps history makes me I hardly recognize myself in the newspapers sometimes, though I suppose leading articles are the materials of history, as you might say Of course I am all for peace, and dont hold with the race of armaments in principle; still, we must keep ahead or be wiped out.

zoo You will wipe yourselves out just as you did before. You will then begin all over again as half-starved ignorant savages, and fight with boomerangs and poisoned arrows until you work up to high explosives once more, with the same result. That is, unless we have sense enough to make an end of this ridiculous game by destroying you

THE ENVOY [*aghast*] Destroying us!

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. I told you, Ambrose I warned you

THE ENVOY But—

zoo [*impatiently*] I wonder what Zozim is doing. He ought to be here to receive you

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Do you mean that rather insufferable young man whom you found boring me on the pier ?

zoo Yes He has to dress-up in a Druid's robe, and put on a wig and a long false beard, to impress you silly people I have to put on a purple mantle. I have no patience with such mummery , but you expect it from us , so I suppose it must be kept up Will you wait here until Zozim comes, please [*she turns to enter the temple*]

THE ENVOY My good lady, is it worth while dressing-up and putting on false beards for us if you tell us beforehand that it is all humbug ?

zoo One would not think so , but if you wont believe in anyone who is not dressed-up, why, we must dress-up for you. It was you who invented all this nonsense, not we

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN But do you expect us to be impressed after this ?

zoo. I dont expect anything I know, as a matter of experience, that you will be impressed The oracle will frighten you out of your wits [*She goes into the temple*]

THE WIFE These people treat us as if we were dirt beneath their feet I wonder at you putting up with it Amby. It would serve them right if we went home at once . wouldnt it, Eth ?

THE DAUGHTER. Yes, mamma But perhaps they wouldnt mind.

THE ENVOY. No use talking like that, Molly Ive got to see this oracle. The folks at home wont know how we have been treated . all theyll know is that Ive stood face to face with the oracle and had the

straight tip from her I hope this Zozim chap is not going to keep us waiting much longer , for I feel as nervous as I did before my maiden speech in parliament , and thats the honest truth

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I never thought I should want to see that man again , but now I wish he would take charge of us instead of Zoo She was charming at first quite charming , but she turned into a fiend because I had a few words with her. You would not believe she very nearly killed me You heard what she said just now. She belongs to a party here which wants to have us all killed

THE WIFE [*terrified*] Us ! But we have done nothing we have been as nice to them as nice could be Oh, Amby, come away, come away there is something dreadful about this place and these people

THE ENVOY There is, and no mistake But youre safe with me you ought to have sense enough to know that

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I am soiry to say, Molly, that it is not merely us four poor weak creatures they want to kill, but the entire race of Man, except themselves.

THE ENVOY Not so poor neither, Poppa Nor so weak, if you are going to take in all the Powers. If it comes to killing, two can play at that game, longlived or shortlived

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN No, Ambrose , we should have no chance We are worms beside these fearful people mere worms

Zozim comes from the temple, robed majestically, and wearing a wreath of mistletoe in his flowing white wig His false beard reaches almost to his waist. He carries a staff with a curiously carved top.

ZOZIM [*in the doorway, impressively*] Hail, strangers !

ALL [*reverently*] Hail !

ZOZIM Are ye prepared ?

THE ENVOY. We are

ZOZIM [*unexpectedly becoming conversational, and strolling down carelessly to the middle of the group between the two ladies*] Well, I'm sorry to say the oracle is not. She was delayed by some member of your party who got loose , and as the show takes a bit of arranging, you will have to wait a few minutes The ladies can go inside and look round the entrance hall and get pictures and things if they want them

THE WIFE	} [together]	{ Thank you I should like to, very much }	} [<i>They go into the temple</i>]
THE DAUGHTER			

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*in dignified rebuke of Zozim's levity*] Taken in this spirit, sir, the show, as you call it, becomes almost an insult to our common sense.

ZOZIM Quite, I should say You need not keep it up with me

THE ENVOY [*suddenly making himself very agreeable*] Just so . just so We can wait as long as you please And now, if I may be allowed to seize the opportunity of a few minutes friendly chat—?

ZOZIM By all means, if only you will talk about things I can understand.

THE ENVOY. Well, about this colonizing plan of yours. My father-in-law here has been telling me something about it , and he has just now let out that you want not only to colonize us, but to—to—to—well, shall we say to supersede us Now why supersede us ? Why not live and let live ? There's not a scrap of ill-feeling on our side. We should welcome a colony of immortals—we may almost call you that—in the British Middle East. No doubt the Turanian Empire, with its Mahometan traditions, overshadows us now. We have had to bring the Emperor with us on this expedition, though of course you know as well

as I do that he has imposed himself on my party just to spy on me I dont deny that he has the whip hand of us to some extent, because if it came to a war none of our generals could stand up against him I give him best at that game · he is the finest soldier in the world Besides, he is an emperor and an autocrat , and I am only an elected representative of the British democracy Not that our British democrats wont fight they will fight the heads off all the Turanians that ever walked , but then it takes so long to work them up to it, while he has only to say the word and march But you people would never get on with him. Believe me, you would not be as comfortable in Turania as you would be with us We understand you We like you We are easy-going people , and we are rich people That will appeal to you Turania is a poor place when all is said Five-eighths of it is desert They dont irrigate as we do Besides —now I am sure this will appeal to you and to all right-minded men—we are Christians.

ZOZIM The old uns prefer Mahometans

THE ENVOY [*shocked*] What !

ZOZIM [*distinctly*] They prefer Mahometans Whats wrong with that ?

THE ENVOY Well, of all the disgraceful—

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*diplomatically interrupting his scandalized son-in-law*] There can be no doubt, I am afraid, that by clinging too long to the obsolete features of the old pseudo-Christian Churches we allowed the Mahometans to get ahead of us at a very critical period of the development of the Eastern world. When the Mahometan Reformation took place, it left its followers with the enormous advantage of having the only established religion in the world in whose articles of faith any intelligent and educated person could believe

THE ENVOY But what about our Reformation? Dont give the show away, Poppa We followed suit, didnt we?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Unfortunately, Ambrose, we could not follow suit very rapidly We had not only a religion to deal with, but a Church

ZOZIM What is a Church?

THE ENVOY. Not know what a Church is! Well!

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN You must excuse me, but if I attempted to explain you would only ask me what a bishop is, and that is a question that no mortal man can answer All I can tell you is that Mahomet was a truly wise man, for he founded a religion without a Church, consequently when the time came for a Reformation of the mosques there were no bishops and deans to obstruct it Our bishops and deans prevented us for two hundred years from following suit, and we have never recovered the start we lost then I can only plead that we did reform our Church at last No doubt we had to make a few compromises as a matter of good taste, but there is now very little in our Articles of Religion that is not accepted as at least allegorically true by our Higher Criticism.

THE ENVOY [*encouragingly*] Besides, does it matter? Why, I have never read the Articles in my life, and I am Prime Minister! Come! if my services in arranging for the reception of a colonizing party would be acceptable, they are at your disposal. And when I say a reception I mean a reception Royal honors, mind you! A salute of a hundred and one guns! The streets lined with troops! The Guards turned out at the Palace! Dinner at the Guildhall!

ZOZIM. Discourage me if I know what youre talking about! I wish Zoo would come she understands these things. All I can tell you is that the general

opinion among the Colonizers is in favor of beginning in a country where the people are of a different color from us , so that we can make short work without any risk of mistakes

THE ENVOY What do you mean by short work ? I hope—

ZOZIM [*with obviously feigned geniality*] Oh, nothing, nothing, nothing We are thinking of trying North America thats all You see, the Red Men of that country used to be white They passed through a period*of sallow complexions, followed by a period of no complexions at all, into the red characteristic of their climate Besides, several cases of long life have occurred in North America.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN But have you considered the possibility of your colony turning red ?

ZOZIM That wont matter We are not particular about our pigmentation The old books mention red-faced Englishmen they appear to have been common objects at one time

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*very persuasively*] But do you think you would be popular in North America ? It seems to me, if I may say so, that on your own shewing you need a country in which society is organized in a series of highly exclusive circles, in which the privacy of private life is very jealously guarded, and in which no one presumes to speak to anyone else without an introduction following a strict examination of social credentials It is only in such a country that persons of special tastes and attainments can form a little world of their own, and protect themselves absolutely from intrusion by common persons I think I may claim that our British society has developed this exclusiveness to perfection. If you would pay us a visit and see the working of our caste system, our club system, our guild system, you would

admit that nowhere else in the world, least of all, perhaps, in North America, which has a regrettable tradition of social promiscuity, could you keep yourselves so entirely to yourselves

ZOZIM [*good-naturedly embarrassed*] Look here There is no good discussing this I had rather not explain, but it wont make any difference to our Colonizers what sort of shortlivers they come across We shall arrange all that Never mind how Let us join the ladies

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*throwing off his diplomatic attitude and abandoning himself to despair*] We understand you only too well, sir Well, kill us End the lives you have made miserably unhappy by opening up to us the possibility that any of us may live three hundred years I solemnly curse that possibility To you it may be a blessing, because you do live three hundred years To us, who live less than a hundred, whose flesh is as grass, it is the most unbearable burden our poor tortured humanity has ever groaned under

THE ENVOY Hullo, Poppa! Steady! How do you make that out?

ZOZIM What is three hundred years? Short enough, if you ask me Why, in the old days you people lived on the assumption that you were going to last out for ever and ever and ever Immortal, you thought yourselves Were you any happier then?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN As President of the Baghdad Historical Society I am in a position to inform you that the communities which took this monstrous pretension seriously were the most wretched of which we have any record. My Society has printed an editio princeps of the works of the father of history, Thucyderodotus Macollybuckle Have you read his account of what was blasphemously called

the Perfect City of God, and the attempt made to reproduce it in the northern part of these islands by Jonhobsnoxius, called the Leviathan ? Those misguided people sacrificed the fragment of life that was granted to them to an imaginary immortality. They crucified the prophet who told them to take no thought for the morrow, and that here and now was their Australia Australia being a term signifying paradise, or an eternity of bliss They tried to produce a condition of death in life to mortify the flesh, as they called it •

ZOZIM Well, you are not suffering from that, are you ? You have not a mortified air

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Naturally we are not absolutely insane and suicidal Nevertheless we impose on ourselves abstinences and disciplines and studies that are meant to prepare us for living three centuries. And we seldom live one My childhood was made unnecessarily painful, my boyhood unnecessarily laborious, by ridiculous preparations for a length of days which the chances were fifty thousand to one against my ever attaining I have been cheated out of the natural joys and freedoms of my life by this dream to which the existence of these islands and their oracles gives a delusive possibility of realization. I curse the day when long life was invented, just as the victims of Jonhobsnoxius cursed the day when eternal life was invented

ZOZIM. Pooh ! You could live three centuries if you chose.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. That is what the fortunate always say to the unfortunate Well, I do not choose I accept my three score and ten years. If they are filled with usefulness, with justice, with mercy, with good-will : if they are the lifetime of a soul that never loses its honor and a brain that never

loses its eagerness, they are enough for me, because these things are infinite and eternal, and can make ten of my years as long as thirty of yours I shall not conclude by saying live as long as you like and be damned to you, because I have risen for the moment far above any ill-will to you or to any fellow-creature, but I am your equal before that eternity in which the difference between your lifetime and mine is as the difference between one drop of water and three in the eyes of the Almighty Power from which we have both proceeded

ZOZIM [*impressed*] You spoke that piece very well, Daddy I couldnt talk like that if I tried It sounded fine Ah ! here come the ladies

To his relief, they have just appeared on the threshold of the temple

THE ELDERLY GENTLFMAN [*passing from exaltation to distress*] It means nothing to him in this land of discouragement the sublime has become the ridiculous [*Turning on the hopelessly puzzled Zozim*] "Behold, thou hast made my days as it were a span long, and mine age is even as nothing in respect of thee"

THE WIFE	} [<i>running</i>]	} Poppa, Poppa dont look like that
THE DAUGHTER		
	} [<i>to him</i>]	} Oh, granpa, whats the matter ?

ZOZIM [*with a shrug*] Discouragement !

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*throwing off the women with a superb gesture*] Liar ! [*Recollecting himself, he adds, with noble courtesy, raising his hat and bowing*] I beg your pardon, sir, but I am NOT discouraged

¹ A burst of orchestral music, through which a powerful gong sounds, is heard from the temple. Zoo, in a purple robe, appears in the doorway

zoo Come The oracle is ready

Zozim motions them to the threshold with a wave of his

staff. The Envoy and the Elderly Gentleman take off their hats and go into the temple on tiptoe, Zoo leading the way. The Wife and Daughter, frightened as they are, raise their heads uppishly and follow flatfooted, sustained by a sense of their Sunday clothes and social consequence. Zozim remains in the portico, alone.

ZOZIM [*taking off his wig, beard, and robe, and bundling them under his arm*] Ouf ! [*He goes home*].

ACT III

Inside the temple. A gallery overhanging an abyss. Dead silence. The gallery is brightly lighted, but beyond is a vast gloom, continually changing in intensity. A shaft of violet light shoots upward, and a very harmonious and silvery corillon chimes. When it ceases the violet ray vanishes.

Zoo comes along the gallery, followed by the Envoy's daughter, his wife, the Envoy himself, and the Elderly Gentleman. The two men are holding their hats with the brims near their noses, as if prepared to pray into them at a moment's notice. Zoo halts. They all follow her example. They contemplate the void with awe. Organ music of the kind called sacred in the nineteenth century begins. Their awe deepens. The violet ray, now a diffused mist, rises again from the abyss.

THE WIFE [*to Zoo, in a reverent whisper*] Shall we kneel?

ZOO [*loudly*] Yes, if you want to. You can stand on your head if you like. [*She sits down carelessly on the gallery railing, with her back to the abyss*]

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*jarred by her callousness*] We desire to behave in a becoming manner.

ZOO Very well. Behave just as you feel. It doesn't

matter how you behave But keep your wits about you when the pythoness ascends, or you will forget the questions you have come to ask her

THE ENVOY	[simul- taneously]	[very nervous, takes out a paper to refresh his memory] Ahem !
THE DAUGHTER		

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Tch-ch ! The priestess of the oracle A sybil A prophetess Not a snake

THE WIFE How awful !

ZOO I'm glad you think so

THE WIFE Oh dear ! Dont you think so ?

ZOO No This sort of thing is got up to impress you, not to impress me

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I wish you would let it impress us, then, madam I am deeply impressed , and your levity jais on me unbearably

ZOO You just wait All this business with colored lights and chords on that old organ is only tomfoolery Wait til you see the pythoness

The Envoy's wife falls on her knees, and takes refuge in prayer

THE DAUGHTER [trembling] Are we really going to see a woman who has lived three hundred years ?

ZOO Stuff ! Youd drop dead if a tertiary as much as looked at you The oracle is only a hundred and seventy , and youll find it hard enough to stand her.

THE DAUGHTER [piteously] Oh ! [she falls on her knees]

THE ENVOY. Whew ! Stand by me, Poppa This is a little more than I bargained for Are you going to kneel , or how ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN. Perhaps it would be in better taste

The two men kneel

The vapor of the abyss thickens ; and a distant roll of

thunder seems to come from its depths The pythoness, seated on her tripod, rises slowly from it She has discarded the insulating robe and veil in which she conversed with Napoleon, and is now draped and hooded in voluminous folds of a single piece of grey-white stuff Something supernatural about her terrifies the beholders, who throw themselves on their faces Her outline flows and waves she is almost distinct at moments, and again vague and shadowy above all, she is larger than life-size, not enough to be measured by the flustered congregation, but enough to affect them with a dreadful sense of her supernaturalness.

zoo Get up, get up Do pull yourselves together, you people

The Envoy and his family, by shuddering negatively, intimate that it is impossible The Elderly Gentleman manages to get on his hands and knees

zoo Come on, Daddy you are not afraid Speak to her She wont wait here all day for you, you know

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*rising very deferentially to his feet*] Madam you will excuse my very natural nervousness in addressing, for the first time in my life, a—a—a—a goddess My friend and relative the Envoy is unhinged I throw myself upon your indulgence—

zoo [*interrupting him intolerantly*] Dont throw yourself on anything belonging to her or you will go right through her and break your neck She isnt solid, like you

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN I was speaking figuratively—

zoo You have been told not to do it Ask her what you want to know and be quick about it.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*stooping and taking the prostrate Envoy by the shoulders*] Ambrose you must make an effort You cannot go back to Baghdad without the answers to your questions.

THE ENVOY [*rising to his knees*] I shall be only too glad to get back alive on any terms. If my legs would support me I'd just do a bunk straight for the ship.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN No, no. Remember your dignity--

THE ENVOY Dignity be damned! I'm terrified. Take me away, for God's sake.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*producing a brandy flask and taking the cap off*] Try some of this. It is still nearly full, thank goodness!

THE ENVOY [*clutching it and drinking eagerly*] Ah! That's better. [*He tries to drink again. Finding that he has emptied it, he hands it back to his father-in-law upside down*]

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*taking it*] Great heavens! He has swallowed half-a-pint of neat brandy. [*Much perturbed, he screws the cap on again, and pockets the flask*]

THE ENVOY [*staggering to his feet, pulling a paper from his pocket, and speaking with boisterous confidence*] Get up, Molly. Up with you, Eth.

The two women rise to their knees

THE ENVOY. What I want to ask is this. [*He refers to the paper*] Ahem! Civilization has reached a crisis. We are at the parting of the ways. We stand on the brink of the Rubicon. Shall we take the plunge? Already a leaf has been torn out of the book of the Sybil. Shall we wait until the whole volume is consumed? On our right is the crater of the volcano: on our left the precipice. One false step, and we go down to annihilation dragging the whole human race with us. [*He pauses for breath*].

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*recovering his spirits under the familiar stimulus of political oratory*] Hear, hear!

zoo. What are you raving about? Ask your question while you have the chance? What is it you want to know?

THE ENVOY [*patronizing her in the manner of a Premier debating with a very young member of the Opposition*] A young woman asks me a question. I am always glad to see the young taking an interest in politics. It is an impatient question, but it is a practical question, an intelligent question. She asks why we seek to lift a corner of the veil that shrouds the future from our feeble vision.

ZOO I dont I ask you to tell the oracle what you want, and not keep her sitting there all day.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*warmly*] Order, order!

ZOO What does "Order, order!" mean?

THE ENVOY I ask the august oracle to listen to my voice—

ZOO You people seem never to tire of listening to your voices, but it doesnt amuse us. What do you want?

THE ENVOY I want, young woman, to be allowed to proceed without unseemly interruptions.

A low roll of thunder comes from the abyss.

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN There! Even the oracle is indignant. [*To the Envoy*] Do not allow yourself to be put down by this lady's rude clamor, Ambrose. Take no notice. Proceed.

THE ENVOY'S WIFE I cant bear this much longer, Amby. Remember, I havnt had any brandy.

THE DAUGHTER [*trembling*] There are serpents curling in the vapor. I am afraid of the lightning. Finish it, Papa; or I shall die.

THE ENVOY [*sternly*] Silence. The destiny of British civilization is at stake. Trust me. I am not afraid. As I was saying—where was I?

ZOO I dont know. Does anybody?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*tactfully*] You were just coming to the election, I think.

THE ENVOY [*reassured*] Just so. The election. Now

what we want to know is this . ought we to dissolve in August, or put it off until next spring ?

ZOO Dissolve ? In what ? [*Thunder*] Oh ! My fault this time That means that the oracle understands you, and desires me to hold my tongue.

THE ENVOY [*fervently*] I thank the oracle

THE WIFE [*to Zoo*] Serve you right !

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Before the oracle replies, I should like to be allowed to state a few of the reasons why, in my opinion, the Government should hold on until the spring In the first—

Terrific lightning and thunder. The Elderly Gentleman is knocked flat ; but as he immediately sits up again dazedly it is clear that he is none the worse for the shock The ladies cower in terror The Envoy's hat is blown off ; but he seizes it just as it quits his temples, and holds it on with both hands. He is recklessly drunk, but quite articulate, as he seldom speaks in public without taking stimulants beforehand

THE ENVOY [*taking one hand from his hat to make a gesture of stilling the tempest*] That's enough We know how to take a hint I'll put the case in three words I am the leader of the Potterbill party My party is in power I am Prime Minister The Opposition—the Rotterjacks—have won every bye-election for the last six months They—

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*scrambling heatedly to his feet*] Not by fair means By bribery, by misrepresentation, by pandering to the vilest prejudices [*muttered thunder*]*—I beg your pardon [he is silent]*

THE ENVOY Never mind the bribery and lies The oracle knows all about that The point is that though our five years will not expire until the year after next, our majority will be eaten away at the bye-elections by about Easter We cant wait we must start some question that will excite the public, and go to the

country on it But some of us say do it now Others say wait til the spring We cant make up our minds one way or the other Which would you advise ?

ZOO But what is the question that is to excite your public ?

THE ENVOY 'That doesnt matter I dont know yet. We will find a question all right enough The oracle can foresee the future we cannot [*Thunder*] What does that mean ? What have I done now ?

ZOO [*severely*] How often must you be told that we cannot foresee the future ? There is no such thing as the future until it is the present

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Allow me to point out, madam, that when the Potterbill party sent to consult the oracle fifteen years ago, the oracle prophesied that the Potterbills would be victorious at the General Election, and they were So it is evident that the oracle can foresee the future, and is sometimes willing to reveal it

THE ENVOY Quite true Thank you, Poppa I appeal now, over your head, young woman, direct to the August Oracle, to repeat the signal favor conferred on my illustrious predecessor, Sir Fuller Eastwind, and to answer me exactly as he was answered

The oracle raises her hands to command silence

ALL Sh-sh-sh !

Invisible trombones utter three solemn blasts in the manner of Die Zauberflöte

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN May I—

ZOO [*quickly*] Hush The oracle is going to speak

THE ORACLE Go home, poor fool

She vanishes ; and the atmosphere changes to prosaic daylight Zoo comes off the railing, throws off her robe ; makes a bundle of it, and tucks it under her arm The magic and mystery are gone The women rise to their feet The Envoy's party stare at one another helplessly

zoo The same reply, word for word, that your illustrious predecessor, as you call him, got fifteen years ago You asked for it, and you got it. And just think of all the important questions you might have asked She would have answered them, you know It is always like that I will go and arrange to have you sent home you can wait for me in the entrance hall [*she goes out*]

THE ENVOY What possessed me to ask for the same answer old Eastwind got ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN But it was not the same answer The answer to Eastwind was an inspiration to our party for years It won us the election

THE ENVOY'S DAUGHTER I learnt it at school, gran-pa It wasn't the same at all I can repeat it [*She quotes*] "When Britain was cradled in the west, the east wind hardened her and made her great Whilst the east wind prevails Britain shall prosper The east wind shall wither Britain's enemies in the day of contest Let the Rotterjacks look to it "

THE ENVOY The old man invented that I see it all He was a doddering old ass when he came to consult the oracle The oracle naturally said "Go home, poor fool " There was no sense in saying that to me, but as that gul said, I asked for it What else could the poor old chap do but take up an answer fit for publication ? There were whispers about it, but nobody believed them I believe them now

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Oh, I cannot admit that Sir Fuller Eastwind was capable of such a fraud

THE ENVOY He was capable of anything I knew his private secretary And now what are we going to say ? You don't suppose I am going back to Baghdad to tell the British Empire that the oracle called me a fool, do you ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN Surely we must tell the

truth, however painful it may be to our feelings

THE ENVOY I am not thinking of my feelings I am not so selfish as that, thank God I am thinking of the country of our party The truth, as you call it, would put the Rotterjacks in for the next twenty years It would be the end of me politically Not that I care for that I am only too willing to retire if you can find a better man Dont hesitate on my account

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN No, Ambrose you are indispensable There is no one else

THE ENVOY Very well, then What are you going to do ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN My dear Ambrose, you are the leader of the party, not I What are you going to do ?

THE ENVOY I am going to tell the exact truth thats what I'm going to do Do you take me for a liar ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*puzzled*] Oh I beg your pardon I understood you to say—

THE ENVOY [*cutting him short*], You understood me to say that I am going back to Baghdad to tell the British electorate that the oracle repeated to me, word for word, what it said to Sir Fuller Eastwind fifteen years ago Molly and Ethel can bear me out So must you, if you are an honest man Come on

He goes out, followed by his wife and daughter

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN [*left alone and shrinking into an old and desolate figure*] What am I to do ? I am a most perplexed and wretched man [*He falls on his knees, and stretches his hands in entreaty over the abyss*] I invoke the oracle I cannot go back and connive at a blasphemous lie I implore guidance

The pythoress walks in on the gallery behind him, and touches him on the shoulder. Her size is now natural. Her

face is hidden by her hood He flinches as if from an electric shock, turns to her, and cowers, covering his eyes in terror

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN No not close to me
I'm afraid I cant bear it

THE ORACLE [*with grave pity*] Come look at me I
am my natural size now what you saw there was
only a foolish picture of me thrown on a cloud by a
lantern How can I help you ?

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN They have gone back
to lie about your answer I cannot go with them I
cannot live among people to whom nothing is real
I have become incapable of it through my stay
here I implore to be allowed to stay

THE ORACLE My friend if you stay with us you
will die of discouragement

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN If I go back I shall
die of disgust and despair I take the nobler risk
I beg of you, do not cast me out

He catches her robe and holds her

THE ORACLE Take care I have been here one
hundred and seventy years Your death does not
mean to me what it means to you

THE ELDERLY GENTLEMAN It is the meaning of life,
not of death, that makes banishment so terrible to me

THE ORACLE Be it so, then You may stay

She offers him her hands He grasps them and raises himself a little by clinging to her She looks steadily into his face He stiffens, a little convulsion shakes him, his grasp relaxes, and he falls dead

THE ORACLE [*looking down at the body*] Poor shortlived
thing ! What else could I do for you ?

PART V
AS FAR, AS THOUGHT CAN REACH

Summer afternoon in the year 31 920 A D A sunlit glade at the southern foot of a thickly wooded hill On the west side of it, the steps and columned porch of a dainty little classic temple Between it and the hill, a rising path to the wooded heights begins with rough steps of stones in the moss On the opposite side, a grove In the middle of the glade, an altar in the form of a low marble table as long as a man, set parallel to the temple steps and pointing to the hill Curved marble benches radiate from it into the foreground, but they are not joined to it there is plenty of space to pass between the altar and the benches

A dance of youths and maidens is in progress The music is provided by a few fluteplayers seated together on the steps of the temple There are no children, and none of the dancers seems younger than eighteen Some of the youths have beards Their dress, like the architecture of the temple and the design of the altar and curved seats, resembles Grecian of the fourth century B C, freely handled They move with perfect balance and remarkable grace, racing through a figure like a farandole They neither romp nor hug in our manner

At the first full close they clap their hands to stop the musicians, who recommence with a saraband, during which a strange figure appears on the path beyond the temple He is deep in thought, with his eyes closed and his feet feeling automatically for the rough irregular steps as he slowly descends them Except for a sort of linen kilt consisting mainly of a girdle carrying a sporran and a few minor pockets, he is naked In physical hardihood and uprightness he seems to be in the prime of life, and his eyes and mouth shew no signs of age, but his face, though fully and firmly fleshed, bears a network of lines, varying from furrows to hairbreadth reticulations, as if Time had worked over every

inch of it incessantly through whole geologic periods His head is finely domed and utterly bald Except for his eyelashes he is quite hairless He is unconscious of his surroundings, and walks right into one of the dancing couples, separating them He wakes up and stares about him The couple stop indignantly The rest stop The music stops The youth whom he has jostled accosts him without malice, but without anything that we should call manners

THE YOUTH Now, then, ancient sleepwalker, why dont you keep your eyes open and mind where you are going ?

THE ANCIENT [*mild, bland, and indulgent*] I did not know there was a nursery here, or I should not have turned my face in this direction Such accidents cannot always be avoided Go on with your play I will turn back

THE YOUTH Why not stay with us and enjoy life for once in a way ? We will teach you to dance

THE ANCIENT No, thank you I danced when I was a child like you Dancing is a very crude attempt to get into the rhythm of life It would be painful to me to go back from that rhythm to your babyish gambols in fact I could not do it if I tried But at your age it is pleasant , and I am sorry I disturbed you

THE YOUTH Come ! own up arnt you very unhappy ? It's dreadful to see you ancients going about by yourselves, never noticing anything, never dancing, never laughing, never singing, never getting anything out of life None of us are going to be like that when we grow up It's a dog's life

THE ANCIENT. Not at all You repeat that old phrase without knowing that there was once a creature on earth called a dog Those who are interested in extinct forms of life will tell you that it loved the sound

of its own voice and bounded about when it was happy, just as you are doing here. It is you, my children, who are living the dog's life.

THE YOUTH The dog must have been a good sensible creature. It set you a very wise example. You should let yourself go occasionally and have a good time.

THE ANCIENT My children, be content to let us ancients go our ways and enjoy ourselves in our own fashion.

He turns to go.

THE MAIDEN But wait a moment. Why will you not tell us how you enjoy yourself? You must have secret pleasures that you hide from us, and that you never get tired of. I get tired of all our dances and all our tunes. I get tired of all my partners.

THE YOUTH [*suspiciously*] Do you? I shall bear that in mind.

They all look at one another as if there were some sinister significance in what she has said.

THE MAIDEN We all do. What is the use of pretending we don't? It is natural.

SEVERAL YOUNG PEOPLE No, no. We don't. It is not natural.

THE ANCIENT You are older than he is, I see. You are growing up.

THE MAIDEN How do you know? I do not look so much older, do I?

THE ANCIENT Oh, I was not looking at you. Your looks do not interest me.

THE MAIDEN Thank you.

They all laugh.

THE YOUTH You old fish! I believe you don't know the difference between a man and a woman.

THE ANCIENT It has long ceased to interest me in the way it interests you. And when anything no

longer interests us we no longer know it.

THE MAIDEN You havnt told me how I shew my age. That is what I want to know As a matter of fact I am older than this boy here older than he thinks How did you find that out ?

THE ANCIENT Easily enough You are ceasing to pretend that these childish games—this dancing and singing and mating—do not become tiresome and unsatisfying after a while. And you no longer care to pretend that you are younger than you are These are the signs of adolescence And then, see these fantastic rags with which you have draped yourself. [*He takes up a piece of her draperies in his hand*] It is rather badly worn here Why do you not get a new one ?

THE MAIDEN Oh, I did not notice it ' Besides, it is too much trouble Clothes are a nuisance I think I shall do without them some day, as you ancients do.

THE ANCIENT Signs of maturity Soon you will give up all these toys and games and sweets

THE YOUTH What ' And be as miserable as you ?

THE ANCIENT Infant one moment of the ecstasy of life as we live it would strike you dead [*He stalks gravely out through the grove*]

They stare after him, much damped

THE YOUTH [*to the musicians*] Let us have another dance

The musicians shake their heads , get up from their seats on the steps , and troop away into the temple. The others follow them, except the Maiden, who sits down on the altar.

A MAIDEN [*as she goes*] There ' The ancient has put them out of countenance It is your fault, Strephon, for provoking him [*She leaves, much disappointed*].

A YOUTH Why need you have cheeked him like that ? [*He goes, grumbling*]

STREPHON [*calling after him*] I thought it was under-

stood that we are always to check the ancients on principle

ANOTHER YOUTH Quite right too ! There would be no holding them if we didnt [*He goes*].

THE MAIDEN Why dont you really stand up to them ? I did

ANOTHER YOUTH Sheer, abject, pusillanimous, dastardly cowardice Thats why Face the filthy truth [*He goes*]

ANOTHER YOUTH [*turning on the steps as he goes out*] And dont you forget, infant, that one moment of the ecstasy of life as I live it would strike you dead Haha !

STREPHON [*now the only one left, except the Maiden*] Arnt you coming, Chloe ?

THE MAIDEN [*shakes her head*] !

THE YOUTH [*hurrying back to her*] What is the matter ?

THE MAIDEN [*tragically pensive*] I dont know

THE YOUTH. Then there is something the matter. Is that what you mean ?

THE MAIDEN Yes Something is happening to me I dont know what

THE YOUTH You no longer love me I have seen it for a month past

THE MAIDEN. Dont you think all that is rather silly ? We cannot go on as if this kind of thing, this dancing and sweethearting, were everything.

THE YOUTH What is there better ? What else is there worth living for ?

THE MAIDEN Oh, stuff ! Dont be frivolous.

THE YOUTH Something horrible is happening to you You are losing all heart, all feeling [*He sits on the altar beside her and buries his face in his hands*] I am bitterly unhappy.

THE MAIDEN Unhappy ! Really, you must have a verv empty head if there is nothing in it but a dance

with one girl who is no better than any of the other girls

THE YOUTH You did not always think so You used to be vexed if I as much as looked at another girl

THE MAIDEN What does it matter what I did when I was a baby ? Nothing existed for me then except what I tasted and touched and saw , and I wanted all that for myself, just as I wanted the moon to play with Now the world is opening out for me More than the world the universe Even little things are turning out to be great things, and becoming intensely interesting Have you ever thought about the properties of numbers ?

THE YOUTH [*sitting up, markedly disenchanted*] Numbers !!! I cannot imagine anything drier or more repulsive

THE MAIDEN They are fascinating, just fascinating I want to get away from our eternal dancing and music, and just sit down by myself and think about numbers

THE YOUTH [*rising indignantly*] Oh, this is too much I have suspected you for some time past We have all suspected you The girls swear you have deceived us as to your age You are getting flat-chested , you are bored with us , and you talk to the ancients when you get the chance Tell me the truth how old are you ?

THE MAIDEN Just twice your age, my poor boy.

THE YOUTH Twice my age ! Do you mean to say you are four ?

THE MAIDEN Very nearly four.

THE YOUTH [*collapsing on the altar with a groan*] Oh !

THE MAIDEN. My poor Strephon: I pretended I was only two for your sake I was two when you were born. I saw you break from your shell , and

you were such a charming child ! You ran round and talked to us all so prettily, and were so handsome and well grown, that I lost my heart to you at once. But now I seem to have lost it altogether—bigger things are taking possession of me. Still, we were very happy in our childish way for the first year, weren't we ?

STREPHON I was happy until you began cooling towards me.

THE MAIDEN Not towards you, but towards all the trivialities of our life here. Just think—I have hundreds of years to live—perhaps thousands. Do you suppose I can spend centuries dancing, listening to flutes ringing changes on a few tunes and a few notes, raving about the beauty of a few pillars and arches, making jingles with words, lying about with your arms round me, which is really neither comfortable nor convenient, everlastingly choosing colors for dresses, and putting them on, and washing, making a business of sitting together at fixed hours to absorb our nourishment, taking little poisons with it to make us delirious enough to imagine we are enjoying ourselves, and then having to pass the nights in shelters lying in cots and losing half our lives in a state of unconsciousness. Sleep is a shameful thing. I have not slept at all for weeks past. I have stolen out at night when you were all lying insensible—quite disgusting, I call it—and wandered about the woods, thinking, thinking, thinking, grasping the world, taking it to pieces, building it up again, devising methods, planning experiments to test the methods, and having a glorious time. Every morning I have come back here with greater and greater reluctance, and I know that the time will soon come—perhaps it has come already—when I shall not come back at all.

STREPHON How horribly cold and uncomfortable !

THE MAIDEN Oh, dont talk to me of comfort ! Life is not worth living if you have to bother about comfort Comfort makes winter a torture, spring an illness, summer an opprcsion, and autumn only a respite The ancients could make life one long frowsty comfort if they chose But they never lift a finger to make themselves comfortable They will not sleep under a roof They will not clothe themselves a girdle with a few pockets hanging to it to carry things about in is all they wear they will sit down on the wet moss or in a gorse bush when there is dry heather within two yards of them Two years ago, when you were born, I did not understand this Now I feel that I would not put myself to the trouble of walking two paces for all the comfort in the world

STREPHON But you dont know what this means to me. It means that you are dying to me yes, just dying Listen to me [*he puts his arm around her*]

THE MAIDEN [*extricating herself*] Dont We can talk quite as well without touching one another

STREPHON [*horrified*] Chloe ! Oh, this is the worst symptom of all ! The ancients never touch one another

THE MAIDEN Why should they ?

STREPHON Oh, I dont know But dont you want to touch me ? You used to

THE MAIDEN Yes that is true I used to We used to think it would be nice to sleep in one another's arms , but we never could go to sleep because our weight stopped our circulations just above the elbows. Then somehow my feeling began to change bit by bit. I kept a sort of interest in your head and arms long after I lost interest in your whole body And now that has gone

STREPHON You no longer care for me at all, then ?

THE MAIDEN Nonsense! I care for you much more seriously than before, though perhaps not so much for you in particular. I mean I care more for everybody. But I don't want to touch you unnecessarily, and I certainly don't want you to touch me.

STREPHON [*rising decisively*] That finishes it. You dislike me.

THE MAIDEN [*impatiently*] I tell you again, I do not dislike you, but you bore me when you cannot understand, and I think I shall be happier by myself in future. You had better get a new companion. What about the girl who is to be born today?

STREPHON I do not want the girl who is to be born today. How do I know what she will be like? I want you.

THE MAIDEN. You cannot have me. You must recognize facts and face them. It is no use running after a woman twice your age. I cannot make my childhood last to please you. The age of love is sweet, but it is short, and I must pay nature's debt. You no longer attract me, and I no longer care to attract you. Growth is too rapid at my age. I am maturing from week to week.

STREPHON You are maturing, as you call it—I call it ageing—from minute to minute. You are going much further than you did when we began this conversation.

THE MAIDEN It is not the ageing that is so rapid. It is the realization of it when it has actually happened. Now that I have made up my mind to the fact that I have left childhood behind me, it comes home to me in leaps and bounds with every word you say.

STREPHON. But your vow. Have you forgotten that? We all swore together in that temple the

temple of love You were more earnest than any of us

THE MAIDEN [*with a grim smile*] Never to let our hearts grow cold ! Never to become as the ancients ! Never to let the sacred lamp be extinguished ! Never to change or forget ! To be remembered for ever as the first company of true lovers faithful to this vow so often made and broken by past generations ! What folly !

STREPHON Folly ! ! You blaspheme it was a beautiful and holy compact , and I will keep it whilst I live Are you going to break it ?

THE MAIDEN Dear child it has broken itself The change has come in spite of my childish vow [*She rises*] Do you mind if I go into the woods for a walk by myself ? This chat of ours seems to me an unbearable waste of time I have so much to think of

STREPHON [*again collapsing on the altar and covering his eyes with his hands*] My heart is broken [*He weeps*]

THE MAIDEN [*with a shrug*] I have luckily got through my childhood without that experience It shews how wise I was to choose a lover half my age [*She goes towards the grove, and is disappearing among the trees, when another youth, older and manlier than Strephon, with crisp hair and firm arms, comes from the temple, and calls to her from the threshold*]

THE TEMPLE YOUTH I say, Chloe Is there any sign of the Ancient yet ? The hour of birth is overdue. The baby is kicking like mad She will break her shell prematurely

THE MAIDEN [*looks across to the hill path , then points up it, and says*] She is coming, Acis

The Maiden turns away through the grove and is lost to sight among the trees

ACIS [*coming to Strephon*] Whats the matter ? Has Chloe been unkind ?

STREPHON She has grown up in spite of all her promises She deceived us about her age She is four

ACIS Four !^{*} I am sorry, Strephon I am getting on for three myself, and I know what old age is I hate to say "I told you so", but she was getting a little hard set and flat-chested and thin on the top, wasn't she ?

STREPHON [*breaking down*] Don't

ACIS You must pull yourself together This is going to be a busy day First the birth Then the Festival of the Artists

STREPHON [*rising*] What is the use of being born if we have to decay into unnatural, heartless, loveless, joyless monsters in four short years ? What use are the artists if they cannot bring their beautiful creations to life ? I have a great mind to die and have done with it all [*He moves away to the corner of the curved seat farthest from the temple, and throws himself moodily into it*]

An Ancient Woman has descended the hill path during Strephon's lament, and has heard most of it She is like the He-Ancient, equally bald, and equally without sexual charm, but intensely interesting and rather terrifying Her sex is discoverable only by her voice, as her breasts are manly, and her figure otherwise not very different She wears no clothes, but has draped herself rather perfunctorily with a ceremonial robe, and carries two implements like long slender saws. She comes to the altar between the two young men

THE SHE-ANCIENT [*to Strephon*] Infant you are only at the beginning of it all [*To Acis*] Is the child ready to be born ?

ACIS More than ready, Ancient Shouting and kicking and cursing We have called to her to be quiet and wait until you come, but of course she only half understands, and is very impatient

THE SHE-ANCIENT Very well Bring her out into the sun

ACIS [*going quickly into the temple*] All ready. Come along

Joyous processional music strikes up in the temple

THE SHE-ANCIENT [*going close to Strephon*] Look at me

STREPHON [*sulkily, keeping his face averted*] Thank you, but I don't want to be cured. I had rather be miserable in my own way than callous in yours.

THE SHE-ANCIENT You like being miserable? You will soon grow out of that [*She returns to the altar*].

The procession, headed by Acis, emerges from the temple. Six youths carry on their shoulders a burden covered with a gorgeous but light pall. Before them certain official maidens carry a new tunic, ewers of water, silver dishes pierced with holes, cloths, and immense sponges. The iest carry wands with ribbons, and strew flowers. The burden is deposited on the altar, and the pall removed. It is a huge egg.

THE SHE-ANCIENT [*freeing her arms from her robe, and placing her saws on the altar ready to her hand in a business-like manner*] A girl, I think you said?

ACIS Yes

THE TUNIC BEARER It is a shame Why can't we have more boys?

SEVERAL YOUTHS [*protesting*] Not at all More girls. We want new girls

A GIRL'S VOICE FROM THE EGG. Let me out Let me out I want to be born I want to be born [*The egg rocks*]

ACIS [*snatching a wand from one of the others and whacking the egg with it*] Be quiet, I tell you Wait You will be born presently.

THE EGG. No, no at once, at once. I want to be born. I want to be born [*Violent kicking within the egg, which rocks so hard that it has to be held on the altar by the bearers*]

THE SHE-ANCIENT Silence [*The music stops; and the egg behaves itself*]

The She-Ancient takes her two saws, and with a couple of strokes rips the egg open The Newly Born, a pretty girl who would have been guessed as seventeen in our day, sits up in the broken shell, exquisitely fresh and rosy, but with filaments of spare albumen clinging to her here and there

THE NEWLY BORN [*as the world bursts on her vision*]
Oh! Oh!! Oh!!! Oh!!!! [*She continues this ad libitum during the following remonstrances*]

ACIS Hold your noise, will you?

The washing begins The Newly Born shrieks and struggles

A YOUTH Lie quiet, you clammy little devil

A MAIDEN You must be washed, dear Now quiet, quiet, quiet 'be good

ACIS Shut your mouth, or I'll shove the sponge in it

THE MAIDEN Shut your eyes It'll hurt if you dont.

ANOTHER MAIDEN Dont be silly One would think nobody had ever been born before

THE NEWLY BORN [*yells*] !!!!!

ACIS Serve you right! You were told to shut your eyes.

THE YOUTH Dry her off quick I can hardly hold her. Shut it, will you, or I'll smack you

The dressing begins The Newly Born chuckles with delight.

THE MAIDEN Your arms go here, dear. Isn't it pretty? You'll look lovely

THE NEWLY BORN [*rapturously*] Oh! Oh!! Oh!!! Oh!!!!

ANOTHER YOUTH No the other arm you're putting it on back to front You are a silly little beast

ACIS Here! That's it Now you're clean and

decent Up with you ! Oopsh ! [*He hauls her to her feet She cannot walk at first, but masters it after a few steps*] Now then march Here she is, Ancient put her through the catechism

THE SHE-ANCIENT What name have you chosen for her ?

ACIS Amaryllis

THE SHE-ANCIENT [*to the Newly Born*] Your name is Amaryllis

THE NEWLY BORN What does it mean ?

A YOUTH Love

A MAIDEN Mother

ANOTHER YOUTH Lilies

THE NEWLY BORN [*to Acis*] What is your name ?

ACIS ACIS

THE NEWLY BORN I love you, Acis ! I must have you all to myself Take me in your arms.

ACIS Steady, young one I am three years old

THE NEWLY BORN What has that to do with it ? I love you , and I must have you or I will go back into my shell again

ACIS You cant It's broken Look here [*pointing to Strephon, who has remained in his seat without looking round at the birth, wrapped up in his sorrow*] ! Look at this poor fellow !

THE NEWLY BORN What is the matter with him ?

ACIS When he was born he chose a girl two years old for his sweetheart He is two years old now himself , and already his heart is broken because she is four. That means that she has grown up like this Ancient here, and has left him If you choose me, we shall have only a year's happiness before I break your heart by growing up Better choose the youngest you can find

THE NEWLY BORN I will not choose anyone but you You must not grow up We will love one

another for ever [They all laugh]. What are you laughing at ?

THE SHE-ANCIENT Listen, child—

THE NEWLY-BORN Do not come near me, you dreadful old creature You frighten me.

ACIS Just give her another moment She is not quite reasonable yet What can you expect from a child less than five minutes old ?

THE NEWLY BORN I think I feel a little more reasonable now Of course I was rather young when I said that, but the inside of my head is changing very rapidly I should like to have things explained to me

ACIS [to the She-Ancient] Is she all right, do you think ?

The She-Ancient looks at the Newly Born critically, feels her bumps like a phrenologist, grips her muscles and shakes her limbs, examines her teeth, looks into her eyes for a moment, and finally relinquishes her with an air of having finished her job

THE SHE-ANCIENT She will do She may live

They all wave their hands and shout for joy

THE NEWLY BORN [indignant] I may live ! Suppose there had been anything wrong with me ?

THE SHE-ANCIENT. Children with anything wrong do not live here, my child Life is not cheap with us But you would not have felt anything

THE NEWLY BORN You mean that you would have murdered me !

THE SHE-ANCIENT That is one of the funny words the newly born bring with them out of the past You will forget it tomorrow Now listen You have four years of childhood before you You will not be very happy, but you will be interested and amused by the novelty of the world, and your companions here will teach you how to keep up an imitation of happiness during your four years by what they call arts

and sports and pleasures The worst of your troubles is already over

THE NEWLY BORN What ! In five minutes ?

THE SHE-ANCIENT No you have been growing for two years in the egg You began by being several sorts of creatures that no longer exist, though we have fossils of them Then you became human , and you passed in fifteen months through a development that once cost human beings twenty years of awkward stumbling immaturity after they were born They had to spend fifty years more in the sort of chi'dhood you will complete in four years And then they died of decay But you need not die until your accident comes

THE NEWLY BORN What is my accident ?

THE SHE-ANCIENT Sooner or later you will fall and break your neck , or a tree will fall on you , or you will be struck by lightning Something or other must make an end of you someday

THE NEWLY BORN But why should any of these things happen to me ?

THE SHE-ANCIENT. There is no why They do Everything happens to everybody sooner or later if there is time enough And with us there is eternity

THE NEWLY BORN Nothing need happen I never heard such nonsense in all my life I shall know how to take care of myself

THE SHE-ANCIENT So you think

THE NEWLY BORN I dont think I know I shall enjoy life for ever and ever

THE SHE-ANCIENT. If you should turn out to be a person of infinite capacity, you will no doubt find life infinitely interesting. However, all you have to do now is to play with your companions. They have many pretty toys, as you see . a temple, pictures, images, flowers, bright fabrics, music above all,

themselves , for the most amusing child's toy is another child At the end of four years, your mind will change you will become wise , and then you will be entrusted with power

THE NEWLY BORN But I want power now

THE SHE-ANCIENT No doubt you do , so that you could play with the world by tearing it to pieces

THE NEWLY BORN Only to see how it is made I should put it all together again much better than before

THE SHE-ANCIENT There was a time when children were given the world to play with because they promised to improve it They did not improve it , and they would have wrecked it had their power been as great as that which you will wield when you are no longer a child Until then your young companions will instruct you in whatever is necessary You are not forbidden to speak to the ancients , but you had better not do so, as most of them have long ago exhausted all the interest there is in observing children and conversing with them [*She turns to go*]

THE NEWLY BORN Wait Tell me some things that I ought to do and ought not to do I feel the need of education

They all laugh at her, except the She-Ancient

THE SHE-ANCIENT You will have grown out of that by tomorrow Do what you please [*She goes away up the hill path*]

The officials take their paraphernalia and the fragments of the egg back into the temple

ACIS Just fancy that old girl has been going for seven hundred years and hasn't had her fatal accident yet , and she is not a bit tired of it all

THE NEWLY BORN How could anyone ever get tired of life ?

ACIS They do That is, of the same life They

manage to change themselves in a wonderful way. You meet them sometimes with a lot of extra heads and arms and legs they make you split laughing at them. Most of them have forgotten how to speak the ones that attend to us have to brush up their knowledge of the language once a year or so. Nothing makes any difference to them that I can see. They never enjoy themselves. I don't know how they can stand it. They don't even come to our festivals of the arts. That old one who saw you out of your shell has gone off to muddle about doing nothing; though she knows that this is Festival Day.

THE NEWLY BORN What is Festival Day?

ACIS Two of our greatest sculptors are bringing us their latest masterpieces, and we are going to crown them with flowers and sing dithyrambs to them and dance round them.

THE NEWLY BORN How jolly! What is a sculptor?

ACIS Listen here, young one. You must find out things for yourself, and not ask questions. For the first day or two you must keep your eyes and ears open and your mouth shut. Children should be seen and not heard.

THE NEWLY BORN Who are you calling a child? I am fully quarter of an hour old. [*She sits down on the curved bench near Strephon with her maturest air*]

VOICES IN THE TEMPLE [*all expressing protest, disappointment, disgust*] Oh! Oh! Scandalous Shameful Disgraceful What filth! Is this a joke? Why, they're ancients! Ss-s-s-sss! Are you mad, Arjillax? This is an outrage. An insult. Yah! etc etc etc [*The malcontents appear on the steps, grumbling*]

ACIS Hullo what's the matter? [*He goes to the steps of the temple*]

The two sculptors issue from the temple. One has a beard two feet long the other is beardless. Between them

comes a handsome nymph with marked features, dark hair richly waved, and authoritative bearing

THE AUTHORITATIVE NYMPH [*swooping down to the centre of the glade with the sculptors, between Acis and the Newly Born*] Do not try to browbeat me, Arjillax, merely because you are clever with your hands. Can you play the flute?

ARJILLAX [*the bearded sculptor on her right*] No, Ecrasia. I cannot. What has that to do with it? [*He is half derisive, half impatient, wholly resolved not to take her seriously in spite of her beauty and imposing tone*]

ECRASIA Well, have you ever hesitated to criticize our best flute players, and to declare whether their music is good or bad? Pray have I not the same right to criticize your busts, though I cannot make images any more than you can play?

ARJILLAX Any fool can play the flute, or play anything else, if he practises enough, but sculpture is a creative art, not a mere business of whistling into a pipe. The sculptor must have something of the god in him. From his hand comes a form which reflects a spirit. He does not make it to please you, nor even to please himself, but because he must. You must take what he gives you, or leave it if you are not worthy of it.

ECRASIA [*scornfully*] Not worthy of it! Ho! May I not leave it because it is not worthy of me?

ARJILLAX Of you! Hold your silly tongue, you conceited humbug. What do you know about it?

ECRASIA I know what every person of culture knows: that the business of the artist is to create beauty. Until today your works have been full of beauty, and I have been the first to point that out.

ARJILLAX Thank you for nothing. People have eyes, havnt they, to see what is as plain as the sun in the heavens without your pointing it out?

ECRASIA You were very glad to have it pointed out. You did not call me a conceited humbug then You stifled me with caresses You modelled me as the genius of art presiding over the infancy of your master here [*indicating the other sculptor*], Martellus

MARTELLUS [*a silent and meditative listener, shudders and shakes his head, but says nothing*]

ARJILLAX [*quarrelsomely*] I was taken in by your talk

ECRASIA I discovered your genius before anyone else did Is that true, or is it not ?

ARJILLAX Everybody knew I was an extraordinary person When I was born my beard was three feet long

ECRASIA Yes , and it has shrunk from three feet to two Your genius seems to have been in the last foot of your beard , for you have lost both

MARTELLUS [*with a short sardonic calm*] Ha ! My beard was three and a half feet long when I was born , and a flash of lightning burnt it off and killed the ancient who was delivering me Without a hair on my chin I became the greatest sculptor in ten generations

ECRASIA And yet you come to us today with empty hands We shall actually have to crown Arjillax here because no other sculptor is exhibiting

ACIS [*returning from the temple steps to behind the curved seat on the right of the three*] Whats the row, Ecrasia ? Why have you fallen out with Arjillax ?

ECRASIA He has insulted us ! outraged us ! profaned his art ! You know how much we hoped from the twelve busts he placed in the temple to be unveiled today Well, go in and look at them That is all I have to say. [*She sweeps to the curved seat, and sits down just where Acis is leaning over it*]

ACIS I am no great judge of sculpture Art is not my line. What is wrong with the busts ?

ECRASIA Wrong with them ! Instead of being

ideally beautiful nymphs and youths, they are horribly realistic studies of—but I really cannot bring my lips to utter it

The Newly Born, full of curiosity, runs to the temple, and peeps in

ACIS Oh, stow it, Ecrasia Your lips are not so squeamish as all that Studies of what ?

THE NEWLY BORN [*from the temple steps*] Ancients

ACIS [*surprised but not scandalized*] Ancients !

ECRASIA Yes, ancients The one subject that is by the universal consent of all connoisseurs absolutely excluded from the fine arts [*To Arjillax*] How can you defend such a proceeding ?

ARJILLAX If you come to that, what interest can you find in the statues of smirking nymphs and posturing youths you stick up all over the place ?

ECRASIA You did not ask that when your hand was still skilful enough to model them

ARJILLAX Skilful ! You high-nosed idiot, I could turn such things out by the score with my eyes bandaged and one hand tied behind me But what use would they be ? They would bore me , and they would bore you if you had any sense Go in and look at my busts Look at them again and yet again until you receive the full impression of the intensity of mind that is stamped on them , and then go back to the pretty-pretty confectionery you call sculpture, and see whether you can endure its vapid emptiness [*He mounts the altar impetuously*] Listen to me, all of you , and do you, Ecrasia, be silent if you are capable of silence

ECRASIA Silence is the most perfect expression of scorn Scorn ! That is what I feel for your revolting busts

ARJILLAX Fool the busts are only the beginning of a mighty design Listen

ACIS. Go ahead, old sport We are listening.

*Martellus stretches himself on the sward beside the altar
The Newly Born sits on the temple steps with her chin on
her hands, ready to devour the first oration she has ever heard
The rest sit or stand at ease*

ARJILLAX In the records which generations of children have rescued from the stupid neglect of the ancients, there has come down to us a fable which, like many fables, is not a thing that was done in the past, but a thing that is to be done in the future It is a legend of a supernatural being called the Archangel Michael

THE NEWLY BORN Is this a story? I want to hear a story [*She runs down the steps and sits on the altar at Arjillax's feet*]

ARJILLAX The Archangel Michael was a mighty sculptor and painter He found in the centre of the world a temple erected to the goddess of the centre, called *Mediterranea* This temple was full of silly pictures of pretty children, such as *Ecrasia* approves.

ACIS Fair play, Arjillax! If she is to keep silent, let her alone

ECRASIA I shall not interrupt, Acis Why should I not prefer youth and beauty to age and ugliness?

ARJILLAX Just so Well, the Archangel Michael was of my opinion, not yours He began by painting on the ceiling the newly born in all their childish beauty But when he had done this he was not satisfied, for the temple was no more impressive than it had been before, except that there was more strength and promise of greater things about his newly born ones than any other artist had attained to So he painted all round these newly born a company of ancients, who were in those days called prophets and sybils, whose majesty was that of the mind alone at its intensest And this painting was acknowledged

through ages and ages to be the summit and masterpiece of art. Of course we cannot believe such a tale literally. It is only a legend. We do not believe in archangels, and the notion that thirty thousand years ago sculpture and painting existed, and had even reached the glorious perfection they have reached with us, is absurd. But what men cannot realize they can at least aspire to. They please themselves by pretending that it was realized in a golden age of the past. This splendid legend endured because it lived as a desire in the hearts of the greatest artists. The temple of Mediterraenea never was built in the past, nor did Michael the Archangel exist. But today the temple is here [*he points to the porch*], and the man is here [*he slaps himself on the chest*]. I, Arjillax, am the man. I will place in your theatre such images of the newly born as must satisfy even Ecrasia's appetite for beauty, and I will surround them with ancients more august than any who walk through our woods.

MARTELLUS [*as before*] Ha!

ARJILLAX [*stung*] Why do you laugh, you who have come empty-handed, and, it seems, empty-headed?

ECRASIA [*rising indignantly*] Oh, shame! You dare disparage Martellus, twenty times your master.

ACIS Be quiet, will you [*he seizes her shoulders and thrusts her back into her seat*].

MARTELLUS Let him disparage his fill, Ecrasia [*Sitting up*]. My poor Arjillax, I too had this dream. I too found one day that my images of loveliness had become vapid, uninteresting, tedious, a waste of time and material. I too lost my desire to model limbs, and retained only my interest in heads and faces. I, too, made busts of ancients, but I had not your courage. I made them in secret, and hid them from you all.

ARJILLAX [*jumping down from the altar behind Martellus*]

in his surprise and excitement] You made busts of ancients! Where are they, man? Will you be talked out of your inspiration by Ecrasia and the fools who imagine she speaks with authority? Let us have them all set up beside mine in the theatre. I have opened the way for you, and you see I am none the worse.

MARTELLUS Impossible. They are all smashed [*He rises, laughing*]

ALL Smashed!

ARJILLAX Who smashed them?

MARTELLUS I did. That is why I laughed at you just now. You will smash yours before you have completed a dozen of them. [*He goes to the end of the altar and sits down beside the Newly Born*]

ARJILLAX But why?

MARTELLUS Because you cannot give them life. A live ancient is better than a dead statue. [*He takes the Newly Born on his knee. She is flattered and voluptuously responsive*] Anything alive is better than anything that is only pretending to be alive. [*To Arjillax*] Your disillusion with your works of beauty is only the beginning of your disillusion with images of all sorts. As your hand became more skilful and your chisel cut deeper, you strove to get nearer and nearer to truth and reality, discarding the fleeting fleshly lure, and making images of the mind that fascinates to the end. But how can so noble an inspiration be satisfied with any image, even an image of the truth? In the end the intellectual conscience that tore you away from the fleeting in art to the eternal must tear you away from art altogether, because art is false and life alone is true.

THE NEWLY BORN [*flings her arms round his neck and kisses him enthusiastically*]

MARTELLUS [*rises, carries her to the curved bench on his left; deposits her beside Strephon as if she were his*]

overcoat, and continues without the least change of tone]
 Shape it as you will, marble remains marble, and the
 graven image an idol As I have broken my idols,
 and cast away my chisel and modelling tools, so will
 you too break these busts of yours

ARJILLAX Never

MARTELLUS Wait, my friend I do not come
 empty-handed today, as you imagined On the
 contrary, I bring with me such a work of art as you
 have never seen, and an artist who has surpassed both
 you and me further than we have surpassed all our
 competitors

ECRASIA Impossible The greatest things in art
 can never be surpassed

ARJILLAX Who is this paragon whom you declare
 greater than I ?

MARTELLUS I declare him greater than myself,
 Arjillax

ARJILLAX [*frowning*] I understand Sooner than not
 drown me, you are willing to clasp me round the
 waist and jump overboard with me

ACIS Oh, stop squabbling. That is the worst of
 you artists You are always in little squabbling
 cliques, and the worst cliques are those which con-
 sist of one man Who is this new fellow you are
 throwing in one another's teeth ?

ARJILLAX Ask Martellus do not ask me I know
 nothing of him [*He leaves Martellus, and sits down
 beside Ecrasia, on her left*]

MARTELLUS You know him quite well Pygmalion.

ECRASIA [*indignantly*] Pygmalion ! That soulless
 creature ! A scientist ! A laboratory person !

ARJILLAX Pygmalion produce a work of art ! You
 have lost your artistic senses The man is utterly
 incapable of modelling a thumb nail, let alone a
 human figure

MARTELLUS That does not matter · I have done the modelling for him

ARJILLAX What on earth do you mean ?

MARTELLUS [*calling*] Pygmalion come forth

Pygmalion, a square-fingered youth with his face laid out in horizontal blocks, and a perpetual smile of eager benevolent interest in everything, and expectation of equal interest from everybody else, comes from the temple to the centre of the group, who regard him for the most part with dismay, as dreading that he will bore them Ecraasia is openly contemptuous

MARTELLUS Friends it is unfortunate that Pygmalion is constitutionally incapable of exhibiting anything without first giving a lecture about it to explain it, but I promise you that if you will be patient he will shew you the two most wonderful works of art in the world, and that they will contain some of my own very best workmanship Let me add that they will inspire a loathing that will cure you of the lunacy of art for ever [*He sits down next the Newly Born, who pouts and turns a very cold right shoulder to him, a demonstration utterly lost on him*]

Pygmalion, with the smile of a simpleton, and the eager confidence of a fanatical scientist, climbs awkwardly on to the altar. They prepare for the worst

PYGMALION My friends I will omit the algebra—

ACIS Thank God !

PYGMALION [*continuing*]—because Martellus has made me promise to do so To come to the point, I have succeeded in making artificial human beings Real live ones, I mean

INCREDULOUS VOICES. Oh, come ! Tell us another Really, Pyg ! Get out You havn't What a lie !

PYGMALION I tell you I have I will shew them to you It has been done before One of the very oldest documents we possess mentions a tradition of a

biologist who extracted certain unspecified minerals from the earth and, as it quaintly expresses it, "breathed into their nostrils the breath of life" This is the only tradition from the primitive ages which we can regard as really scientific There are later documents which specify the minerals with great precision, even to their atomic weights, but they are utterly unscientific, because they overlook the element of life which makes all the difference between a mere mixture of salts and gases and a living organism These mixtures were made over and over again in the crude laboratories of the Silly-Clever Ages, but nothing came of them until the ingredient which the old chronicler called the breath of life was added by this very remarkable early experimenter In my view he was the founder of biological science

ARJILLAX Is that all we know about him? It doesn't amount to very much, does it?

PYGMALION There are some fragments of pictures and documents which represent him as walking in a garden and advising people to cultivate their gardens. His name has come down to us in several forms. One of them is Jove Another is Voltaire

ECRASIA You are boring us to distraction with your Voltaire What about your human beings?

ARJILLAX Aye come to them

PYGMALION I assure you that these details are intensely interesting [*Cries of No!* They are not! Come to the human beings! Consueze Voltaire! Cut it short, Pyg! *interrupt him from all sides*] You will see their bearing presently I promise you I will not detain you long We know, we children of science, that the universe is full of forces and powers and energies of one kind and another The sap rising in a tree, the stone holding together in a definite crystalline structure the thought of a philosopher

holding his brain in form and operation with an inconceivably powerful grip, the urge of evolution all these forces can be used by us. For instance, I use the force of gravitation when I put a stone on my tunic to prevent it being blown away when I am bathing. By substituting appropriate machines for the stone we have made not only gravitation our slave, but also electricity and magnetism, atomic attraction, repulsion, polarization, and so forth. But hitherto the vital force has eluded us, so it has had to create machinery for itself. It has created and developed bony structure of the requisite strength, and clothed them with cellular tissue of such amazing sensitiveness that the organs it forms will adapt their action to all the normal variations in the air they breathe, the food they digest, and the circumstances about which they have to think. Yet, as these live bodies, as we call them, are only machines after all, it must be possible to construct them mechanically.

ARJILLAX Everything is possible. Have you done it? that is the question.

PYGMALION Yes. But that is a mere fact. What is interesting is the explanation of the fact. Forgive my saying so, but it is such a pity that you artists have no intellect.

ECRASIA [*sententiously*] I do not admit that. The artist divines by inspiration all the truths that the so-called scientist grubs up in his laboratory slowly and stupidly long afterwards.

ARJILLAX [*to Ecrasia, quarrelsomely*] What do you know about it? You are not an artist.

ACIS. Shut your heads, both of you. Let us have the artificial men. Trot them out, Pygmalion.

PYGMALION It is a man and a woman. But I really must explain first.

ALL [*groaning*] !!!

PYGMALION Yes I—

ACIS We want results, not explanations.

PYGMALION [*hurt*] I see I am boring you Not one of you takes the least interest in science Goodbye [*He descends from the altar and makes for the temple*].

SEVERAL YOUTHS AND MAIDENS [*rising and rushing to him*] No, no Dont go Dont be offended. We want to see the artificial pair We will listen We are tremendously interested Tell us all about it

PYGMALION [*relenting*] I shall not detain you two minutes

ALL Half an hour if you like Please go on, Pygmalion [*They rush him back to the altar, and hoist him on to it*] Up you go

They return to their former places

PYGMALION As I told you, lots of attempts were made to produce protoplasm in the laboratory Why were these synthetic plasms, as they called them, no use?

ECRASIA We are waiting for you to tell us

THE NEWLY BORN [*modelling herself on Ecrasia, and trying to outdo her intellectually*] Clearly because they were dead

PYGMALION Not bad for a baby, my pet But dead and alive are very loose terms You are not half as much alive as you will be in another month or so What was wrong with the synthetic protoplasm was that it could not fix and conduct the Life Force. It was like a wooden magnet or a lightning conductor made of silk it would not take the current

ACIS Nobody but a fool would make a wooden magnet, and expect it to attract anything

PYGMALION. He, might if he were so ignorant as not to be able to distinguish between wood and soft iron In those days they were very ignorant of the differences between things, because their methods of

analysis were crude. They mixed up messes that were so like protoplasm that they could not tell the difference. But the difference was there, though their analysis was too superficial and incomplete to detect it. You must remember that these poor devils were very little better than our idiots. We should never dream of letting one of them survive the day of its birth. Why, the Newly Born there already knows by instinct many things that their greatest physicists could hardly arrive at by forty years of strenuous study. Her simple direct sense of space-time and quantity unconsciously solves problems which cost their most famous mathematicians years of prolonged and laborious calculations requiring such intense mental application that they frequently forgot to breathe when engaged in them, and almost suffocated themselves in consequence.

ECRASIA Leave these obscure prehistoric abortions; and come back to your synthetic man and woman.

PYGMALION When I undertook the task of making synthetic men, I did not waste my time on protoplasm. It was evident to me that if it were possible to make protoplasm in the laboratory, it must be equally possible to begin higher up and make fully evolved muscular and nervous tissues, bone, and so forth. Why make the seed when the making of the flower would be no greater miracle? I tried thousands of combinations before I succeeded in producing anything that would fix high-potential Life Force.

ARJILLAX High what?

PYGMALION High-potential. The Life Force is not so simple as you think. A high-potential current of it will turn a bit of dead tissue into a philosopher's brain. A low-potential current will reduce the same bit of tissue to a mass of corruption. Will you believe me when I tell you that, even in man himself, the

Life Force used to slip suddenly down from its human level to that of a fungus, so that men found their flesh no longer growing as flesh, but proliferating horribly in a lower form which was called cancer, until the lower form of life killed the higher, and both perished together miserably ?

MARTELLUS Keep off the primitive tribes, Pygmalion They interest you , but they bore these young things

PYGMALION I am only trying to make you understand * There was the Life Force raging all round me there was I, trying to make organs that would capture it as a battery captures electricity, and tissues that would conduct it and operate it It was easy enough to make eyes more perfect than our own, and ears with a larger range of sound , but they could neither see nor hear, because they were not susceptible to the Life Force But it was far worse when I discovered how to make them susceptible , for the first thing that happened was that they ceased to be eyes and ears and turned into heaps of maggots

ECRASIA Disgusting ! Please stop

ACIS If you don't want to hear, go away You go ahead, Pyg

PYGMALION I went ahead You see, the lower potentials of the Life Force could make maggots, but not human eyes nor ears I improved the tissue until it was susceptible to a higher potential.

ARJILLAX [*intensely interested*] Yes , and then ?

PYGMALION Then the eyes and ears turned into cancers

ECRASIA Oh, hideous !

PYGMALION Not at all. That was a great advance It encouraged me so much that I put aside the eyes and ears, and made a brain It wouldn't take the Life Force at all until I had altered its constitution a

dozen times , but when it did, it took a much higher potential, and did not dissolve ; and neither did the eyes and ears when I connected them up with the brain I was able to make a sort of monster a thing without arms or legs , and it really and truly lived for half-an-hour

THE NEWLY BORN Half-an-hour ! What good was that ? Why did it die ?

PYGMALION Its blood went wrong But I got that right , and then I went ahead with a complete human body arms and legs and all He was my first man

ARJILLAX. Who modelled him ?

PYGMALION I did

MARTELLUS Do you mean to say you tried your own hand before you sent for me ?

PYGMALION. Bless you, yes, several times My first man was the ghastliest creature a more dreadful mixture of horror and absurdity than you who have not seen him can conceive

ARJILLAX If you modelled him, he must indeed have been a spectacle

PYGMALION Oh, it was not his shape You see I did not invent that. I took actual measurements and moulds from my own body Sculptors do that sometimes, you know , though they pretend they dont

MARTELLUS Hm !

ARJILLAX Hah !

PYGMALION He was all right to look at, at first, or nearly so But he behaved in the most appalling manner , and the subsequent developments were so disgusting that I really cannot describe them to you He seized all sorts of things and swallowed them He drank every fluid in the laboratory. I tried to explain to him that he must take nothing that he could not digest and assimilate completely , but of course he

could not understand me. He assimilated a little of what he swallowed, but the process left horrible residues which he had no means of getting rid of. His blood turned to poison; and he perished in torments, howling. I then perceived that I had produced a prehistoric man, for there are certain traces in our own bodies of arrangements which enabled the earlier forms of mankind to renew their bodies by swallowing flesh and grains and vegetables and all sorts of unnatural and hideous foods, and getting rid of what they could not digest.

ECRASIA But what a pity he died! What a glimpse of the past we have lost! He could have told us stories of the Golden Age.

PYGMALION Not he. He was a most dangerous beast. He was afraid of me, and actually tried to kill me by snatching up things and striking at me with them. I had to give him two or three pretty severe shocks before I convinced him that he was at my mercy.

THE NEWLY BORN Why did you not make a woman instead of a man? She would have known how to behave herself.

MARTELLUS Why did you not make a man and a woman? Their children would have been interesting.

PYGMALION I intended to make a woman, but after my experience with the man it was out of the question.

ECRASIA Pray why?

PYGMALION Well, it is difficult to explain if you have not studied prehistoric methods of reproduction. You see the only sort of men and women I could make were men and women just like us as far as their bodies were concerned. That was how I killed the poor beast of a man. I hadn't provided for his horrible prehistoric methods of feeding himself. Suppose the

woman had reproduced in some prehistoric way instead of being oviparous as we are? She couldn't have done it with a modern female body. Besides, the experiment might have been painful

ECRASIA Then have you nothing to shew us at all?

PYGMALION Oh yes I have I am not so easily beaten as that I set to work again for months to find out how to make a digestive system that would deal with waste products and a reproductive system capable of internal nourishment and incubation

ECRASIA Why did you not find out how to make them like us?

STREPHON [*crying out in his grief for the first time*] Why did you not make a woman whom you could love? That was the secret you needed

THE NEWLY BORN Oh yes How true! How great of you, darling Strephon! [*She kisses him impulsively*]

STREPHON [*passionately*] Let me alone

MARTELLUS Control your reflexes, child

THE NEWLY BORN My what?

MARTELLUS Your reflexes The things you do without thinking Pygmalion is going to shew you a pair of human creatures who are all reflexes and nothing else Take warning by them

THE NEWLY BORN But won't they be alive, like us?

PYGMALION That is a very difficult question to answer, my dear I confess I thought at first I had created living creatures, but Martellus declares they are only automata But then Martellus is a mystic I am a man of science He draws a line between an automaton and a living organism I cannot draw that line to my own satisfaction

MARTELLUS Your artificial men have no self-control. They only respond to stimuli from without.

PYGMALION But they are conscious I have taught

them to talk and read , and now they tell lies. That is so very lifelike

MARTELLUS Not at all If they were alive they would tell the truth You can provoke them to tell any silly lie , and you can foresee exactly the sort of lie they will tell Give them a clip below the knee, and they will jerk their foot forward Give them a clip in their appetites or vanities or any of their lusts and greeds, and they will boast and lie, and affirm and deny, and hate and love without the slightest regard to the facts that are staring them in the face, or to their own obvious limitations That proves that they are automata

PYGMALION [*unconvinced*] I know, dear old chap , but there really is some evidence that we are descended from creatures quite as limited and absurd as these After all, the baby there is three-quarters an automaton Look at the way she has been going on !

THE NEWLY BORN [*indignantly*] What do you mean ? How have I been going on ?

ECRASIA If they have no regard for truth, they can have no real vitality

PYGMALION. Truth is sometimes so artificial so relative, as we say in the scientific world, that it is very hard to feel quite sure that what is false and even ridiculous to us may not be true to them

ECRASIA I ask you again, why did you not make them like us ? Would any true artist be content with less than the best ?

PYGMALION I couldnt I tried I failed I am convinced that what I am about to shew you is the very highest living organism that can be produced in the laboratory The best tissues we can manufacture will not take as high potentials as the natural product that is where Nature beats us. You dont seem to understand, any of you, what an enormous triumph

it was to produce consciousness at all

ACIS Cut the cackle , and come to the synthetic couple

SEVERAL YOUTHS AND MAIDENS Yes, yes No more talking Let us have them. Dry up, Pyg, and fetch them along Come on out with them ! The synthetic couple the synthetic couple

PYGMALION [*waving his hands to appease them*] Very well, very well Will you please whistle for them ? They respond to the stimulus of a whistle.

All who can, whistle like streetboys

ECRASIA [*makes a wry face and puts her fingers in her ears*] !

PYGMALION Sh-sh-sh ! That's enough that's enough . that's enough [*Silence*] Now let us have some music A dance tune Not too fast

The flutists play a quiet dance

MARTELLUS. Prepare yourselves for something ghastly

Two figures, a man and woman of noble appearance, beautifully modelled and splendidly attired, emerge hand in hand from the temple Seeing that all eyes are fixed on them, they halt on the steps, smiling with gratified vanity The woman is on the man's left

PYGMALION [*rubbing his hands with the purring satisfaction of a creator*] This way, please

The Figures advance condescendingly and pose themselves centrally between the curved seats

PYGMALION Now if you will be so good as to oblige us with a little something You dance so beautifully, you know. [*He sits down next Martellus, and whispers to him*] It is extraordinary how sensitive they are to the stimulus of flattery

The Figures, with a gracious air, dance pompously, but very passably At the close they bow to one another

ON ALL HANDS [*clapping*] Bravo ! Thank you.

Wonderful ! Splendid Perfect

The Figures acknowledge the applause in an obvious condition of swelled head

THE NEWLY BORN Can they make love ?

PYGMALION Yes they can respond to every stimulus. They have all the reflexes Put your arm round the man's neck, and he will put his arm round your body He cannot help it

THE FEMALE FIGURE [*frowning*] Round mine, you mean.

PYGMALION. Yours, too, of course, if the stimulus comes from you

ECRASIA Cannot he do anything original ?

PYGMALION No But then, you know, I do not admit that any of us can do anything really original, though Martellus thinks we can

ACIS Can he answer a question ?

PYGMALION Oh yes A question is a stimulus, you know Ask him one

ACIS [*to the Male Figure*] What do you think of what you see around you ? Of us, for instance, and our ways and doings ?

THE MALE FIGURE I have not seen the newspaper today

THE FEMALE FIGURE How can you expect my husband to know what to think of you if you give him his breakfast without his paper ?

MARTELLUS You see He is a mere automaton

THE NEWLY BORN Have they feelings ?

PYGMALION. Of course they have I tell you they have all the reflexes

THE NEWLY BORN But feelings are not reflexes

PYGMALION They are sensations When the rays of light enter their eyes and make a picture on their retinas, their brains become conscious of the picture and they act accordingly. When the waves of sound

started by your speaking enter their cars they respond accordingly

THE MALE FIGURE We are part of a cosmic system. Free will is an illusion We are the children of Cause and Effect We are the Unalterable, the Irresistible, the Irresponsible, the Inevitable in a word, the Determinist.

My name is Ozymandias, king of kings
Look on my works, ye mighty, and despair.

There is a general stir of curiosity at this

ACIS What the dickens does he mean ?

THE MALE FIGURE Silence, base accident of Nature This [*taking the hand of the Female Figure and introducing her*] is Cleopatra-Semiramis, consort of the king of kings, and therefore queen of queens Ye are things hatched from eggs by the brainless sun and the blind fire, but the king of kings and queen of queens are not accidents of the egg they are thought-out and hand-made to receive the sacred Life Force There is one person of the king and one of the queen, but the Life Force of the king and queen is all one the glory equal, the majesty co-eternal Such as the king is so is the queen, the king thought-out and hand-made, the queen thought-out and hand-made The actions of the king are caused, and therefore determined, from the beginning of the world to the end, and the actions of the queen are likewise The king logical and predetermined and inevitable, and the queen logical and predetermined and inevitable And yet they are not two logical and predetermined and inevitable, but one logical and predetermined and inevitable Therefore confound not the persons, nor divide the substance, but worship us twain as one: two in one and one in two, lest by error ye fall into irretrievable damnation

THE FEMALE FIGURE And if any say unto you "Which one?" remember that though there is one person of the king and one of the queen, yet these two persons are not alike, but are woman and man, and that as woman was created after man, the skill and practice gained in making him were added to her, wherefore she is to be exalted above him in all personal respects, and—

THE MALE FIGURE Peace, woman, for this is a damnable heresy Both Man and Woman are what they are and must do what they must according to the eternal laws of Cause and Effect Look to your words, for if they enter my ear and jar too repugantly on my sensorium, who knows that the inevitable response to that stimulus may not be a message to my muscles to snatch up some heavy object and break you in pieces

The Female Figure picks up a stone and is about to throw it at her consort

ARJILLAX [*springing up and shouting to Pygmalion, who is fondly watching the Male Figure*] Look out, Pygmalion! Look at the woman!

Pygmalion, seeing what is happening, hurls himself on the Female Figure and wrenches the stone out of her hand

All spring up in consternation

ARJILLAX She meant to kill him.

STRAPHON This is horrible

THE FEMALE FIGURE [*wrestling with Pygmalion*] Let me go Let me go, will you [*she bites his hand*]

PYGMALION [*releasing her and staggering*] Oh!

A general shriek of horror echoes his exclamation He turns deadly pale, and supports himself against the end of the curved seat

THE FEMALE FIGURE [*to her consort*] You would stand there and let me be treated like this, you unmanly coward

Pygmalion falls dead

THE NEWLY BORN. Oh ! Whats the matter ? Why did he fall ? What has happened to him ?

They look on anxiously as Martellus kneels down and examines the body of Pygmalion

MARTELLUS She has bitten a piece out of his hand nearly as large as a finger nail enough to kill ten men There is no pulse, no breath

ECRASIA But his thumb is clinched

MARTELLUS No it has just straightened out See ! He has gone Poor Pygmalion ! " "

THE NEWLY BORN Oh ! *[She weeps]*

STREPHON. Hush, dear thats childish

THE NEWLY BORN *[subsiding with a sniff]* ! !

MARTELLUS *[rising]* Dead in his third year. What a loss to Science ! " "

ARJILLAX Who cares about Science ? Serve him right for making that pair of horrors !

THE MALE FIGURE *[glaring]* Ha !

THE FEMALE FIGURE Keep a civil tongue in your head, you

THE NEWLY BORN Oh, do not be so unkind, Arjillax You will make water come out of my eyes again

MARTELLUS *[contemplating the Figures]* Just look at these two devils I modelled them out of the stuff Pygmalion made for them They are masterpieces of art And see what they have done ! Does that convince you of the value of art, Arjillax ?

STREPHON. They look dangerous Keep away from them.

ECRASIA No need to tell us that, Strephon. Pf ! They poison the air

THE MALE FIGURE Beware, woman The wrath of Ozymandias strikes like the lightning

THE FEMALE FIGURE You just say that again if you dare, you filthy creature

ACIS What are you going to do with them, Martellus? You are responsible for them, now that Pygmalion has gone.

MARTELIUS If they were marble it would be simple enough I could smash them As it is, how am I to kill them without making a horrible mess?

THE MALE FIGURE [*posing heroically*] Ha! [*He declaims*]

Come one come all this rock shall fly
From its firm base as soon as I

THE FEMALE FIGURE [*fondly*] My man! My hero husband! I am proud of you I love you

MARTELLUS We must send out a message for an ancient

ACIS Need we bother an ancient about such a trifle? It will take less than half a second to reduce our poor Pygmalion to a pinch of dust Why not calcine the two along with him?

MARTELLUS No the two automata are trifles, but the use of our powers of destruction is never a trifle I had rather have the case judged

The He-Ancient emerges from the grove The Figures are panic-stricken

THE HE-ANCIENT [*mildly*] Am I wanted? I feel called. • [*Seeing the body of Pygmalion, and immediately taking a sterner tone*] What! A child lost! A life wasted! How has this happened?

THE FEMALE FIGURE [*frantically*] I didnt do it. It was not me May I be struck dead if I touched him! It was he [*pointing to the Male Figure*]

ALL [*amazed at the lie*] Oh!

THE MALE FIGURE Liar. You bit him Everyone here saw you do it

THE HE-ANCIENT Silence. [*Going between the Figures*] Who made these two loathsome dolls?

THE MALE FIGURE [*trying to assert himself with his knees knocking*] My name is Ozymandias, king of—

THE HE-ANCIENT [*with a contemptuous gesture*] Pooh !

THE MALE FIGURE [*falling on his knees*] Oh dont, sir. Dont She did it, sir : indeed she did

THE FEMALE FIGURE [*howling lamentably*] Boohoo ! oo ! ooh !

THE HE-ANCIENT Silence, I say

He knocks the Male Automaton upright by a very light flip under the chin The Female Automaton hardly dares to sob. The immortals contemplate them with shame and loathing The She-Ancient comes from the trees opposite the temple

THE SHE-ANCIENT Somebody wants me What is the matter ? [*She comes to the left hand of the Female Figure, not seeing the body of Pygmalion*] Pf ! [*Severely*] You have been making dolls You must not they are not only disgusting they are dangerous

THE FEMALE FIGURE [*snivelling piteously*] I'm not a doll, mam I'm only poor Cleopatra-Semiramis, queen of queens [*Covering her face with her hands*] Oh, dont look at me like that, mam I meant no harm He hurt me indeed he did

THE HE-ANCIENT The creature has killed that poor youth

THE SHE-ANCIENT [*seeing the body of Pygmalion*] What ! This clever child, who promised so well !

THE FEMALE FIGURE He made me. I had as much right to kill him as he had to make me And how was I to know that a little thing like that would kill him ? I shouldnt die if he cut off my arm or leg.

ECRASIA What nonsense !

MARTELLUS It may not be nonsense I daresay if you cut off her leg she would grow another, like the lobsters and the little lizards

THE HE-ANCIENT Did this dead boy make these two things ?

MARTELLUS He made them in his laboratory. I moulded their limbs I am sorry. I was thoughtless I did not foresee that they would kill and pretend to be persons they were not, and declare things that were false, and wish evil. I thought they would be merely mechanical fools

THE MALE FIGURE Do you blame us for our human nature ?

THE FEMALE FIGURE. We are flesh and blood and not angels

THE MALE FIGURE Have you no hearts ?

ARJILLAX They are mad as well as mischievous May we not destroy them ?

STREPHON. We abhor them.

THE NEWLY BORN We loathe them.

ECRASIA They are noisome

ACIS I dont want to be hard on the poor devils , but they are making me feel uneasy in my inside I never had such a sensation before

MARTELLUS I took a lot of trouble with them But as far as I am concerned, destroy them by all means I loathed them from the beginning.

ALL Yes, yes we all loathe them Let us calcine them Away with them ! Make an end of them

THE FEMALE FIGURE Oh, dont be so cruel I'm not fit to die I will never bite anyone again I will tell the truth I will do good Is it my fault if I was not made properly ? Kill him ; but spare me

THE MALE FIGURE No ! I have done no harm she has Kill her if you like you have no right to kill me

THE NEWLY BORN Do you hear that ? They want to have one another killed

ARJILLAX Monstrous ! Kill them both

THE HE-ANCIENT Silence These things are mere automata they cannot help shrinking from death

at any cost You see that they have no self-control, and are merely shuddering through a series of reflexes Let us see whether we cannot put a little more life into them [*He takes the Male Figure by the hand, and places his disengaged hand on its head*] Now listen One of you two is to be destroyed Which of you shall it be ?

THE MALE FIGURE [*after a slight convulsion during which his eyes are fixed on the He-Ancient*] Spare her , and kill me

STREPHON Thats better

THE NEWLY BORN Much better.

THE SHE-ANCIENT [*handling the Female Automaton in the same manner*] Which of you shall we kill ?

THE FEMALE FIGURE Kill us both How could either of us live without the other ?

ECRASIA The woman is more sensible than the man
The Ancients release the Automata

THE MALE FIGURE [*sinking to the ground*] I am discouraged Life is too heavy a burden

THE FEMALE FIGURE [*collapsing*] I am dying I am glad I am afraid to live

THE NEWLY BORN I think it would be nice to give the poor things a little music

ARJILLAX Why ?

THE NEWLY BORN I dont know But it would
The Musicians play

THE FEMALE FIGURE Ozymandias do you hear that ? [*She rises on her knees and looks raptly into space*] Queen of queens ! [*She dies*]

THE MALE FIGURE [*crawling feebly towards her until he reaches her hand*] I knew I was really a king of kings. [*To the others*] Illusions, farewell . we are going to our thrones [*He dies*]

The music stops There is dead silence for a moment

THE NEWLY BORN That was funny

STREPHON It was Even the Ancients are smiling
THE NEWLY BORN. Just a little

THE SHE-ANCIENT [*quickly recovering her grave and peremptory manner*] Take these two abominations away to Pygmalion's laboratory, and destroy them with the rest of the laboratory refuse [*Some of them move to obey*] Take care do not touch their flesh it is noxious lift them by their robes Carry Pygmalion into the temple, and dispose of his remains in the usual way

The three bodies are carried out as directed, Pygmalion into the temple by his bare arms and legs, and the two Figures through the grove by their clothes Martellus superintends the removal of the Figures, Acts that of Pygmalion. Ecrasia, Arjillax, Strephon, and the Newly Born sit down as before, but on contrary benches, so that Strephon and the Newly Born now face the grove, and Ecrasia and Arjillax the temple The Ancients remain standing at the altar

ECRASIA [*as she sits down*] Oh for a breeze from the hills !

STREPHON Or the wind from the sea at the turn of the tide !

THE NEWLY BORN I want some clean air

THE HE-ANCIENT The air will be clean in a moment This doll flesh that children make decomposes quickly at best, but when it is shaken by such passions as the creatures are capable of, it breaks up at once and becomes horribly tainted

THE SHE-ANCIENT Let it be a lesson to you all to be content with lifeless toys, and not attempt to make living ones. What would you think of us ancients if we made toys of you children ?

THE NEWLY BORN [*coaxingly*] Why do you not make toys of us ? Then you would play with us, and that would be very nice

THE SHE-ANCIENT. It would not amuse us. When you play with one another you play with your bodies, and that makes you supple and strong, but if we played with you we should play with your minds, and perhaps deform them

STREPHON You are a ghastly lot, you ancients I shall kill myself when I am four years old What do you live for ?

THE HE-ANCIENT You will find out when you grow up You will not kill yourself

STREPHON If you make me believe that, I shall kill myself now

THE NEWLY BORN Oh no I want you I love you

STREPHON I love someone else And she has gone old, old Lost to me for ever

THE HE-ANCIENT How old ?

STREPHON You saw her when you barged into us as we were dancing She is four

THE NEWLY BORN. How I should have hated her twenty minutes ago ! But I have grown out of that now

THE HE-ANCIENT Good That hatred is called jealousy, the worst of our childish complaints.

Martellus, dusting his hands and puffing, returns from the grove

MARTELLUS Ouf ! [*He sits down next the Newly Born*] That job's finished

ARJILLAX Ancients I should like to make a few studies of you Not portraits, of course I shall idealize you a little I have come to the conclusion that you ancients are the most interesting subjects after all

MARTELLUS What ! Have those two horrors, whose ashes I have just deposited with peculiar pleasure in poor Pygmalion's dustbin, not cured you of this silly image-making ?

ARJILLAX. Why did you model them as young things, you fool ? If Pygmalion had come to me, I should have made ancients of them for him. Not that I should have modelled them any better. I have always said that no one can beat you at your best as far as handwork is concerned. But this job required brains. That is where I should have come in.

MARTELLUS. Well, my brainy boy, you are welcome to try your hand. There are two of Pygmalion's pupils at the laboratory who helped him to manufacture the bones and muscles and all the rest of it. They can turn out a couple of new automatons, and you can model them as ancients if this venerable pair will sit for you.

ECRASIA [*decisively*] No. No more automata. They are too disgusting.

ACIS [*returning from the temple*] Well, that's done. Poor old Pyg !

ECRASIA. Only fancy, Acis ! Arjillax wants to make more of those abominable things, and to destroy even their artistic character by making ancients of them.

THE NEWLY BORN. You won't sit for them, will you ? Please don't.

THE HE-ANCIENT. Children, listen.

ACIS [*striding down the steps to the bench and seating himself next Ecrasia*] What ! Even the Ancient wants to make a speech ! Give it mouth, O Sage.

SIREPHON. For heaven's sake don't tell us that the earth was once inhabited by Ozymandises and Cleopatras. Life is hard enough for us as it is.

THE HE-ANCIENT. Life is not meant to be easy, my child, but take courage. It can be delightful. What I wanted to tell you is that ever since men existed, children have played with dolls.

ECRASIA. You keep using that word. What are dolls, pray ?

THE SHE-ANCIENT What you call works of art.
Images We call them dolls

ARJILLAX Just so. You have no sense of art, and
you instinctively insult it

THE HE-ANCIENT Children have been known to
make dolls out of rags, and to caress them with the
deepest fondness

THE SHE-ANCIENT Eight centuries ago, when I was
a child, I made a rag doll. The rag doll is the
dearest of all

THE NEWLY BORN [*eagerly interested*] "Oh! Have you
got it still?"

THE SHE-ANCIENT I kept it a full week

ECRASIA Even in your childhood, then, you did
not understand high art, and adored your own
amateur crudities

THE SHE-ANCIENT How old are you?"

ECRASIA Eight months

THE SHE-ANCIENT When you have lived as long as
I have—

ECRASIA [*interrupting rudely*] I shall worship rag dolls,
perhaps. Thank heaven, I am still in my prime

THE HE-ANCIENT You are still capable of thanking,
though you do not know what you thank. You are a
thanking little animal, a blaming little animal, a—

ACIS A gushing little animal

ARJILLAX And, as she thinks, an artistic little
animal

ECRASIA [*nettled*] I am an animated being with a
reasonable soul and human flesh subsisting. If your
automata had been properly animated, Martellus,
they would have been more successful

THE SHE-ANCIENT That is where you are wrong,
my child. If those two loathsome things had been
rag dolls, they would have been amusing and lovable.
The Newly Born here would have played with them,

and you would all have laughed and played with them too until you had torn them to pieces , and then you would have laughed more than ever

THE NEWLY BORN Of course we should Isn't that funny ?

THE HE-ANCIENT When a thing is funny, search it for a hidden truth

STREPHON Yes , and take all the fun out of it

THE SHE-ANCIENT Do not be so embittered because your sweetheart has outgrown her love for you. The Newly[^] Born will make amends.

THE NEWLY BORN Oh yes : I will be more than she could ever have been

STREPHON Psha ! Jealous !

THE NEWLY BORN Oh no I have grown out of that I love her now because she loved you, and because you love her

THE HE-ANCIENT. That is the next stage You are getting on very nicely, my child

MARTELLUS Come ! what is the truth that was hidden in the rag doll ?

THE HE-ANCIENT Well, consider why you are not content with the rag doll, and must have something more closely resembling a real living creature As you grow up you make images and paint pictures Those of you who cannot do that make stories about imaginary dolls Or you dress yourselves up as dolls and act plays about them

THE SHE-ANCIENT And, to deceive yourself the more completely, you take them so very very seriously that Ecrasia here declares that the making of dolls is the holiest work of creation, and the words you put into the mouths of dolls the sacredest of scriptures and the noblest of utterances.

ECRASIA Tush !

ARJILLAX. Tosh !

THE SHE-ANCIENT Yet the more beautiful they become the further they retreat from you You cannot caress them as you caress the rag doll You cannot cry for them when they are broken or lost, or when you pretend they have been unkind to you, as you could when you played with rag dolls

THE HE-ANCIENT At last, like Pygmalion, you demand from your dolls the final perfection of resemblance to life They must move and speak

THE SHE-ANCIENT They must love and hate

THE HE-ANCIENT They must think that they think

THE SHE-ANCIENT They must have soft flesh and warm blood

THE HE-ANCIENT And then, when you have achieved this as Pygmalion did, when the marble masterpiece is dethroned by the automaton and the homo by the homunculus, when the body and the brain, the reasonable soul and human flesh subsisting, as Ecrasia says, stand before you unmasked as mere machinery, and your impulses are shewn to be nothing but reflexes, you are filled with horror and loathing, and would give worlds to be young enough to play with your rag doll again, since every step away from it has been a step away from love and happiness Is it not true?

THE SHE-ANCIENT Speak, Martellus you who have travelled the whole path

MARTELLUS It is true With fierce joy I turned a temperature of a million degrees on those two things I had modelled, and saw them vanish in an instant into inoffensive dust

THE SHE-ANCIENT Speak, Arjillax you who have advanced from imitating the lightly living child to the intensely living ancient Is it true, so far?

ARJILLAX It is partly true I cannot pretend to be satisfied now with modelling pretty children.

THE HE-ANCIENT And you, Ecrasia · you cling to your highly artistic dolls as the noblest projections of the Life Force, do you not ?

ECRASIA Without art, the crudeness of reality would make the world unbearable.

THE NEWLY BORN [*anticipating the She-Ancient, who is evidently going to challenge her*] Now you are coming to me, because I am the latest arrival But I dont understand your art and your dolls at all I want to caress my darling Strephon, not to play with dolls

ACIS I am in my fourth year , and I have got on very well without your dolls I had rather walk up a mountain and down again than look at all the statues Martellus and Arjillax ever made You prefer a statue to an automaton, and a rag doll to a statue So do I , but I prefer a man to a rag doll Give me friends, not dolls

THE HE-ANCIENT. Yet I have seen you walking over the mountains alone. Have you not found your best friend in yourself ?

ACIS. What are you driving at, old one ? What does all this lead to ?

THE HE-ANCIENT It leads, young man, to the truth that you can create nothing but yourself

ACIS [*musings*] I can create nothing but myself Ecrasia: you are clever Do you understand it ? I dont.

ECRASIA It is as easy to understand as any other ignorant error What artist is as great as his own works ? He can create masterpieces , but he cannot improve the shape of his own nose.

ACIS There ! What have you to say to that, old one ?

THE HE-ANCIENT. He can alter the shape of his own soul He could alter the shape of his nose if the difference between a turned-up nose and a turned-

down one were worth the effort. One does not face the throes of creation for trifles

ACIS What have you to say to that, Ecrasia ?

ECRASIA I say that if the ancients had thoroughly grasped the theory of fine art they would understand that the difference between a beautiful nose and an ugly one is of supreme importance . that it is indeed the only thing that matters

THE SHE-ANCIENT That is, they would understand something they could not believe, and that you do not believe

ACIS Just so, mam Art is not honest that is why I never could stand much of it It is all make-believe Ecrasia never really says things she only rattles her teeth in her mouth

ECRASIA Acis you are rude

ACIS You mean that I wont play the game of make-believe Well, I dont ask you to play it with me , so why should you expect me to play it with you ?

ECRASIA You have no right to say that I am not sincere I have found a happiness in art that real life has never given me I am intensely in earnest about art There is a magic and mystery in art that you know nothing of

THE SHE-ANCIENT Yes, child art is the magic mirror you make to reflect your invisible dreams in visible pictures You use a glass mirror to see your face you use works of art to see your soul But we who are older use neither glass mirrors nor works of art We have a direct sense of life When you gain this you will put aside your mirrors and statues, your toys and your dolls

THE HE-ANCIENT Yet we too have our toys and our dolls. That is the trouble of the ancients

ARJILLAX What ! The ancients have their troubles !

It is the first time I ever heard one of them confess it.

THE HE-ANCIENT. Look at us Look at me This is my body, my blood, my brain , but it is not me. I am the eternal life, the perpetual resurrection , but [*striking his body*] this structure, this organism, this makeshift, can be made by a boy in a laboratory, and is held back from dissolution only by my use of it Worse still, it can be broken by a slip of the foot, drowned by a cramp in the stomach, destroyed by a flash from the clouds Sooner or later, its destruction is certain. •

THE SHE-ANCIENT Yes • this body is the last doll to be discarded When I was a child, Ecrasia, I, too, was an artist, like your sculptor friends there, striving to create perfection in things outside myself I made statues I painted pictures I tried to worship them

THE HE-ANCIENT I had no such skill , but I, like Acis, sought perfection in friends, in lovers, in nature, in things outside myself Alas ! I could not create it I could only imagine it.

THE SHE-ANCIENT I, like Arjillax, found out that my statues of bodily beauty were no longer even beautiful to me , and I pressed on and made statues and pictures of men and women of genius, like those in the old fable of Michael Angelo Like Martellus, I smashed them when I saw that there was no life in them.

THE HE-ANCIENT And I, like Acis, ceased to walk over the mountains with my friends, and walked alone; for I found that I had creative power over myself but none over my friends And then I ceased to walk on the mountains , for I saw that the mountains were dead •

ACIS [*protesting vehemently*] No I grant you about the friends perhaps , but the mountains are still the mountains, each with its name, its individuality, its

upstanding strength and majesty, its beauty—

ECRASIA What ! Acis among the rhapsodists !

THE HE-ANCIENT Mere metaphor, my poor boy .
the mountains are corpses

ALL THE YOUNG [*repelled*] Oh !

THE HE-ANCIENT Yes In the hardpressed heart of the earth, where the inconceivable heat of the sun still glows, the stone lives in fierce atomic convulsion, as we live in our slower way When it is cast out to the surface it dies like a deep-sea fish what you see is only its cold dead body. We have tapped that central heat as prehistoric man tapped water springs , but nothing has come up alive from those flaming depths your landscapes, your mountains, are only the world's cast skins and decaying teeth on which we live like microbes

ECRASIA Ancient you blaspheme against Nature and against Man

THE SHE-ANCIENT Child, child, how much enthusiasm will you have for man when you have endured eight centuries of him, as I have, and seen him perish by an empty mischance that is yet a certainty ? When I discarded my dolls as he discarded his friends and his mountains, it was to myself I turned as to the final reality Here, and here alone, I could shape and create When my arm was weak and I willed it to be strong, I could create a roll of muscle on it , and when I understood that, I understood that I could without any greater miracle give myself ten arms and three heads.

THE HE-ANCIENT I also came to understand such miracles For fifty years I sat contemplating this power in myself and concentrating my will

THE SHE-ANCIENT So did I ; and for five more years I made myself into all sorts of fantastic monsters I walked upon a dozen legs I worked with twenty

hands and a hundred fingers . I looked to the four quarters of the compass with eight eyes out of four heads . Children fled in amazement from me until I had to hide myself from them , and the ancients, who had forgotten how to laugh, smiled grimly when they passed

THE HE-ANCIENT We have all committed these follies . You will all commit them

THE NEWY-BORN Oh, do grow a lot of arms and legs and heads for us . It would be so funny

THE HE-ANCIENT My child . I am just as well as I am . I would not lift my finger now to have a thousand heads

THE SHE-ANCIENT But what would I not give to have no head at all ?

ALL THE YOUNG Whats that ? No head at all ? Why ? How ?

THE HE-ANCIENT Can you not understand ?

ALL THE YOUNG [*shaking their heads*] No

THE SHE-ANCIENT One day, when I was tired of learning to walk forward with some of my feet and backwards with others and sideways with the rest all at once, I sat on a rock with my four chins resting on four of my palms, and four of my elbows resting on four of my knees . And suddenly it came into my mind that this monstrous machinery of heads and limbs was no more me than my statues had been me, and that it was only an automaton that I had enslaved

MARTELLUS Enslaved ? What does that mean ?

THE SHE-ANCIENT A thing that must do what you command it is a slave , and its commander is its master . These are words you will learn when your turn comes

THE HE-ANCIENT You will also learn that when the master has come to do everything through the slave,

the slave becomes his master, because his master cannot live without him.

THE SHE-ANCIENT And so I perceived that I had made myself the slave of a slave.

THE HE-ANCIENT When we discovered that, we shed our superfluous heads and legs and arms until we had our old shapes again, and no longer startled the children

THE SHE-ANCIENT But still I am the slave of this slave, my body How am I to be delivered from it ?

THE HE-ANCIENT. That, children, is the trouble of the ancients. For whilst we are tied to this tyrannous body we are subject to its death, and our destiny is not achieved.

THE NEWLY BORN What is your destiny ?

THE HE-ANCIENT To be immortal .

THE SHE-ANCIENT The day will come when there will be no people, only thought

THE HE-ANCIENT. And that will be life eternal.

ECRASIA. I trust I shall meet my fatal accident before that day dawns

ARJILLAX For once, Ecrasia, I agree with you.

ECRASIA No limbs, no contours, no exquisite lines and elegant shapes, no worship of beautiful bodies, no poetic embraces in which cultivated lovers pretend that their caressing hands are wandering over celestial hills and enchanted valleys, no—

ACIS [*interrupting her disgustedly*] What an inhuman mind you have, Ecrasia !

ECRASIA Inhuman !

ACIS. Yes . inhuman Why dont you fall in love with someone ?

ECRASIA. I ! I have been in love all my life. I burned with it even in the egg.

ACIS. Not a bit of it. You and Arjillax are just as hard as two stones.

ECRASIA. You did not always think so, Acis

ACIS Oh, I know I offered you my love once, and asked for yours.

• ECRASIA And did I deny it to you, Acis ?

ACIS You didnt even know what love was

ECRASIA Oh ! I adored you, you stupid oaf, until I found that you were a mere animal

ACIS And I made no end of a fool of myself about you until I discovered that you were a mere artist. You appreciated my contours ! I was a masterpiece appealing to your tastes and your senses Your tastes and senses had overlaid the direct impulse of life in you And because I cared only for our life, and went straight to it, and was bored by your calling my limbs fancy names and mapping me into mountains and valleys and all the rest of it, you called me an animal. Well, I am an animal, if you call a live man an animal.

ECRASIA You need not explain You refused to be refined I did my best to lift your prehistoric impulses on to the plane of beauty, of imagination, of romance, of poetry, of art, of—

ACIS These things are all very well in their way and in their proper places But they are not love. They are an unnatural adulteration of love Love is a simple thing and a deep thing it is an act of life and not an illusion Art is all illusion.

ARJILLAX That is false The statue comes to life always The statues of today are the men and women of the next incubation I hold up the marble figure before the mother and say "This is the model you must copy" We produce what we see Let no man dare to create in art a thing that he would not have exist in life

MARTELIUS Yes • I have been through all that. But you yourself are making statues of ancients

instead of beautiful nymphs and swains And
Ecraasia is right about the ancients being inartistic
They are damnably inartistic.

ECRASIA [*triumphant*] Ah! Our greatest artist
vindicates me Thanks, Martellus

MARTELLUS The body always ends by being a bore.
Nothing remains beautiful and interesting except
thought, because the thought is the life. Which is
just what this old gentleman and this old lady seem
to think too

THE SHE-ANCIENT. Quite so

THE HE-ANCIENT Precisely

THE NEWLY BORN [*to the He-Ancient*] But you cant be
nothing. What do you want to be?

THE HE-ANCIENT A vortex

THE NEWLY BORN A what?

THE SHE-ANCIENT A vortex I began as a vortex
why should I not end as one?

ECRASIA Oh! That is what you old people are!
Vorticists!

ACIS If life is thought, can you live without a head?

THE HE-ANCIENT Not now perhaps But pre-
historic men thought they could not live without tails
I can live without a tail Why should I not live
without a head?

THE NEWLY BORN What is a tail?

THE HE-ANCIENT A habit of which your ancestors
managed to cure themselves

THE SHE-ANCIENT None of us now believe that all
this machinery of flesh and blood is necessary. It
dies

THE HE-ANCIENT It imprisons us on this petty
planet and forbids us to range through the stars

ACIS. But even a vortex is a vortex in something
You cant have a whirlpool without water, and you
cant have a vortex without gas, or molecules or atoms

or ions or electrons or something, not nothing

THE HE-ANCIENT No the vortex is not the water nor the gas nor the atoms it is a power over these things •

THE SHE-ANCIENT The body was the slave of the vortex, but the slave has become the master, and we must free ourselves from that tyranny It is this stuff [*indicating her body*], this flesh and blood and bone and all the rest of it, that is intolerable Even prehistoric man dreamed of what he called an astral body, and asked who would deliver him from the body of this death

ACIS [*evidently out of his depth*] I shouldn't think too much about it if I were you. You have to keep sane, you know

The two Ancients look at one another, shrug their shoulders, and address themselves to their departure

THE HE-ANCIENT We are staying too long with you, children We must go

All the young people rise rather eagerly.

ARJILLAX Don't mention it

THE SHE-ANCIENT. It is tiresome for us, too You see, children, we have to put things very crudely to you to make ourselves intelligible

THE HE-ANCIENT And I am afraid we do not quite succeed

STREPHON Very kind of you to come at all and talk to us, I'm sure

MARTELLUS Why do the other ancients never come and give us a turn?

THE SHE-ANCIENT It is so difficult for them They have forgotten how to speak; how to read, even how to think in your fashion We do not communicate with one another in that way nor apprehend the world as you do

THE HE-ANCIENT. I find it more and more difficult

to keep up your language Another century or two and it will be impossible. I shall have to be relieved by a younger shepherd

ACIS Of course we are always delighted to see you ; but still, if it tires you so severely, we could manage pretty well by ourselves, you know

THE SHE-ANCIENT Tell me, Acis do you ever think of yourself as having to live perhaps for thousands of years ?

ACIS Oh, dont talk about it I have only four years of what any reasonable person would call living, and three and a half of them are already gone

ECRASIA You must not mind our saying so , but really you cannot call being an ancient living

THE NEWLY BORN [*almost in tears*] Oh, this dreadful shortness of our lives ! I cannot bear it !

STREPHON I made up my mind on that subject long ago When I am three years and fifty weeks old, I shall have my fatal accident And it will not be an accident

THE HE-ANCIENT We are very tired of this subject I must leave you

THE NEWLY BORN What is being tired ?

THE SHE-ANCIENT The tediousness of attending to children Farewell

The two Ancients go away severally, she into the grove, he up to the hills behind the temple

ALL Ouf ! [*A great sigh of relief*]

ECRASIA Dreadful people !

STREPHON Bores !

MARTELLUS Yet one would like to follow them , to enter into their life , to grasp their thought , to comprehend the universe as they must

ARJILLAX. Getting old, Martellus ?

MARTELLUS Well, I have finished with the dolls , and I am no longer jealous of you That looks like

the end Two hours sleep is enough for me I am afraid I am beginning to find you all rather silly

STREPHON I know. My girl went off this morning. She hadn't slept for weeks And she found mathematics more interesting than me

MARTELLUS There is a pichistoric saying that has come down to us from a famous woman teacher She said "Leave women, and study mathematics" She was right I am tired of women I will study mathematics, which I have neglected too long Farewell, children, my old playmates I almost wish I could feel sentimental about parting from you, but the cold truth is that you bore me Do not be angry with me your turn will come [*He passes away gravely into the grove*]

ARJILAX There goes a great spirit What a sculptor he was! And now, nothing! It is as if he had cut off his hands

THE NEWLY BORN Oh, will you all leave me as he has left you?

ECRASIA Never We have sworn it

STREPHON What is the use of sweating? She swore. He swore You have sworn They have sworn

ECRASIA You speak like a grammar

STREPHON That is how one ought to speak, isn't it? We shall all be forsworn.

THE NEWLY BORN Do not talk like that You are saddening us, and you are chasing the light away It is growing dark

ACIS Night is falling The light will come back tomorrow

THE NEWLY BORN What is tomorrow?

ACIS The day that never comes [*He turns towards the temple*]

All begin trooping into the temple

THE NEWLY BORN [*holding Acis back*] That is no answer What—

ARJILLAX Silence Little children should be seen, and not heard.

THE NEWLY BORN [*puts out her tongue at him*] !

ECRASIA Ungraceful You must not do that

THE NEWLY BORN I will do what I like But there is something the matter with me I want to lie down I cannot keep my eyes open

ECRASIA. You are falling asleep You will wake up again.

THE NEWLY BORN [*drowsily*] What is sleep ?

ACIS Ask no questions , and you will be told no lies [*He takes her by the ear, and leads her firmly towards the temple*]

THE NEWLY BORN A1 ' oi ' ai ' Dont' I want to be carried [*She reels into the arms of Acis, who carries her into the temple*]

ECRASIA Come, Arjillax you at least are still an artist I adore you

ARJILLAX Do you ? Unfortunately for you, I am not still a child I have grown out of cuddling I can only appreciate your figure Does that satisfy you ?

ECRASIA At what distance ?

ARJILLAX Arm's length or more

ECRASIA Thank you not for me [*She turns away from him*]

ARJILLAX Ha ' ha ' [*He strides off into the temple*]

ECRASIA [*calling to Strephon, who is on the threshold of the temple, going in*] Strephon

STREPHON No My heart is broken [*He goes into the temple*]

ECRASIA Must I pass the night alone ? [*She looks round, seeking another partner ; but they have all gone*]. After all, I can imagine a lover nobler than any of you [*She goes into the temple*]

It is now quite dark. A vague radiance appears near the temple and shapes itself into the ghost of Adam

A WOMAN'S VOICE [*in the grove*] Who is that ?

ADAM The ghost of Adam, the first father of mankind Who are you ?

THE VOICE The ghost of Eve, the first mother of mankind

ADAM. Come forth, wife, and shew yourself to me.

EVE [*appearing near the grove*] Here I am, husband
You are very old

A VOICE [*in the hills*] Ha ! ha ! ha !

ADAM Who laughs ? Who dares laugh at Adam ?

EVE Who has the heart to laugh at Eve ?

THE VOICE The ghost of Cain, the first child, and the first murderer [*He appears between them ; and as he does so there is a prolonged hiss*] Who dares hiss at Cain, the lord of death ?

A VOICE. The ghost of the serpent, that lived before Adam and before Eve, and taught them how to bring forth Cain [*She becomes visible, coiled in the trees*]

A VOICE There is one that came before the serpent

THE SERPENT That is the voice of Lilith, in whom the father and mother were one Hail, Lilith !

Lilith becomes visible between Cain and Adam

LILITH. I suffered unspeakably, I tore myself asunder, I lost my life, to make of my one flesh these twain, man and woman. And this is what has come of it What do you make of it, Adam, my son ?

ADAM I made the earth bring forth by my labor, and the woman bring forth by my love. And this is what has come of it What do you make of it, Eve, my wife ?

EVE I nourished the egg in my body and fed it with my blood* And now they let it fall as the birds do, and suffer not at all What do you make of it, Cain, my first-born ?

CAIN I invented killing and conquest and mastery and the winnowing out of the weak by the strong. And now the strong have slain one another, the weak live for ever, and victory is deadlier than defeat. What do you make of it, snake?

THE SERPENT I am justified For I chose wisdom and the knowledge of good and evil, and now there is no evil, and wisdom and good are one It is enough [*She vanishes*].

CAIN. There is no place for me on earth any longer You cannot deny that mine was a splendid game while it lasted But now! Out, out, brief candle! [*He vanishes*]

EVE. The clever ones were always my favorites The diggers and the fighters have dug themselves in with the worms My clever ones have inherited the earth All's well [*She fades away*]

ADAM. I can make nothing of it, neither head nor tail What is it all for? Why? Whither? Whence? We were well enough in the garden. And now the fools have killed all the animals, and they are dissatisfied because they cannot be bothered with their bodies! Foolishness, I call it [*He disappears*]

LILITH They have accepted the burden of eternal life They have taken the agony from birth; and their life does not fail them even in the hour of their destruction. Their breasts are without milk: their bowels are gone the very shapes of them are only ornaments for their children to admire and carress without understanding Is this enough, or must I labor again? Shall I bring forth something that will sweep them away and make an end of them as they have swept away the beasts of the garden, and made an end of the crawling things and the flying things and of all them that refuse to live for ever? I had patience with them for many ages they tried me

very sorely They did terrible things they embraced death, and said that eternal life was a fable I stood amazed at the malice and destructiveness of the things I had made Mars blushed as he looked down on the shame of his sister planet cruelty and hypocrisy became so hideous that the face of the earth was pitted with the graves of little children among which living skeletons crawled in search of horrible food The pangs of another birth were already upon me when one man repented and lived three hundred years, and I waited to see what would come of that And so much came of it that the horrors of that time seem now but an evil dream They have redeemed themselves from their vileness, and turned away from their sins Best of all, they are still not satisfied the impulse I gave them in that day when I sundered myself in twain and launched Man and Woman on the earth still urges them after passing a million goals they press on to the goal of redemption from the flesh, to the vortex freed from matter, to the whirlpool in pure intelligence that, when the world began, was a whirlpool in pure force And though all that they have done seems but the first hour of the infinite work of creation, yet I will not supersede them until they have forded this last stream that lies between flesh and spirit, and disentangled their life from the matter that has always mocked it I can wait waiting and patience mean nothing to the eternal I gave the woman the greatest of gifts curiosity By that her seed has been saved from my wrath, for I also am curious, and I have waited always to see what they will do tomorrow Let them feed that appetite well for me I say, let them dread, of all things, stagnation; for from the moment I, Lilith, lose hope and faith in them, they are doomed. In that hope and faith I have let them live for a moment, and in that moment

I have spared them many times But mightier creatures than they have killed hope and faith, and perished from the earth , and I may not spare them for ever I am Lilith I brought life into the whirlpool of force, and compelled my enemy, Matter, to obey a living soul But in enslaving Life's enemy I made him Life's master , for that is the end of all slavery ; and now I shall see the slave set free and the enemy reconciled, the whirlpool become all life and no matter And because these infants that call themselves ancients are reaching out towards that, I will have patience with them still , though I know well that when they attain it they shall become one with me and supersede me, and Lilith will be only a legend and a lay that has lost its meaning Of Life only is there no end , and though of its million starry mansions many are empty and many still unbuilt, and though its vast domain is as yet unbearably desert, my seed shall one day fill it and master its matter to its uttermost confines And for what may be beyond, the eyesight of Lilith is too short It is enough that there is a beyond [*She vanishes*]

POSTSCRIPT

AFTER TWENTYFIVE YEARS

One of the many summits in the mountain range of human selfconceit is the introduction by an author of his book as a World Classic. He cannot with any decency do it himself. And when he is invited to do so by a publisher whose prestige has been won in serious literature, his gratified compliance must be in the vein of apology and explanation rather than a fanfare of brazen exultation.

Therefore, though I am not addicted to what I have called "the modest cough of the minor poet" I will try to be as apologetic as my nature permits. I have never claimed a greater respect for playmaking than for the commoner crafts, and as every joiner is (or used to be) not only allowed but challenged to produce a masterpiece, I feel no shame in hawking my masterpiece without a cry of stinking fish.

Besides, I do not regard my part in the production of my books and plays as much greater than that of an amanuensis or an organ-blower. An author is an instrument in the grip of Creative Evolution, and may find himself starting a movement to which in his own little person he is intensely opposed. When I am writing a play I never invent a plot. I let the play write itself and shape itself, which it always does even when up to the last moment I do not foresee the way out. Sometimes I do not see what the play was driving at until quite a long time after I have finished it, and even then I may be wrong about it just as any critical third party may.

Take for examples the masterpieces of Dante, of Michael Angelo, and of John Bunyan. The three are beyond all question world classics notwithstanding the legendary fictions and childish superstitions which

adapted them to the mental habits of their time, and still make them intelligible and interesting as stories, but which also aberrate them again and again into flat absurdity. Dante would have placed Mahomet in paradise had he realized that his Divine Comedy, with its ridiculous hell, its Sunday school purgatory, and its Feminist heaven, was driving at the same world Catholicism as the Koran. When Michael Angelo painted in the Sistine Chapel the series of Bible illustrations which culminated in the gigantic fable of the Last Judgement, he did not know that the series would be "continued in our next" by Nietzsche in his *Thus Spake Zoroaster*, the twain being driven more or less in spite of themselves to shew, Michael Angelo physically, Nietzsche mentally, not what mankind is but what it might become. Bunyan, when he was writing *The Pilgrim's Progress*, knew very well that he was being moved not by personal lust to become a Great Writer, but by "grace abounding to the meanest of sinners." Yet, if when his *Holy War* was sinking into the quicksand of sectarian nonsense in which it ends, he had been shewn a copy of *Peer Gynt* as an account of what his pilgrim would come to, or congratulated on having in *The Life and Death of Mr Badman* developed to a point not reached by Ibsen until three hundred years later, he would have been considerably scandalized.

I shall not go on to suggest that Goldsmith's *Deserted Village* should be used as a preface to Henry George's *Progress and Poverty*, and Keats's *Isabella* to Marx's *Capital*, but as a playwright I must not pass over my predecessor Shakespeare. If he could be consulted as to the inclusion of one of his plays in the present series he would probably choose his *Hamlet*, because in writing it he definitely threw over his

breadwinning trade of producing potboilers which he frankly called *As You Like It*, *Much Ado About Nothing*, and *What You Will*. After a few almost Ibsenish essays in *As You Dont Like It*, he took up an old play about the ghost of a murdered king who haunted his son crying for revenge, with comic relief provided by the son pretending to be that popular curiosity and laughing-stock, a village idiot Shakespeare, transfiguring this into a tragedy on the ancient Athenian level, could not have been quite unconscious of the evolutionary stride he was taking. But he did not see his way clearly enough to save the tons of ink and paper and years of "man's time" that have been wasted, and are still being wasted, on innumerable volumes of nonsense about the meaning of Hamlet, though it is now as clear as daylight Hamlet as a prehistoric Dane is morally bound to kill his uncle, politically as rightful heir to the usurped throne, and filially as "the son of a dear father murdered" and a mother seduced by an incestuous adulterer. He has no doubt as to his duty in the matter. If he can convince himself that the ghost who has told him all this is really his father's spirit and not a lying devil tempting him to perdition, then, he says, "I know my course"

But when fully convinced he finds to his bewilderment that he cannot kill his uncle deliberately. In a sudden flash of rage he can and does stab at him through the arras, only to find that he has killed poor old Polonius by mistake. In a later transport, when the unlucky uncle poisons not only Hamlet's mother but his own accomplice and Hamlet himself, Hamlet actually does at last kill his enemy on the spur of the moment, but this is no solution of his problem it cuts the Gordian knot instead of untying it, and makes the egg stand on end only by

breaking it. In the soliloquy beginning "Oh what a rogue and peasant slave am I" Shakespear described this moral bewilderment as a fact (he must have learnt it from his own personal development), but he did not explain it, though the explanation was staring him in the face as it stares in mine. What happened to Hamlet was what had happened fifteen hundred years before to Jesus. Born into the vindictive morality of Moses he has evolved into the Christian perception of the futility and wickedness of revenge and punishment, founded on the simple fact that two blacks do not make a white. But he is not philosopher enough to comprehend this as well as apprehend it. When he finds he cannot kill in cold blood he can only ask "Am I a coward?" When he cannot nerve himself to recover his throne he can account for it only by saying "I lack ambition." Had Shakespear plumbed his play to the bottom he would hardly have allowed Hamlet to send Rosencrantz and Guildenstern to their death by a forged death warrant without a moment's scruple.

Two and a half centuries later the same thing occurs to the author of another world classic, Charles Montagu Doughty, who, compared to Shakespear, can be catalogued only as a bigoted simpleton when, undeveloped at the age of 32, he travelled in Arabia. To him the Arabs were dangerous and damned heathens, corrupted by a false religion invented by an impostor named Mahomet who had forged a spurious Bible called the Koran. To defend himself against them he armed himself with a loaded revolver and carried it wherever he went.

The protection seemed very necessary; for the Bedouins were so like himself (or he like them) that they regarded him as a damned infidel, and the fanatically pious among them considered it their

religious duty to kill and despoil the Nazarene. Again and again his bags were rifled and the knife was at his throat. Yet with the revolver in his hand and his assailants at his mercy he did not discharge it. Like Hamlet he could not bring himself to judge and kill. Like Shakespear he could not see why he could only record the simple fact. Yet his travel diary, published long after with the now famous title *Arabia Deserta*, is a world classic.

This logicless sequel puzzles the student of literature who is trying to find out what qualifies a book to rank as a classic. Doughty, when he began his two years roaming through the Arabian deserts, was what we call an educated English gentleman who had gone through a professional training in medicine. Yet he writes like a child of ten for the most part, and his diary, with scraps of memoranda stuck in anyhow in no order except the order of date, is in no sense a considered work of art. His interests are those of an amateur explorer only, and the comments on Bedouin life, character, and religion, which make his book so readable, change from day to day, from place to place, from meal to meal. On one page all the Bedouins he has known are "a merry crew of squalid wretches, iniquitous, fallacious, and fanatical." Two pages later the Beni Salim are "of gentle and honest manners, and I was never better entertained in nomad menzils." Many of his entertainers were more civilized, tolerant, and sceptical than he. His style is certainly unique; but it suggests the simplicity of a man who had never read a book in his life except the Bible, which he often quotes, less with any artistic appreciation than to shew that its descriptions tally with the facts of eastern life and thought as he found them.

There must have been something majestic or

gigantic about the man that made him classic in himself. He was already a poet ; for twice in his travel diary he explodes into half a page of prophetic rhapsody , and when he came home he spent the rest of his life in writing immense prophetic epics in blank verse of a Himalayan magnificence and natural eminence that would have made Milton gasp. Small wonder that when the knife was at his throat it got no farther , and when he arrived at the next oasis penniless and in rags, the rulers there clothed him and made those who had robbed him give him back their booty and repay him his stolen money to the last farthing. Englishmen who met him have described him to me as " a mountain of a man " , and extant portraits bear them out as far as portraits can.

It is clear then that in him as in Hamlet-Shakespear a step in evolution had occurred and taken all the vulgar fight out of him without taking any of the courage. And this brings me Back to Methuselah, and to the right of my " metabiological pentateuch " to be included in a list of world classics. Like Shakespear I had to write potboilers until I was rich enough to satisfy my evolutionary appetite (or, as they say, give way to my inspiration) by writing what came to me without the least regard to the possibility of lucrative publication or performance. Like Shakespear again, I was a born dramatist, which means a born artist-biologist struggling to take biology a step forward on its way to positive science from its present metaphysical stage in which the crude facts of life and death, growth and decay, evolution and reversion, consciousness and unconsciousness, self-preservation and selfsacrifice, defy the methods of investigation we employ in our research laboratories, and have to be made apprehensible by fictions, pictures, and symphonies in which they are instinctively

arranged in a manner which gives a mysterious pleasure to some of the readers, spectators, and listeners, and provokes others to passionate denial and persecution. When I am not potboiling for myself or others I am being driven by my evolutionary appetite to write these fictions. Even when I have the box office in view I am not free to choose the most lucrative sort of fiction. Evolution keeps creeping in. I write such shameless potboilers as *Pygmalion*, *Fanny's First Play*, and *You Never Can Tell*, to oblige theatre managers or aspiring players, but at least I do not write detective stories to oblige publishers. I am clever enough at the tricks of my trade to be able to combine some worldly potboiling with my transcendental metabiology, but only up to an impassable boundary. If I could not do this, and had either to prosper as a stockbroker or starve as a metabiologist I should starve, as Mozart and Beethoven very nearly did when they composed symphonies instead of sentimental drawing-room ballads.

In writing *Back to Methuselah* I threw over all economic considerations, and faced the apparent impossibility of a performance during my lifetime. When a professional manager of whom I had never heard (though his name, by the way, was Barry Jackson, and he was already famous in the Midlands) approached me with a view to a performance, I asked him whether he had no regard for his wife and family. He replied that he was not married, and that he kept a theatre out of his private means as other similarly endowed plutocrats kept racehorses or steam yachts. In short, he was doing it to gratify his evolutionary appetite and could afford the cost. So I gave him my blessing and a performing licence, and he went ahead and produced the *Methuselah* cycle at his Birmingham Repertory Theatre, where he had made

theatrical history by many notable experiments and revivals while London was barely marking time. When I asked him what he had lost by the Methuselah adventure he said with every appearance of satisfaction, "Only £2500." Later on, when he repeated it in London and I repeated my question, he answered exultantly "I have not lost I have made twenty pounds" The twenty pounds did not give him a dock laborer's wages for his trouble, but it left him none the poorer, and my conscience all the lighter

Clearly then, Back to Methuselah 'was not a' commercial job it came straight from the Life Force operating as an *élan vital* through myself and Barry Jackson What, then, are world classics?

Well, they all try to solve, or at least to formulate, the riddles of creation In them the "Life Force" is struggling towards its goal of godhead by incarnating itself in creatures with knowledge and power enough to control nature and circumstances A classic author has to consider how far he dare go, for though he is writing for the enlightenment of mankind he may not be willing to venture as far as martyrdom for its sake Descartes burnt one of his books to escape being burnt for having written it Galileo had to deny what he believed to escape the same fate The priests forced these alternatives on them not because they did not agree with them, but because they had to govern the people, and the people could be governed only by fictions and miracles, not by the latest steps in science If the people will not obey their rulers unless they see the blood of St Januarius liquefy, then the priests must work that miracle for them or let them run wild As long as civilization seems to stand or fall with the belief that God stopped the movement of the sun in its orbit to oblige Joshua as casually as the driver of a tramcar stops his vehicle

to pick up a passenger, popes and emperors must take care that no physicist is allowed to tell the mob that it is the earth that moves round the sun and not the sun round the earth, even when they are entirely convinced that the physicist is right. When I was a municipal councillor I had to connive at bogus miracles, pretending that tubs of soap and water were as magical as the cauldron of Macbeth's witches, because my constituents believed in magic, not in soap and sunshine. It is useless to parrot the old saying that the blood of the martyrs is the seed of the Church, and expect scientific heretics to die to advertize their heresies rather than recant to save their lives. Descartes, when he burnt his book, knew that its truths would inevitably be rediscovered and become familiar, and that this would only be retarded by his being burnt for publishing them.

As for me I can write safely on the assumption that Galileo and Descartes knew much more about physics than Moses. But I am not therefore free to publish anything I like. Plays of mine have been banned for many years on grounds injuriously defamatory to myself, and at least one of my books is on the index in Eire, apparently because the heroine does not wear petticoats. The disciples of Pavlov would burn me if they had Torquemada's power. But State intolerance is founded, not now on crude fanaticism, but on the fear that if the people discover that the miracles they believe in are either fables or frauds, and that the scriptures they accept as Divine revelations are questionable in any sentence, they will empty the baby out with the bath water, and defy all religion and all morality. And in fact many of them have done so as far as such defiance is practicable, which is not very far, as disbelief in the Bible story of the ten commandments is no defence against being im-

prisoned for theft or hanged for murder.

Now it is hardly possible for men engaged daily in the starkly realistic practice of government, which is full of surprises for simpletons, to share the credulities of the crowd. They soon become arch heretics themselves; and as such they persecute heresy only as long as they believe that, as Ibsen put it, society is held together by chain stitched seams which will ravel out if a single stitch is cut. But they find out that this does not in fact happen. When experience taught them that Voltaire could laugh at Habbakuk and call on them to crush the Church as an infamy without immediately bringing down French civilization about their ears they inferred that their own scepticisms could be tolerated safely, and allowed the laws against them to fall into desuetude, without, however, daring to repeal them. It is fairly safe for me personally to fill my books and plays with heresies, and even be accepted as a world classic on the strength of them, but it is none the less within quite recent historical memory that the vogue of Voltaire and his fellow-heretic Rousseau was followed by the French Revolution, and that Rousseau's "Get rid of your miracles and the whole world will fall at the feet of Christ" has ended in whole States falling at the feet of Pavlov and Hitler.

The moral of this is that heretical teaching must be made irresistibly attractive by fine art if the heretics are not to starve or burn. I have to make my heresies pleasing as plays to extract the necessary shillings from those to whom they are also intensely irritating. Back to Methuselah, having begun its stage career by extracting £2500 from the pocket of Sir Barry Jackson, presently enabled him to extract a surplus of £20 from the pockets of his audiences.

Now the artistic attractions of the Methuselah

cycle must operate in the theatre without explanation; but its heresies can be discussed on paper in prefaces or postscripts. First among them is the evanescence of God Almighty, and His replacement by a creative force striving by trial and error towards a goal of all-knowingness and almighty power over nature. But this aspiring fallibility is either indignantly rejected or personified and deified in an imaginary Supreme Being in the sky if not on earth.

Hence our gods, saviors, prophets, saints, heroes, and the like. It is through such conceits that we are governed and governable, yet only by debunking them can we evolve towards the goal. Most of us don't want to evolve. When God becomes too remote, too awful, and too cruel to be bearable, and we have to invent something more human, and call it Messiah or Christ, or Zoroaster or Buddha, we immediately destroy its humanity by insisting on its superhuman sinless perfection and unerring knowledge and wisdom, so that it becomes as incredible as God was unbearable.

Our villagers, contemplating [the mischief and horror of the Four Years war in 1917, said "Well, I suppose there must be a God, but what is He thinking of to let all this go on?" Now to admit that God can err, or that He is powerless in any particular, is to deprive Him of the attributes that qualify Him as God, but it is a very healthy admission for the strongminded. It increases our sense of responsibility for social welfare, and is radiant with boundless hopes of human betterment. Our will to live depends on hope; for we die of despair, or, as I have called it in the Methuselah cycle, discouragement. What damns Darwinian Natural Selection as a creed is that it takes hope out of evolution, and substitutes a paralysing fatalism which is utterly dis-

couraging As Butler put it, it " banishes Mind from the universe " The generation that felt nothing but exultant relief when it was delivered from the tyranny of an Almighty Busybody by a soulless Determinism has nearly passed away, leaving a vacuum which Nature abhors

Readers of my preface will remember that it was a remark by Weismann that set me on the track of Methuselah He suggested that death is a result of Natural Selection, not " natural " in the ordinary sense, lifetimes varying in duration from the immortality of the eternally splitting amœba to the brief span of the drosophila fly Immortality is natural, death only an artifice to make it bearable as a burden and get rid of its garments of flesh as they wear out The legend of Methuselah is neither incredible nor unscientific Life has lengthened considerably since I was born , and there is no reason why it should not lengthen ten times as much after my death

This possibility came to me when history and experience had convinced me that the social problems raised by millionfold national populations are far beyond the political capacity attainable in three score and ten years of life by slowgrowing mankind On all hands as I write the cry is that our statesmen are too old, and that Leagues of Youth must be formed everywhere to save civilization from them But despairing ancient pioneers tell me that the young are worse than the old , and the truth seems to be that our statesmen are not old enough for their jobs. Life is too short for the experience and development needed to change romantic schoolboys and golfing sportsmen, or even prematurely forced Quakers, into wise senators In the nineteenth century we reacted from an effete feudalism into a Cobden-Croce world in which the love of money is the root of all good, and

freedom of contract and thought man's choicest treasure ("heartbreaking nonsense" Carlyle called it), and are now reacting into either a Marxist world in which the millennium will be guaranteed by a new Catholicism in which the proletarians of all lands are to unite, or an idolatry of imaginary Carlylean heroes and bogus Nietzschean supermen, but we have no sages old enough and wise enough to make a synthesis of these reactions, and to develop the magnetic awe-inspiring force which must replace the policeman's baton* as the instrument of authority. Though I am very far from being as clever and well informed as people think, I am not below the average in political capacity, yet in my 89th year I am no more fit to rule millions of men than a boy of 12. Physically I am failing—my senses, my locomotive powers, my memory, are decaying at a rate which threatens to make a Struldbrug of me if I persist in living, yet my mind still feels capable of growth, for my curiosity is keener than ever. My soul goes marching on, and if the Life Force would give me a body as durable as my mind, and I knew better how to feed and lodge and dress and behave, I might begin a political career as a junior civil servant and evolve into a capable Cabinet minister in another hundred years or so.

The Agnostics and Atheists and Determinist Die-hards who have thrown over the creeds whipped into them in their childhood are surprised and alarmed to see Creative Evolution reviving much that they have discarded as superstitious. For example, the Creative Evolutionist believes firmly in Providence and in what used to be called the will of God. But he also insists strongly on the first of the 39 Articles of the Church of England, which, in a blinding flash of inspiration (it unfortunately did not last long

enough to prevent its contradiction in the following articles) affirms that God has neither body, parts, nor passions, and is therefore not a Person but an incorporeal Purpose, unable to do anything⁴ directly, but mysteriously able to create corporeal organs and agents to accomplish that purpose, which, as far as we can see, is the attainment of infinite wisdom and infinite power. Instead of dwelling morbidly on the quite unedifying and not too interesting inference that in the beginning the earth was a wisp of blazing gas torn off from the sun, the votary of Creative Evolution goes back to the old and very pregnant lesson that in the beginning was the Thought, and the Thought was with God, and the Thought *was* God, the Thought being what the Greeks meant by "the Word". He believes in the thought made flesh as the first step in the main process of Creative Evolution. He believes in a new Jerusalem, and resolves, like Blake, that he will not cease from mental fight nor shall his sword sleep in his hand till he has built that paradise in England's green and pleasant land.

We are only just discovering that there is such a thing as wishful thinking, but the Creative Evolutionist knows that all thinking is wishful, and that we cannot think until our wishes or fears or cupidities or curiosities create what we call attention. I have known this since my childhood, when somebody shewed me that if I held up my two forefingers in a line from my eyes, I could see two of the nearest when I looked at the farthest, or vice versa, because I had on my two retinas two separate images of everything in sight except the thing I wanted to see. Yet I was conscious of them only when I co-ordinated them. Later on, when I threw over my childish belief in the infallibility of the Bible on discovering that much of it is obsolete or wicked, what struck me most was

that the obsolescences and wickednesses had never been hidden from me they had been staring me in the face all the time. I had simply not thought about them. There must have been an evolutionary growth in my mind which directed my attention to them. Attention is the first symptom of thought. John the Evangelist would have worded it so, had he been born a Victorian.

Civilization is at present an imposture we are a crowd of savages on whom a code of makeshift regulations is forced by penalties for breaking them. They are never explained to us. When I was sent to school I was confronted by a new set of rules and made aware that if I broke them I should be punished. As no other reason for obeying them was given to me I concluded naturally that I could break them without the slightest loss of self-respect, and indeed with some pride in my independence and cleverness, as long as I was not found out. My hero in fiction was the rebel, not the goodygoody citizen, whom I despised. This attitude became a habit which I have never been able to shake off quite completely. Yet it would have been easy without overstraining my childish powers of comprehension to make me understand that people cannot live together, and be fed, clothed, lodged, and protected from robbery and murder, unless they agree to do certain things at the same moments in the same order, and meanwhile abstain from doing certain other things however tempting. In short, that social behavior is expected behavior, and that to behave unexpectedly, to be original as we call it, though without this eccentricity there can be no improvement, is to assume a dangerous responsibility. A child must begin as a Conservative, and learn later that though it must tolerate change it must do so very critically. That is to say it must be an intelligent and voluntary

Conservative and not merely a dunderhead with a stock of dictated habits When I associated with other boys in secret gangs it was to do mischief for the fun of it, to wreck and steal and circumvent law and order, to emulate Dick Turpin and Jack Sheppard, and generally to defy the commandments and do whatever our teachers and the police told us we must not do If we had had even the simplest lessons in citizenship we should, like the Boy Scouts and Girl Guides of a later time, have conspired to do good instead of evil No doubt we should also have played at the cruelties of the criminal law, for children, who like exercising authority as their elders do, will, if not carefully policed, do diabolical things to one-another in imitation of the vindictive side of law and parental authority To remedy this we must reform the law and re-educate the parents

All this faces us with the dilemma that civilization means stabilization, and creative evolution means change As the two must operate together we must carefully define their spheres, and co-ordinate them instead of quarrelling and persecuting as we do at present We must not stay as we are, doing always what was done last time, or we shall stick in the mud Yet neither must we undertake a new world as catastrophic Utopians, and wreck our civilization in our hurry to mend it Professional science must cease to mean the nonsense of Weismann and the atrocities of Pavlov, in which life is a purposeless series of accidents and reflexes, and logic only a thoughtless association of ideas Still less must it mean mere erudition in the scriptures of the saints, prophets, and metaphysicians from Augustin and Aquinas to Butler and Bergson and Shaw It must renounce magic and yet accept miracle; for as biology is still in the metaphysical stage (all its new

knowledge of chromosomes and hormones only substitutes millions of miracles for the single mystery formerly called the soul or the breath of life), and as physics, in spite of its miraculous electrons and its abolition of matter, is nearer to the positive stage, the metaphysicians and artist-philosophers must co-operate with the astronomers and physiologists in separate but friendly and at the edges overlapping departments of social service. Both are trying to see a little farther into the dark, and whether the electronic microscope or the philosopher's brain has pierced it farthest is not worth quarrelling about, for the darkness beyond still forces us to tolerate both microscopic revelation and metaphysical speculation with all its guesses and hypotheses and dramatizations of how far thought can reach. We must have a hypothesis as a frame of reference before we can reason, and Creative Evolution, though the best we can devise so far, is basically as hypothetical and provisional as any of the creeds.

The history of modern thought now teaches us that when we are forced to give up the creeds by their childishness and their conflicts with science we must either embrace Creative Evolution or fall into the bottomless pit of an utterly discouraging pessimism. This happened in dateless antiquity to Ecclesiastes the preacher, and in our own era to Shakespear and Swift "George Eliot" (Marian Evans) who, incredible as it now seems, was during my boyhood ranked in literature as England's greatest mind, was broken by the fatalism that ensued when she discarded God. In her most famous novel *Middlemarch*, which I read in my teens and almost venerated, there is not a ray of hope—the characters have no more volition than billiard balls—they are moved only by circumstances and heredity. "As flies to wanton

boys are we to the gods . they kill us for their sport " was Shakespear's anticipation of George Eliot Had Swift seen men as creatures evolving towards godhead he would not have been discouraged into the absurdity of describing them as irredeemable Yahoos enslaved by a government of horses ruling them by sheer moral superiority Even Ibsen, though his characters, like Shakespear's, reek with volition, perpetrated a tragedy called Ghosts, in which an omnipotent god is discarded for an inevitable syphilis One of the masters of comedy among my playwright colleagues drowned himself because he thought he was going his father's way like Oswald Alving Even a mind so keen and powerful as that of Dr Inge has been troubled by the notion that Life cannot survive extremes of temperature, nor reach inconceivable heights long after the cooling of the sun makes a good riddance of Yahoo mankind (The sun, by the way, is getting hotter by the latest guesses) Discouragement does in fact mean death ; and it is better to cling to the hoariest of the savage old creator-idols, however diabolically vindictive, than to abandon all hope in a world of "angry apes", and perish in despair like Shakespear's Timon Goethe rescued us from this horror with his "Eternal Feminine that draws us forward and upward" which was the first modern manifesto of the mysterious force in creative evolution

That is what made Faust a world classic If it does not do the same for this attempt of mine, throw the book into the fire , for Back to Methuselah is a world classic or it is nothing.

Ayot Saint Lawrence

1944

